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SPAERS: SIMULATION FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF AIRCRAFT ENGINE REPAIR SYSTEMS

CORNELL UNIVERSITY, ITHACA, NEW YORK

May 1976

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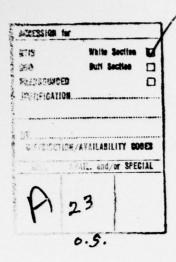
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Master of Engineering Report

May 1975

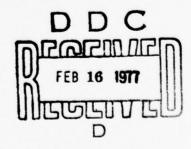
SIMULATION FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF AIRCRAFT ENGINE REPAIR SYSTEMS

by

Henry S. Givray and Robert A. Slon

Prepared for Naval Weapons Engineering Support Activity, Weapons Systems Analysis Department (ESA-19), Washington Navy Yard, Washington, D.C. 20374, Task NR 042-335.

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May 28, 1976

Dr. James Matthesen Naval Weapons Engineering Support Activity Weapons Systems Analysis Department (ESA-19) Washington Navy Yard Washington, D. C. 20374

Dear Dr. Matthesen:

It is our pleasure to submit this report and documentation on the Simulation for the Performance of Aircraft Engine Repair Systems (SPAERS) to you. It was designed, and fully meets the requirements for the degree of Masters of Engineering at the School of Operations Research and Industrial Engineering at Cornell University.

We trust that it will be of service to you and your staff in verifying and comparing Naval aircraft engine repair system configurations.

Sincerely,

Henry S. Givray

Henry S. Juliay Robert A. Slon Robert a Slon

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The allocation of spare aircraft engines is critical to the U.S. Naval aircraft operation's performance. An aircraft in this system becomes inoperative in the event of an engine failure and remains in that state until it is replaced by a serviceable engine. An engine is removed upon failure and subsequently is recovered by repairing it at the location's repair facilities or elsewhere. However, the availability of a spare engine at the location could

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state due to engine repair time.

Analytical models have been developed by the DOD to calculate apare engine requirements throughout the system. The models require assumptions be made about certain parts of the system. One important assumption is that carriers are assumed to be continuously connected to the repair system. This assumption ignores the fact that in reality their only connection to the repair system is at a port. The implication is that under this assumption, carriers may swap a failed engine for a serviceable one at any time, directly with the repair location.

In the real situations, carriers perform this trade using the port as an intermediary and only at its time of its docking. The effect is that in reality, ports see more engines in their stock than they do in analytical models. If the port supports a flying activity at that location, the additional engine availability increases its flying performance and may decrease that of the carriers.

A Simulation for the Performance of Aircraft Engine Repair System (SPAERS) was developed to simulate different configurations of an aircraft repair system. The analysis section of this report shows a comparison between the two situations described above, namely the analytical rendering of the repair system, and a situation more closely resembling the real system dynamics.

To a significant level (.05), differences in the performance criterion* were detected between the two configurations of the same system at the port which supported flying activity, and on one of the

more active carriers.

Further study of similar repair systems should be made to support more general statements and observations concerning the relations of carriers and ports to the entire system.

It was shown, however, that SPAERS can be used as a tool for verifying the performance predicted by analytical models for selected repair systems, and enables thier subsequent statistical comparison.

^{*}Criterion is defined as: average down aircraft at a base divided by number of aircraft at that base. A down aircraft is defined as an aircraft unable to 'fly' due to the failure of one of its engines

SPAERS

Simulation
for the
Performance
of
Aircraft Engine
Repair Systems

Henry S. Givray

Robert A. Slon

Masters of Engineering Project Report

Cornell University, School of Operations Research & Industrial Engineering

May 28, 1976

prepared

for

Naval Weapons Engineering Support Activity
Weapons Systems Analysis Department (ESA-19)
Washington Navy Yard
Washington, D.C. 20374

PREFACE

In any system where the availability of physical components determines the operational quality of the system, inventory management plays a key role. The United States Navy's aircraft operation is an example of this situation. The physical components in this case are aircraft engines, and the operational quality of the system is measured by aircraft readiness. Here the components fail over time and can be subsequently recovered through the repair system. A failed engine renders an aircraft inoperative until a serviceable engine becomes available as a replacement. When a demand for an engine is not met, it is said to be back-ordered and met at a later date. To compensate for the time associated with repairing an engine, spare engines are pre-positioned at various locations. These locations which support repair, supply, and flying activity are called bases.

The Department of Defense presently uses a method, described in DODI 4230.4 [1], to establish spare engine stock levels for each base. The method's objective is to stock each base so that the base has outstanding backorders for only a small proportion of time.

The DODI 4230.4 method of establishing spare stock levels at a particular base does not consider an important

system interaction. In particular, it does not account for the manner in which resupply times may vary with the spare stock levels at resupply bases.

Consequently, a model called NAVMET [2] was developed which explicitly considers the effect of stocking inventory at one location on the availability of engines at other locations. NAVMET's objective is to optimize the quantity and allocation of spare engine with respect to a constraint on average down aircraft. It is applied in the environment of the Navy's multi-echelon repair system.

The dynamic nature of the Navy's repair system, particularly the aircraft carriers' relation to the system have raised some questions concerning both models' assumptions about the demand process. These questions, which will be developed more fully in this report, formed the basis for a Masters of Engineering at Cornell University. The project involves modelling the dynamics of the actual system by means of a digital computer simulation. The simulation will be used to study the effect of an assumption made in the analytic models regarding carrier operations on expected system performance.

This simulation, called SPAERS (Simulation for the Performance of Aircraft Engine Repair Systems), was developed for the Naval Weapons Engineering Support Activity (ESA-19). It was designed as a tool for observing the long run performance of a repair system given its system parameters.

SPAERS input may be adjusted to simulate the environment in either the configuration assumed by the analytical models, or the one which more closely resembles the real system. This will enable a comparison of the system's performance to be made between the two modes of operation, given the same spare engine stock levels.

The authors wish to thank the faculty and members of the School of Operations Research and Industrial Engineering at Cornell University for their valuable consultation. In particular: Professors John Muckstadt, William Maxwell and Thomas Santner; and Dr. James Matthesen and Mr. William Booth of the Naval Weapons Engineering Support Activity.

H.S.G. and R.A.S.

ABSTRACT

The allocation of spare aircraft engines is critical to the U.S. Naval aircraft operation's performance. An aircraft in this system becomes inoperative in the event of an engine failure and remains in that state until it is replaced by a serviceable engine. An engine is removed upon failure and subsequently is recovered by repairing it at the location's repair facilities or elsewhere. However, the availability of a spare engine at the location could reduce the amount of time which an aircraft spent in an inoperative state due to engine repair time.

Analytical models have been developed by the DOD to calculate spare engine requirements throughout the system. The models require assumptions be made about certain parts of the system. One important assumption is that carriers are assumed to be continuously connected to the repair system. This assumption ignores the fact that in reality their only connection to the repair system is at a port. The implication is that under this assumption, carriers may swap a failed engine for a serviceable one at any time, directly with the repair location.

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To a significant level (.05), differences in the performance criterion* were detected between the two configurations of the same system at the port which supported flying activity, and on one of the more active carriers.

Further study of similar repair systems should be made to support more general statements and observations concerning the relations of carriers and ports to the entire system.

It was shown, however, that SPAERS can be used as a tool for verifying the performance predicted by analytical

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INTRODUCTION

United States Naval aircraft operations depend on the quantity and distribution of spare aircraft engines throughout its aircraft engine repair systems. As aircraft fail over time, the failed engines are subsequently recovered by the repair system. Aircraft down time due to repair system lead times can be reduced by allocating spare engines to particular system locations (bases). An engine failure is considered a demand upon the system which can only be satisfied by a serviceable engine. If a demand cannot be satisfied immediately, it is backordered and filled as soon as possible.

One method of spare engine allocation presently used by the Navy is described in the Department of Defense Instruction 4230.4 [1]. Its objective is to stock each base for a small proportion of time. This method, however, ignores the effect of the spare engine supply levels on resupply times.

NAVMET [2] takes stock dependent resupply times into consideration. Its objective is to maintain the expected number of backorders to flying activity at specified minimal levels. NAVMET produces an optimal solution to the problem

of allocating quantities of spare engines within the Navy's four echelon repair systems with respect to a constraint on average time weighted downed aircraft.

The system dynamics, particularly those involving aircraft carriers, present some reasonable doubt as to the validity of the demand process that is assumed for carriers in both of these models.

The following report presents the development of a computer simulation model, called SPAERS (Simulation for the Performance of Aircraft Engine Repair Systems), which serves to statistically compare the actual operation of the repair system with the manner in which it is assumed to operate by the analytical models. The purpose of this report is to present the system characteristics which are relevant to model formulation, a discussion of the analytical methods for establishing stock levels in the system, and the motivation for a computer simulation of the system. As SPAERS will be used by the Naval Weapons Engineering Support Activity, as a selective verification procedure for predicted system performance, the manner in which the simulation treats the real system is discussed in detail. cussion includes the simulation's initial conditions, model assumptions, and user availabilities.

Analysis includes the results of a specific system simulation. Stock levels were computed for the system using the DODI calculation, and two runs were performed. One

operated the system in the manner which is assumed by the model, and the second run operated the system using the actual system dynamics. Finally, some observations were made concerning the role of the port in computation of stock levels.

RELEVANT SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS

In order to aid the discussion of the repair system in later sections of this report, some features of the aircraft engine repair environment which are important and often assumed by a mathematical formulation will be described.

A base is defined as a location where supply, repair, or flying activity occurs. The base's flying activity generates failed engines which are sent to the repair function. If the repair function at this base does not have the facilities to perform the repair required, the engine is sent to another repair base in exchange for a serviceable (operational) engine.

Engines which complete repair at a base become part of the base's serviceable stock supply. The supply function is responsible for maintaining the flying activity at its own base. In addition, it must exchange a serviceable engine for a failure which is sent to its own location for repair (see figure 1).

The base repair facility's ability to deal with failures depends on the sophistication of its repair equipment. A base is identified by the most complex repair

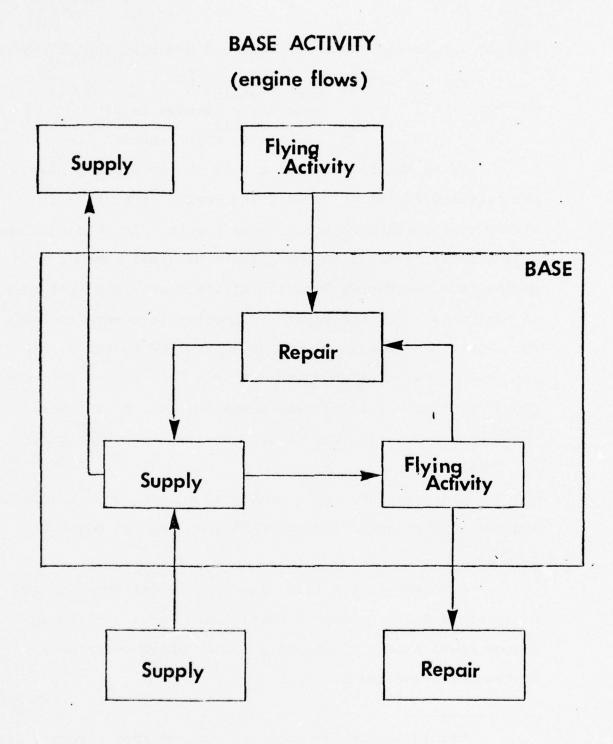


Figure 1

that it can accomplish. Five degrees describe engine repair:

4° no repair

3° minor repair

2° moderately complex repair

lo major repair

0° overhaul*; major repair

If an engine fails at a base which cannot perform the required degree of repair, the engine is sent to a higher echelon (lower degree) repair base. In this case the flying activity at which the failure occurred demands an engine from the supply function at its base. The fact that an engine was sent for repair to another base requires that the repair base return a serviceable engine to the supply at the base which experienced the failure (see figure 2). The repair system is fixed in the sense that all j° failures which occur at base I are always repaired at a base K for all I and I**.

A supply function's inability to meet any demands is registered as a backorder and filled as soon as possible.

A repair system (see figure 3) is defined as a set of bases having a common 0° repair base for a particular engine model type. The types of bases which comprise a system are described as follows.

^{*}Periodically, engines are removed from aircraft for scheduled overhaul even though they have not failed.

^{**}Occasionally, in the real system, a 2° failure occurring at a 2° repair base will be sent to a 1° repair base. A similar situation occurs with 1° failures and overhaul locations.

DEMANDS

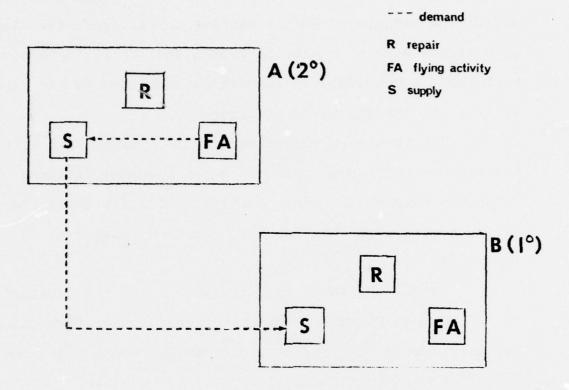


Figure 2

In the above figure, base \underline{A} is a 2° repair base and \underline{B} is a 1° base. Suppose the flying activity at \underline{A} has experienced a 1° failure. Thus \underline{A} 's repair facility cannot repair the engine, and it must be sent to \underline{B} . The two demands which occur are: 1) Flying activity on Supply Function at \underline{A} , and 2) Supply Function at \underline{A} on Supply Function at \underline{B} .

1) A carrier has its own "on board" supply function and flying activity. When a carrier is deployed, its link with higher echelon repair is broken and its flying activity performs. A non-deployed carrier is connected to the repair system, but its flying is inactive.

Due to the carrier's particular relationship with the rest of the repair system, on-board engine failures which the carrier is unable to repair will not enter the repair system until the carrier becomes non-deployed (docked)*.

During the dock time, the port sends the carrier's failed engines to their respective repair bases in exchange for serviceable engines. If some carrier demands are not satisfied durings its docking, they are backordered at the port.

- 2) A port has full responsibility for supplying carriers before they are deployed. A port may have any number of carriers to service, but a carrier is always serviced by one port. The port may also support its own flying activity.
- 3) The depot performs overhauls (0° repair) for the system and does not generally support its own flying activity.

The "pipeline" describes the connections between bases or intra-base functions and is measured in time durations. Engines may be said to flow through the pipeline

^{*}In special cases in the acutal system, a serviceable engine may be delivered to a carrier while it is deployed.

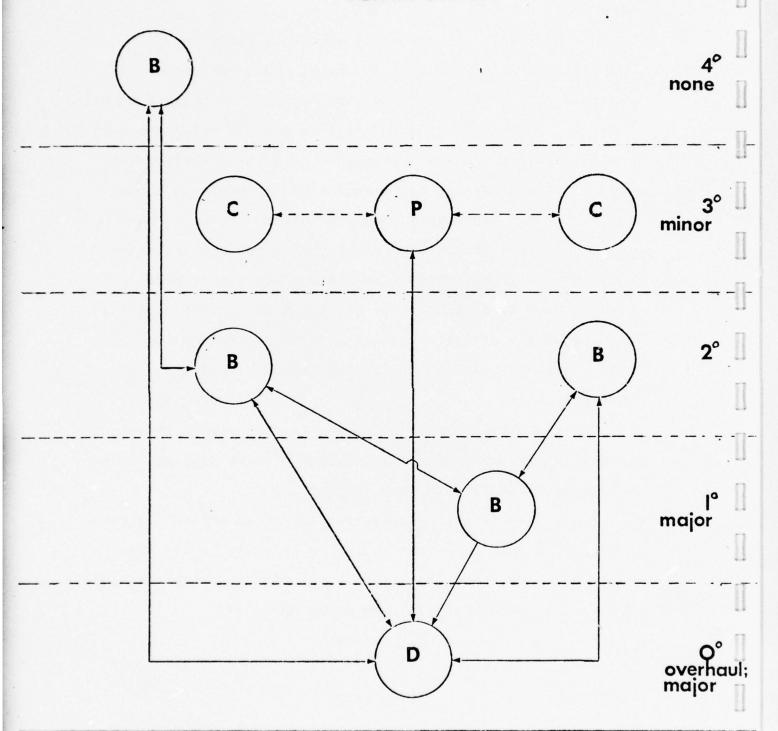
at a constant rate.

A "twisted pipeline" is used to explain the connection between carriers and port. When the carrier is deployed, its pipeline to the port is cut off, or in a sense, "twisted" so that the flow of engines may not reach the port until the carrier docks. It may be noted here that present models for determining spare engine requirements at a base ignore the twisted pipeline configuration. Rather, they assume a fixed, continuous resupply time for a carrier (as if it were a ground base). The term, "continuous pipeline" will be used to designate the treatment of carrier activity assumed by the analytical models. (The motivation for this study is the validation of the continuous pipeline assumptions.)

Resupply time is defined to be the average amount of time which it takes for a failed engine to be replaced by a serviceable one at each base.

A base is said to have custody of an engine, in the sense of ownership, if the engine is en route to the base, or in the base's repair or supply activity. Only serviceable engines may be used to satisfy a demand.

REPAIR SYSTEM



B-base

· D-depot

C - carrier

P-port

III

SYSTEM PARAMETERS

The previous section described system activity which is relevant to mathematical formulation. This section will explain the parameters which describe the repair system operation.

One engine model type is a necessary constraint in defining a system. Relevant flying activity, then, consists of those aircraft types having the system engine. These aircraft are considered a base's permanent property.

The combination code describes the aircraft type's use of the system engine. It is associated with failure rates and the probability of j° failure for the system engine where j=0, 1, 2, 3.

The various rates, probabilities and times which are used as parameters for the system can be found in computer output from the U. S. Navy's PASER*. The system "geography" is described by a matrix \underline{N} where n_{ij} is the base number to which a \underline{j} degree failure is sent given that it occurs at base \underline{i} . \underline{N} is easily derived from the PASER data.

^{*}Projection of Aircraft Spare Engine Requirements is a set of computer software used by the U. S. Navy for computing Spare Engine Requirements.

A specific flying rate (in hours per month) is assigned to aircraft types at a base. Any number of aircraft types and numbers of that aircraft type may be found at a base. A daily flying rate is assumed to be 1/30 of the flying hours per month.

Travel time from base \underline{I} to base \underline{J} is assumed to be constant as are repair times for a given failure degree regardless of where that repair takes place.

The discrete probability distributions describing the probability of a j° failure are available from the same PASER computer records as are mean times between removal for a given combination code.

Other system inputs include the number of engines per aircraft (UPA) and the desired performance criterion. The criterion will be defined by the average time weighted downed aircraft which are due to engine failures divided by the total number of aircraft which utilize the system engine at that base.

BACKGROUND

The system described in the previous section operates for the purpose of maintaining flying activity. Measures which indicate the system's effectiveness are in number of down aircraft at any point in time and in the durations of inoperative aircraft. Other measures of effectiveness would be described by a supply function's ability to meet demand, and the numbers and durations of its backorders.

An obvious limitation on the performance of a supply system is the number of spare engines that are in the system to compensate for repair and travel times which are involved in recovering engines. At the same time, it is equally important that spare engines are located at the "correct" supply function in order to achieve acceptable levels of flying performance.

This section will describe some of the performance measures and explain two models that are used by the Department of Defense to allocate the appropriate number of spare engines in an attempt to optimize using these criterion measures. Furthermore, the need for a simulation model to statistically verify some of the assumptions made by the DOD

models will be demonstrated.

Measures of Performance

The ready rate may be defined by the probability that there are less than \underline{S} units in resupply at a base where S is a decision variable.

RR =
$$\sum_{x=0}^{S} p(x | \lambda T),$$

where $p(x | \lambda T)$ is the probability of having \underline{x} units in resupply.

The major assumption here is that demands follow a Poisson distribution with rate λT , where λ = daily failure rate and T = average resupply time. Resupply at a base is defined to be physical, on-hand engines plus the number of engines in base repair plus serviceable stock from other bases, less backorders.

Fill rate is the proportion of demands that can be filled immediately, or the probability that S - l units are in resupply

$$FR = \sum_{x=0}^{S-1} p(x | \lambda T)$$

Again the demand process is assumed to be Poisson.

Although these measures are used extensively by the DOD to compute requirements, they do not reflect system performance in a complete sense. Neither the number nor the duration of backorders can be inferred from these measurements.

A more suitable measurement for both planning and

evaluation purposes is a base's time-weighted average backorders, measured in backorder-days per day. A mathematical rendering of this measurement is given by:

$$B(S) = \sum_{x=S+1}^{\infty} (x-S)p(x|\lambda T)$$

where \underline{S} is the on-hand stock at the repair base. The measure has relevance only at bases with flying activity. Therefore, a non-flying base would not calculate a backorder criterion. Its stock, however, effects the performance of the flying bases it resupplies.

This criterion can be normalized over all bases by dividing it by the total aircraft at the base. Note that a convenient aspect of this measurement is its convexity in \underline{S} , given \underline{T} , making it a reasonable objective in optimization models.

Spare Stock Level Determination

Given the above performance measures and the Poisson demand assumption, the Department of Defense rationale for supplying safety stock can be illustrated. First, the parameters λ and \underline{T} are approximated. Daily Demand Rate (λ) for engines at a base can be approximated by multiplying average flying hours per month by the number of aircraft at the base, by the failure rate per engine times the average number of engines per aircraft at the base. This quantity is in terms of engine failures per day. The average resupply

time \underline{T} is derived by multiplying the probability of a j° failure at a base by the \underline{J} travel time to the j° repair base and summing over all \underline{J} plus the repair time at base \underline{A} times the probability of repair at base \underline{A} (see figure 4). By using the desired ready rate criterion of α , the safety stock level \underline{S} can be calculated for the base \underline{A} by solving

$$\sum_{x=0}^{S_A} p(x | \lambda_A^T_A) \ge \alpha$$

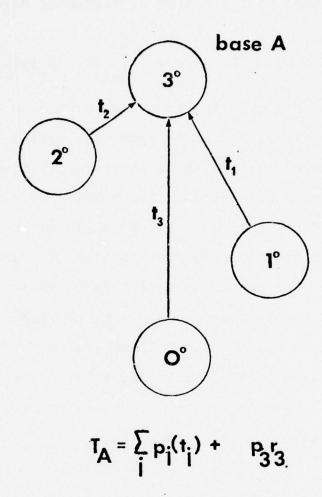
This, in fact, is the method used by the Department of Defense.

It becomes clear, that for any value of α , \underline{S} is fixed, and the other performance measures are implicitly determined.

The difficulty with determining an \underline{S} (spare stock level) using the method above lies in the fact that the average resupply time \underline{T} is not truly represented. Clearly, if the j° repair base had some on-hand stock, resupply time from a j° repair base could be shortened by the time it takes to repair an engine. That is, instead of incurring a delay due to repair time, an engine could be sent off immediately. In a probabilistic sense, this delay would vary with the amount of spare stock which the repair base had. \underline{T}_{Δ} might now be represented as

$$T_{A} = \sum_{j=0}^{3} p_{j}(t_{j} + H(S_{j}))$$

where S_{j} is the amount of safety stock at base j. $H(S_{j})$ can



p_j = p{j⁰ failure}

r_j = repair time for a j⁰ failure

t_j = travel time to base A from j⁰ repair base

be defined as the number of backorder days per demand such that.

$$H(S_j) = \frac{1}{\lambda} \sum_{x=S+1}^{\infty} (x - S_j) p(x | \lambda T_j)$$

where $\lambda = \sum_{i=1}^{n} p_{i,i}^{-1}$ or the system demand on the repair base.

Thus, it can be seen that system interdependence is considered by describing the resupply time as a function of the repair base stock. The NAVMET [2] model employs the above function and develops an algorithm for determining the optimal quantity and distribution of spare aircraft engines.

The application of this model to a four echelon system involves a dynamic approach whereby subproblems which segregate bases into j° "families" are solved. Full exposition of the algorithm is beyond the scope of this report. The interested reader is referred to Naval Publication R-7511 (NAVMET)[2].

The optimality of a solution obtained from the NAVMET algorithm requires the validation of some assumptions about the system. One which requires discussion at this point, and serves as the motivation for this investigation concerns the continuous pipeline.

Recall that in the actual system, aircraft carriers leave port, and for all practical purposes, are not in contact with the repair system for the duration of their deployment. In this way, the repair pipeline is paid to be twisted.

The NAVMET and the DODI 4230.4 approach, both assume

that carriers resemble ground bases and are always connected to the repair system with a fixed resupply time. Carrier resupply times are approximated by the average resupply time which they would experience in the actual, twisted pipeline situation.

Clearly, the surges and lags which the twisted pipeline carriers impose upon the repair system cast aspersious on the ability of the Poisson process to describe the demand process. Since the description of the demand process is crucial to finding an optimal solution to the allocation problem, it is desirable to note the conditions under which the continuous pipeline is a valid approximation to the twisted pipeline.

The question, then, is one of degree. On the basis of performance measures, especially the backorder criterion, how closely does the continuous pipeline configuration resemble the twisted pipeline? Other questions might be posed: What parts of a repair system feel the effect of a twisted pipeline? If any, what relationships do carriers' continuous pipeline performance have with its demand rate and deployment schedules in the twisted pipeline?

The dynamics of a twisted pipeline renders it too complex to model analytically. A digital computer simulation seemed to provide the most convenient approach to an effective comparison. SPAERS or the Simulation for the Performance of Aircraft Engine Repair Systems was developed

to statistically compare performance of a twisted pipeline configuration with that of the continuous. In addition, the NAVMET performance predictions could also be compared with those of SPAERS.

SPAERS

In the previous section the present methodology for determining spare aircraft engines was discussed. It was pointed out that a procedure that would test the validity of the analytical models was needed. Furthermore, it was determined that a simulation approach could adequately accomplish this task.

The SPAERS model is designed to examine the performance of the "optimal" spare stock levels determined by the analytical model, NAVMET, under dynamic conditions.

In this section the SPAERS model is discussed. First the underlying assumptions and initial conditions of the model are outlined. SPAERS options and capabilities along with SPAERS data output are briefly described next. The model's breakdown of the real-world system in terms of entities (objects of the system), their attributes (characteristics of the entities) and events (changes in the state of a system entity) is provided at the end of the section.

A detailed description of the construction and functioning characteristics of the model may be found in Appendix A. User instructions for operation are provided in Appendix B.

A. Assumptions

Some assumptions were made in SPAERS regarding the following entities:

Engines/Aircraft

SPAERS assumes that engines are not removed from one inoperative aircraft to put another aircraft up (no cannibalization). Only serviceable engines removed from stock may be used in this capacity. Nor is any distinction made between engines in stock in terms of their life or age. The choice of which engine services which aircraft is totally random in that a failure time is generated only after installation. Engines which are servicing aircraft with same combination codes will deteriorate at the same rate (flying hours between removals). Likewise, two engines on the same aircraft will deteriorate at the same rate.

The engine failure (demand) process is assumed to be a Poisson process, implying exponential failure times.* A Poisson process also supports other basic assumptions, namely, that engines will be found uniformly distributed throughout system pipelines. Secondly, the memoryless property of the exponential distribution allows failure times to be generated according to the same distribution regardless of the engine's past experience.

^{*}NAVMET argues against Poisson demands because of the uncertainty in predicting the demand rate.

Repair times and travel times between bases are assumed to be constant. This serves to reduce the system variance and improve the statistical accuracy of the performance measures.

Average repair times were interpreted to include the waiting time which an engine would experience in the repair function. For this reason, the repair function is assumed to have an infinite number of repair facilities and processing times will include average waiting times.

The discipline for filling backorders at a base is first in first out. At bases which are not ports, no engine may be in stock while a backorder exists at that base.

Aircraft flying rates are given in flying hours per month for a given aircraft at a given base. In determining a failure date, SPAERS assumes this flying rate to be uniformly distributed throughout the month.

Carriers

The repair system is described as a tree in which all failures of type <u>j</u> occuring at base <u>i</u> are always repaired at the same base. In the case of a port which supports no flying or repair activity, the same relationship holds as if the carrier failures occurred at the port. That is to say, that jth degree failures which are delivered to the port from any carrier are sent to the same repair base.

The fact that a carrier's flying activity is only active during deployment supports the following assumptions.

- 1) No failures can occur during a carrier's port time.
- 2) Statistical observations are made on a carrier only during deployment. (Backorders or other system conditions do not affect carrier's performance during its docking.)

Although a carrier's flying activity is dormant in port, its repair function is not. It is not unlikely, then for an engine to become available on board a carrier through the efforts of the on-board repair function. All other resupply, however, is accomplished by the port concurrent with the time of deployment. No resupply, external to that of the carrier's own, can be performed during its deployment.

Engines on board a docked carrier cannot be used by the port to supply an out going carrier, nor can it use those engines for its own flying activity.

SPAERS incorporates some variability in a carrier's port/deployment schedule by using the normal distribution. It was believed that a fixed, non-varying carrier schedule would make the demand process too regular. No information is readily available on carrier schedules except, perhaps, for average port or deployment times. So the intuitive appeal in using the normal distribution to vary the schedule lies in the ability to control the mean and variance according to the information available, without introducing any special assumptions about the particulars of the scheduling activity.*

^{*}The ability to use fixed schedules is available. (See Appendix B on user availability.)

SPAERS event scheduling introduces some assumptions concerning the repair system in the chance that two events may occur simultaneously in the simulation. The event priority is as follows:

- 1) Engine becomes available.
- 2) An aircraft fails.
- 3) A carrier will dock or deploy.
- 4) A sampling event occurs.

Engine availability is executed first to avoid the unnecessary deactivation of an aircraft or the deployment of an under-stocked carrier.

An aircraft is allowed to fail before a carrier docks to avoid the event that an engine fails on board a docked carrier.

The sampling activity is considered last so that all pending events may occur before the system statistics are calculated.

Simultaneity of events is a rare event, both in SPAERS and in reality, but this priority rationale prevents any difficulty in executing the simulation events.

B. Initial Conditions

As in many simulation studies, SPAERS is concerned with investigating the 'long run' or 'equilibrium' behavior of the system. Unfortunately, a simulation model must be started and stopped. Because of the factitiousness introduced

by the abrupt beginning of a simulation run, the performance of the simulated system does not become representative of the corresponding real-world system until it has essentially reached a "steady-state"* condition. Thus, we must be concerned with the problem of how to obtain data that are relevant for predicting the 'steady-state' behavior of the real system. In other words, we would like to observe data from a system operating under 'chance causes'--random variation, and not a system whose underlying probabilistic behavior is dependent on initial conditions.

There are two traditional ways of dealing with the 'initial conditions' problem:

- Run the simulation model for some time without
 collecting data until the simulated system has
 "essentially" reached a state representative of
 steady-state conditions. This time is usually
 referred to as a 'run-in' or 'stabilization' period.
- Start system in a state as representative of steadystate conditions as possible to minimize the required length of the 'run-in' period.

It is difficult to estimate how long this 'run-in' period needs to be. Furthermore, some data are not available to fully start the system in a state representative of

^{*}The term "steady-state" has the probability theory definition of describing the state of a system as having reached a limiting equilibrium probabilistic behavior, independent of time.

steady-state conditions.

The authors have included in SPAERS a hueristic method for calculating a 'run-in' period. Also, some knowledge is known about the system to accurately initialize portions of the system state sufficiently close to steady-state conditions. They are discussed below.

Initial States of Certain Entities:

· Aircraft #i, i = 1, 2, · · ·, total number of aircraft. Since no data are available on how many aircraft on the average are down at any particular base, all aircraft are initialized as being "operative." This means the down aircraft queue is empty and the failtime queue is full. Thus, initially SPAERS calculates the life of each engine on aircraft i. The previous history of an engine need not be considered since the exponential distribution has the memoryless property.

A failure time must also be computed for aircraft \underline{i} .

• Base #i, $i = 1, 2, \cdot \cdot \cdot$, total number of bases.

Since all aircraft are initialized as being in an 'operative' state, the number of backorders and the number of down aircraft at base <u>i</u> are both equal to zero. Furthermore, the stock level at base <u>i</u> equals the number of spare engines belonging to base <u>i</u>.

There are two components of base \underline{i} stock:

(1) Safety stock

(2) Pipeline stock

Both of these quantities are either computed in the initialization using the 'DOD requirements' method or are data inputs (user option--see Appendix B). The on-hand stock level of base <u>i</u> is initialized to equal the safety stock. Each engine of pipeline stock, on the other hand, is initialized uniformly in base <u>i</u>'s pipeline. Thus, by scheduling the availability of these engines to base <u>i</u> in the future, we are closer to attaining steady-state conditions; that is, in the real system you expect to observe a certain number of engines in base <u>i</u>'s pipeline (resupply) and rarely will all engines exist as on-hand stock.

• Carrier #1, i = 1, 2, · · ·, total number of carriers

The state of carrier <u>i</u> (deployment or docked) is randomly determined with Probability {STATE(i) = 'AT SEA'} = mean time at sea/(mean time at sea + mean time at port) and Probability {STATE(i) = 'AT PORT'} = 1 - Probability {STATE(i) = 'AT SEA'}.

The time of next state change of carrier <u>i</u> is initialized at a fraction of its first schedule time. This schedule time may be deterministic or probabilistic (user option--see Appendix B).

Thus,

Time of next deployment = U · first deployment time

if STATE(i) = 'AT PORT'

or

1

Time of next docking = U · first docking time, if STATE(i) = 'AT SEA'

where \underline{U} is (0, 1) uniformly distributed random variable.

RUN-In period:

At any point in time an engine may exist as on-hand stock, pipeline stock or as an operating unit on an aircraft. The spare engines have appropriately been classified and located in the system accordingly as an attempt to achieve steady-state conditions. Due to the lack of information, we were forced to initialize the remaining engines in the system as 'operating units on aircrafts.' To alleviate this artificial condition, it seems intuitively appealing to allow all these engines to fail at least once before any collection of system data. By allowing all engines in the system to exist as on-hand or pipeline stock or as operating units, the system has come one step closer to achieving steady-state conditions.

Specifically, the run-in period is computed by:

- (1) Calculating the average time it takes for all 'operating' engines to fail at base <u>i</u>.
- (2) Obtaining the maximum time over all 'flying' bases.
- (3) Advancing the calculation to the nearest whole day.

It should be noted that during SPAERS initialization a report of system parameters and spare stock levels is printed.

C. SPAERS Options and Availabilities

Variations of system parameters accomplished through data input provide the user the opportunity to study a system's performance and sensitivity under different conditions.

Some examples are:

- Twisted vs. Continuous Pipeline Configurations
- Probabilistic vs. Deterministic Carrier Deployment and Dock Times
- If probabilistic carrier times are employed, then the effect of high variance or instability may be studied.
- The effects of over or under stocking various bases may be examined.
- DODI-4230.4 [1] calculated spare stock levels with some confidence level vs. user data input spare stock levels.
- Effects of including (excluding) a port which maintains neither a flying nor a maintenance activity.

For a detailed discussion on these and other SPAERS availabilities the reader should refer to Appendix B.

D. Data Output

At the termination of the simulation, SPAERS reports statistical measures which summarize base performance activity during the simulation run.

Measures such as the ready rate, fill rate, average on-hand stock, average backorders, average down aircraft, average backorder time, average down aircraft time along with non-zero distribution values of net inventory (on-hand stock—backorders) and down aircraft are printed for each base. Furthermore, the sample mean and standard deviation of the mean along with a confidence interval of the criterion (average down aircraft/total number of aircraft) for each base are provided.

Finally, two measures of system criterion are reported to the user. A detailed discussion of the meaning and implications of these measures is provided in Appendix C.

E. SPAERS System Breakdown

Entities and their Attributes

Entity:

Attribute:

(1) System--

- · Engine Model Type
- · Total number of bases
- · Total number of carriers
- · Total number of aircraft
- · Total number of aircraft types

Entity:

Attribute:

(ii) Engine Model Type--

- · Name
- Total number of 'combination codes'
- Repair time for each degree of failure

(iii) Base--

- · Name
- · Assigned 'base' number
- Assigned 'carrier' number ('0'
 if ground base)
- On-hand stock level at any point in time
- Number of backorders at any point in time
- Total number of backorders up to any point in time
- Number of down aircraft at any point in time
- Total number of down aircraft
 up to any point in time
- · Number of aircraft types
- · Number of aircraft of each type
- · Total number of aircraft
- · Total number of engines

Entity:

Attribute:

- Travel time to every base in system
- Base at which an engine will
 be repaired when failure
 degree i occurs. (-1 ≤ i ≤ 3)
- · Desired criterion
- · Weight of importance
- · Highest repair degree

(iv) Carrier ---

- Time of next deployment or docking
- State (deployment or docking)
 at any point in time
- · Port at which carrier docks
- Future Deployment and Docking
 Schedules
- Number of engines that have been sent off to be repaired but have not been satisfied
- Number of demands (engines)
 that were not satisfied by
 carrier's port during last
 'docking'
- (v) Aircraft ---
- Assigned number

Entity:

Attribute:

- · Base to which aircraft belongs
- Type of aircraft
- · Next failure time
- Remaining life time of engine(s)
 on aircraft at time of
 failure (in terms of flying
 hours)
- Flying Activity in terms of flying hours per month

(vi) Type of Aircraft --

- Name
- Assigned number
- · Combination code
- · Engine capacity

(vii) Combination Code --

- · Actual code number used by NAVY
- · Assigned number
- Probability of <u>i</u>th degree
 failure for all <u>i</u> (-1 ≤ i ≤ 3)
- Mean time between removal (in terms of flying hours)

Events and their Scheduling

An endogenous event takes place as a result of its being scheduled during the course of the simulation

run.* SPAERS endogenous events are as follows:

- The time at which an engine failure causes an aircraft to become inoperative. This event is appropriately referred to as PLANEFAILEVENT.
- The time at which an engine in a particular pipeline becomes available as on-hand serviceable stock at a base. This event is referred to as ENGAVAILEVENT.
- The time at which the state of a particular carrier changes. This event is referred to as SHIPEVENT.

An exogenous event is made to occur by specifying the type of event and simulated time at which it is to occur through data input prior to the start of a simulation run.*

This type of event usually serves as a means of controlling a desired aspect of the simulation run. SPAERS exogenous events are as follows:

- The time at which appropriate statistics are to be gathered for analysis purposes (see Appendix AIII for discussion). This event is referred to as SAMPLE.
- The time at which the simulation run is to be terminated and final statistics are reported. This event is appropriately labeled REPORT.

SPAERS synchronization, that is, the identification of the event occurring next and its time of occurrence, is based on asynchronous timing—the search for a minimum among event times (see Flowchart in Appendix AII).

^{*}Reference [6], pp. 232-233.

ANALYSIS

To illustrate SPAERS' treatment of the two pipeline configurations, an actual repair system was analyzed. The U. S. Navy's PASER data were used to calculate DODI spare stock levels. PASER also provided system parameters that served as SPAERS input.

AIRPAC Command's Engine type model T58GE-series

8B and 8F in the North Island Naval Aircraft Rework Facility

System (Combination Codes 731, 733 and 735) defined the

repair system which was simulated by SPAERS in this analysis.

The DODI calculation was performed using the following consideration. According to PASER, ports which do not fly or repair will not enter into spare stock level computations. That is, carriers are connected directly to their repair echelons, ignoring the port. The implication here is that the port is not equipped to satisfy carrier demands, but the carrier repair echelons are.

A 0.9 ready rate criterion was used for all bases. SPAERS showed that the configuration assumed by DODI and stocked accordingly, did, in fact produce ready rates close to 0.9.

To demonstrate the effect of introducing the port to a continuous pipeline situation, the following configurations were run by SPAERS.

- Continuous carrier pipelines without ports
 (DOD spares calculation included)
- 2) Continuous carrier pipelines with ports
- 3) Twisted carrier pipelines with ports

Comparisons of the down aircraft criterion were made in each case using the test of the hypothesis that the means of two Normal Distributions are equal, assuming that the standard deviations are not known and not necessarily equal* (.05 level). The test was performed between corresponding bases in two different configurations.

The first comparison involved 1) and 2) to show any significant effect on performance by the introduction of ports to the original DODI system.

As the results in table 1 indicate, only Cubi Point, a port, shows a significant difference in performance. In reality, Cubi Point repairs and supports its own flying activity. By virtue of its port activity, it experiences higher engine availability by storing engines for carriers. But these engines may be used for Cubi Point's own flying activity and serve to decrease its down aircraft time.

Another comparison was made between configuration

^{*}Reference [5], pp. 240-242.

2) and 3). Here the singular effect of a twisted pipeline is contrasted with the continuous pipeline. Again, Cubi Point is significantly different from the continuous situation. The effect of increased engine availability at this port is enhanced by the twisted pipeline behavior of carriers. Since carriers demand engines before they deploy instead of continuously as in the case of the continuous pipeline, the engines which are stocked at the port in anticipation of carrier demands may also be used for the port's flying activity. The results of this comparison appear in table 2.

Table 2 also shows that the CV-PAC-1 carrier performs significantly worse in the twisted pipeline. It was noted that this carrier supports a more extensive flying activity with a yearly failure rate of 28.17 engines than other system carriers. These other carriers produce 3 or 4 failures per year.

The statistical comparison between 1) and 3) compounds the situation of ports and twisted carrier pipelines. Once again, the port and its most active carrier demonstrate significantly different performances (table 3).

Another system, identified by engine model type

J52P - series 8A and 8B in the Jacksonville Naval Aircraft

Facility System (Airlaut Command, Combination Codes 102 and

104) was observed in the same manner. Stock levels close to

DOD requirements were used for each base and in both the

continuous and the twisted pipeline situations were run (including ports). The three carriers in this system were particularly active, with 51.6 yearly engine failures. As table 4 shows, carriers are significantly different in terms of their performance measures in each configuration.

It should be noted that no other repair system locations exhibit criterion differences using this test of hypothesic for equal means in either of the two systems observed.

TABLE 1

Comparison of Mean Criterion--Continuous Pipeline Without Ports vs. Continuous Pipeline with Ports:
Engine Model Type T58GE 8B, 8F

mean criterion in Continuous
Pipeline Configuration without
non-flying/maintenance ports

 $\overline{\sigma}_1$: standard deviation of \overline{x}_1

mean criterion in Continuous Pipeline Configuration with non-flying/ maintenance ports

 $\overline{\sigma}_2$: standard deviation of \overline{x}_2

Base	Spare Stoc Level	$k \overline{x}_1$	$\overline{\sigma}_{1}$	<u>x</u> ⁵	<u>σ</u> 2	Test Statistic	Signifi- cant?
Adak Alameda Barbers	1 4	0.04428 0.01397	0.0051 0.00216	0.04197 0.01179	0.00581 0.00216		1
Point Cubi	2	0.01145	0.00243	0.00685	0.00134	1.658	, []
Point	4	0.01314	0.00414	0.02821	0.0053	2.24	/ 1
CV-PAC-1	* 3 * 1	0.01211	0.00236	0.01133	0.00331		
CV-PAC-4	* 1	0.006	0.00353	0.00315	0.00171		П
Imperial							
Beach	0	0.01163	0.00494	0.01559	0.0036	0.6478	
Kadena-							Π
AFB	0	0.03174	0.00924	0.0233	0.00703	0.7269	
Kauai-							
PMRF**		-	-	-	-	-	n
NAV-PAC-		0.01931	0.00968	0.00587	0.0044	1.264	
NAV-PAC-		0.02074	0.01112	0.00652	0.00533		L.J
NAV-PAC-		0.01609	0.00791	0.01117	0.00554		
NAV-PAC-		0.00815	0.00566	0.00650	0.00453		
NAV-PAC-	5* 1	0.01894	0.009	0.01156	0.00546	0.701	U
North	10	0 001170	0 00077	0 0011011	0 00070	0 700	
Island		0.00473	0.00071	0.00494	0.00078		П
Point Mu	gu 1	0.00328	0.00177	0.00289	0.00149	0.173	Ш
Widfey	,	0 00777	0 000110	0.001126	0 007 40	3 357	
Island		0.00771	0.00248	0.00436	0.00149		П
Iwakuni-		0.01781	0.0051	0.02116	0.00447		
Kaneohe-	MC I	0.00248	0.00105	0.00327	0.00115	0.507	

^{*} Carrier

^{**} Aircraft do not 'fly'

TABLE 2

Comparison of Mean Criterion--Continuous Pipeline With Ports vs. Twisted Pipeline With Ports:
Engine Model Type T58GE 8B, 8F

T1: mean criterion in Continuous Pipeline Configuration with non-flying/maintenance ports

 $\overline{\sigma}_1\colon$ standard deviation of \overline{x}_1

M2: mean criterion in Twisted Pipeline Configuration with non-flying/ maintenance ports

 $\overline{\sigma}_2 \colon$ standard deviation of \overline{x}_2

Base	Spare Stock Level	\overline{x}_1	x ₂	$\overline{\sigma}_1$	σ ₂ s	Test tatistic	Signifi- cant?
Adak Alameda	14	0.04197	0.04707	0.00581	0.00672	0.5741	
Barbers							
Point Cubi	2	0.00685	0.00770	0.00134	0.00165	0.39989	
Point	4	0.02821	0.00169	0.00530	0.00073	4.9569	✓
CV-PAC-1	* 3	0.01133	0.03818	0.00331	0.00551	4.177	/
CV-PAC-4		0.00315	0.00847	0.00171	0.0034	1.3978	
Imperial							
Beach	0	0.01559	0.00890	0.0036	0.00353	1.326	
Kadena-A	FB 0	0.02330	0.02111	0.00703	0.00655	0.2279	
Kauai-							
PMRF**		does not	fly	_	_	_	
NAV-PAC-	1* 1	0.00587	0.02187	0.0044	0.00856	1.662	
NAV-PAC-		0.00652	0.01802	0.00533	0.00594	1.441	
NAV-PAC-	3 * 1	0.01117	0.00460	0.00554	0.00342	1.009	
NAV-PAC-		0.0065	0.01122	0.00453	0.00551	0.661	
NAV-PAC-	5* 1	0.01156	0.02503	0.00546	0.01214	1.012	
North							
Island	10	0.00494	0.00601	0.00078	0.00069	1.027	
Point Mu	gu l	0.00289	0.00310	0.00149	0.00146	0.10067	
Widfey					0		
Island		0.00436	0.00435	0.00149	0.00118	0.00526	
Iwakuni-		0.02116	0.02605	0.00447	0.00575	0.6714	
Kaneohe-	MC 1	0.00327	0.00703	0.00115	0.00209	1.576	

^{*} Carrier

^{**} Aircraft do not 'fly'

TABLE 3

Comparison of Mean Criterion--Continuous Pipeline Without Ports vs. Twisted Pipeline With Ports:
Engine Model Type T58GE 8B, 8F

mean criterion in Continuous Pipeline
Configuration without non-flying/
maintenance ports

 $\overline{\sigma}_1$: standard deviation of \overline{x}_1

x₂: mean criterion in Twisted Pipeline Configuration with non-flying/ maintenance ports

 $\overline{\sigma}_2$: standard deviation of x_2

Base	Spare Stock Level	\overline{x}_1	\overline{x}_2	$\overline{\sigma}_1$	σ ₂	Test Statistic	Signifi- cant?
Adak Alameda Barbers	1 4	0.04428 0.01397	0.04707 0.01008	0.0051 0.00216	0.00672		Consultation of the last of th
Point Cubi	2	0.01145	0.00770	0.00243	0.00165	1.276	II.
Point	4	0.01314	0.00169	0.00414	0.00073	2.72	1
CV-PAC-1	* 3 * 1	0.01211	0.03818	0.00236	0.00551		1
CV-PAC-4	* 1	0.006	0.00847	0.00353	0.0034	0.503	
Imperial							u
Beach	0	0.01163	0.00890	0.00494	0.00353	0.449	
Kadena-							
AFB	0	0.03174	0.02111	0.00924	0.00655	0.919	Ш
Kauai-							
PMRF**		does not	fly	-		-	П
NAV-PAC-		0.01931	0.02187	0.00968	0.00856		- 11
NAV-PAC-		0.02074	0.01802	0.01112	0.00594		-
NAV-PAC-		0.01609	0.0046	0.00791	0.00342		
NAV-PAC-		0.00815	0.01122	0.00566	0.00551		
NAV-PAC-	5* 1	0.01894	0.02503	0.009	0.01214	0.4029	u u
North							
Island		0.00473	0.00601	0.00071	0.00069		
Point Mu	gu 1	0.00328	0.0031	0.00177	0.00146	0.078	Li
Widfey							
Island		0.00771	0.00435	0.00248	0.00118		П
Iwakuni-		0.01781	0.02605	0.00510	0.00575		
Kaneohe-	MC 1	0.00248	0.00703	0.00105	0.00209	1.945	

^{*} Carrier

^{**} Aircraft do not 'fly'

TABLE 4

Comparison of Mean Criterion--Continuous Pipeline With Ports vs. Twisted Pipeline With Ports:
Engine Model Type J52P 8A, 8B

x
1: mean criterion in Continuous Pipeline
 Configuration with non-flying/
 maintenance ports

 $\overline{\sigma}_1$: standard deviation of \overline{x}_1

x̄₂: mean criterion in Twisted Pipeline Configuration with non-flying/ maintenance ports

 $\overline{\sigma}_2$: standard deviation of \overline{x}_2

Base		re Stoc Level	k \overline{x}_1	\overline{x}_2	ਰ ₁	₀	Test tatistic	Signifi- cant?
CV-LANT CV-LANT CV-LANT Cherry	2*	5 5	0.00357 0.00477 0.00750	0.01909 0.01535 0.01947	0.00109 0.00081 0.00124	0.00206 0.00159 0.00204	-6.6592 -5.93 -5.014	* * *
Point South		6	0.00897	0.00838	0.001	0.00078	0.4652	
Weymou	th	1 25	0.01809	0.01840	0.00153	0.00171	-0.135 0.4059	
Oceana Key West		1	0.02737	0.00893	0.00214 0.00272	0.00178 0.00267	0.0577	
Norfolk Paxtuxen	t.	2	0.01326	0.01360	0.00226	0.00232	-0.1049	
Riv Willow		1	0.00116	0.00323	0.0071	0.00183	-0.1895	
Grove		1	0.02324	0.02118	0.00231	0.00204	0.668	
Memphis			0.0030	0.00044	0.00157	0.00241	-0.420	

^{*} Carrier

VII

RECOMMENDATIONS AND GENERAL REMARKS

The previous section demonstrated the use of SPAERS in computing performance of repair system configurations.

Based on the runs of two actual repair system, it was observed that some carriers and ports in a twisted pipeline perform significantly differently from the same carriers and ports in the continuous case. The remainder of the system (in these cases) appeared to perform independently of carrier behavior.

It was also suggested that the extent to which a carrier in the twisted pipeline configuration will perform differently from the continuous one is somehow indicated by the carrier's failure rate. The nature of the twisted pipeline carrier activity resembles that of a periodic review inventory system where each inventory review occurs during a carrier's dock time. When this is contrasted with the continuous review analog for the continuous pipeline, inventory requirements for the twisted pipeline would be higher. If the carrier's flying activity (and so the failure rate) is low, the two inventory systems have similar stock requirements. On the other hand, if activity is high, the periodic review will require more stock to adequately support its flying.

Stronger statements about expected performances for a general system would require more extensive investigation.

The authors recommend the following:

- 1) A variety of systems should be compared in this way to support some general statements concerning carrier activity.

 DOD stock levels are adequate for this investigation.
- 2) NAVMET levels should be used as input stock levels to SPAERS simulation of repair systems, noting the difference between this system performance with DOD levels.
- 3) Ports and their activity with carrier operations should be considered in analytical spare stock level allocation to account for their role in carrier performance.

VIII APPENDICES

Appendix A: SPAERS Delineation

Contents

AI.	Linked Listing/Queue Mechanisms		•	A
AII.	SPAERS Flowchart		•	Alc
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AI. Linked Listing/Queue Mechanism

Linked listing is a common technique used in SPAERS even scheduling. The invariant relation in a linked list is the fact that all the entries in the list are ordered according to some discipline. The method of ordering relies on a system of "pointers," or attributes of each list entry which indicates the address of the next entry in the list. Each entry is identified by only one address. Its position in the list is identified by the "pointers" or system links.

The application of linked lists to computer information management is crucial to efficiency. A new entry, for instance, does not require re-shifting any part of the list. Only two "pointers" need to be changed. Similarly, removal of an item from the list requires only "pointer" changes. The expected number of comparisons in a list search is the same as any other linear search (1/2 N), where N is the average size of the list).

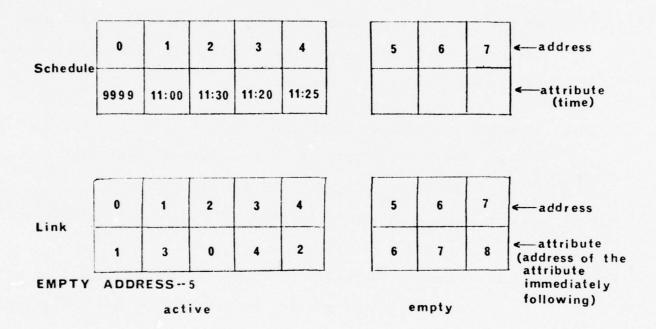
Let the following illustration represent computer

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	address
										attribute

storage in the form of an array.

For the purpose of this example, ordering attributes can be event times which will enter and leave the list.

To maintain the list ordering, an auxiliary array is required. Each entry in this array indicates the address of the entry following it in the list:



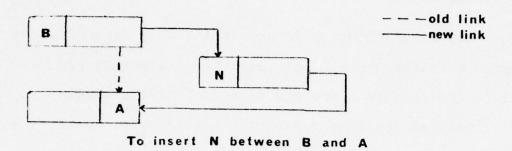
Note that the linked list may be divided into an active and an empty section. The active section consists of those addresses whose attributes are in the schedule. The empty section consists of those addresses whose attributes are not part of the active list. Both sections are linked and the leading element of both sections can be identified.

It is convenient to have the zero entry in the link system so that its link attribute identifies the address of

of the leading entry in the active list. The link of the final entry in the schedule is back to the zero address, thus forming a linked cycle. The zero address schedule attribute should be of a magnitude so that it will always be at the end of the schedule. In this way, the zero entry acts as a schedule "anchor" in that any other entry in the list must preced it, and its link attribute always identifies the top of the list. (A special case worth mentioning occurs when the zero link attribute identifies its own address, signifying an empty schedule list.)

To add an element to a linked list:

- enter the attribute in the first address available in the empty list, retaining the address.
- 2) change the empty address identifier to the next empty address.
- 3) identify the point of insertion for the new item by searching the ordering attribute list and utilizing the link system. The address of the preceding entry will identify an insertion point (B in the figure).
- 4) link the new item with the old address link of \underline{B} . Link \underline{B} to the address of the new item. Insertion is complete and the invariant relation still holds.



In deleting an element N from the list,

- 1) Locate the item to be deleted by identifying its address \underline{N} and the address of its preceeding link \underline{B} . (In event schedules, the outgoing item is usually the leading entry.)
- 2) Link \underline{B} to \underline{A} retaining the address of \underline{N} .
- 3) Link \underline{N} with the address of the first empty element and identify \underline{N} as the new first empty element.

Variations on this technique involve the use of "backpointers" to facilitate a search which starts at the end of the list. Other attribute lists may be used to describe the elements which are found in a specific ordering.

SPAERS event scheduling relies on linked list systems (later referred to as queues). Engine availability, aircraft failure, and carrier events are each queued in their own link systems in order of their schedule occurrence. The leading entry in each link system is the next event which will occur of that type. In order to determine the next event, only the leading elements of each link system require comparison.

Aircraft failure queue

Any aircraft which is not in the down state will be assigned a failure date. All operational aircraft can be found in the failure queue and ordered by failure dates.

Most of the system aircraft are expected to be in an operational state at any point in time making the active portion of this queue large. It can be seen that by permanently addressing the aircraft's failure time by its actual aircraft number, maintenance of an empty queue can be avoided.

←—a/c number	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
← fail date	9		34	26	23		20	9999
			1					
-1		•						
-]	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0]

Note that in the above queue link system, aircraft numbers "2" and "6" are in the down state and are not part of the link system.

Identifiers used in the failure queue.

ACFAILQFPT (N) is the address (a/c number) which will fail after aircraft \underline{N} .

ACFAILQBPT (N) is the address of the aircraft which will fail before \underline{N} .

ACFAILQBOT identifies the aircraft number to

fail last.

BASEQ identifies the base location of an a/c.

Availability Queue

Availability Queue sequences the times of engine availability throughout the system. Since engines are not specifically identified by number, they have no readily made address as in the case of the failure queue. An engine which enters the system pipeline as a result of a demand or a failure is queued in order of its availability date. The base at which an engine will become available is also an attribute associated with the address of a queued engine.

Relevant identifiers for this system include:

BASENGAVAIL (N) -- the base where the engine identified by address N will become available.

ENGAVAILBPT (N)--the address of the engine which will become available in the system prior to the engine with address \underline{N} .

ENGAVAILQFPT--the address of the engine which will become available in the system after the engine whose address is \underline{N} .

ENGAVAILQNT--identifies the address of the first available array position.

ENGAVAILQHOLD--retains addresses during insertion or extraction.

ENGAVAILQBOT -- identifies the engine address

which will experience the last availability date.

 $\label{eq:engavallTIME} \hbox{ENGAVAILTIME (N)--availability date of the}$ engine with address $\underline{N}.$

Ship queue

Ship queue orders carrier events by date. All carriers will always occupy this queue, since they always have an event pending. In this case, the carrier number is its queue address.

Identifiers used in queue maintenance are:

SHIPTIME (N) is the time when the next event (dock or deploy) will occur for carrier \underline{N} .

SHIPQPT (N) identifies the carrier which will experience an event after carrier \underline{N} .

INSRT and LINSRT retain addresses during resinsertion process.

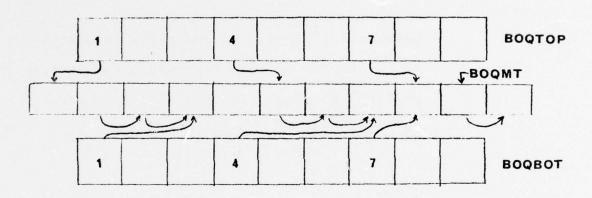
Note that SHIPQPT (0) identifies the carrier with the earliest future carrier event.

Backorders

It was stated earlier that demands that cannot be levelled (filled) immediately are logged as backorders to be filled on a first come first served basis as engine availability permits. This requires that the backorder commitments be queued at each base in the order of which they occur.

The queued attribute is that base to which the backorder is due.

In this case, queue insertion always occurs at the "bottom" of the list and removal is done at the "top." Thus only the leading and the final backordered base address need to be identified with the base which logged the backorder. The mechanism may be pictured as follows:



BOQTOP (N) identifies (points to) the address of Base \underline{N} 's first backorder commitment.

BOQBOT (N) identifies the address of the base \underline{N} 's last backorder commitment. (Note: If both the above variables are zero for some \underline{N} , no backorders are outstanding at that base.)

A special case of the backorder situation occurs when a base must backorder to itself (its own flying activity).

A self-backorder is the same as a downed aircraft, and is queued as both. Similar to the backorder case, down aircraft

are re-installed in the same order in which they occurred. The queuing mechanism has a similar operation to the back-order mechanism (see page A8). The difference with the down aircraft queue is that aircraft addresses are actual aircraft numbers (as in the case of the aircraft failure event schedule.

 ${\tt DACQPT}$ (N) indicates the next aircraft in some base's down queue.

DACQTOP (N) identifies the first down aircraft number at base \underline{N} (zero if no down aircraft exist at base \underline{N}).

DACQBOT (N) identifies the last down aircraft number at base \underline{N} (zero if no down aircraft exist at base \underline{N}).

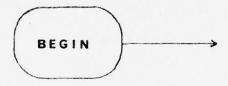
AII. SPAERS Flowchart

The task of developing a computer program is facilitated by preparing a layout of the logical flow of operations. This layout serves as a basis for which the source instructions are written.

An assortment of symbols for the basic types of internal operations are used for the preparation of flowcharts.

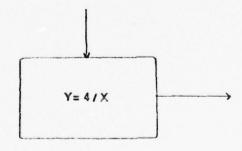
SPAERS flowchart symbols are as follows:

1. The slot:



Used to denote the beginning or end of the program. It serves as a point of reference and does not represent any particular operation.

2. The rectangle:

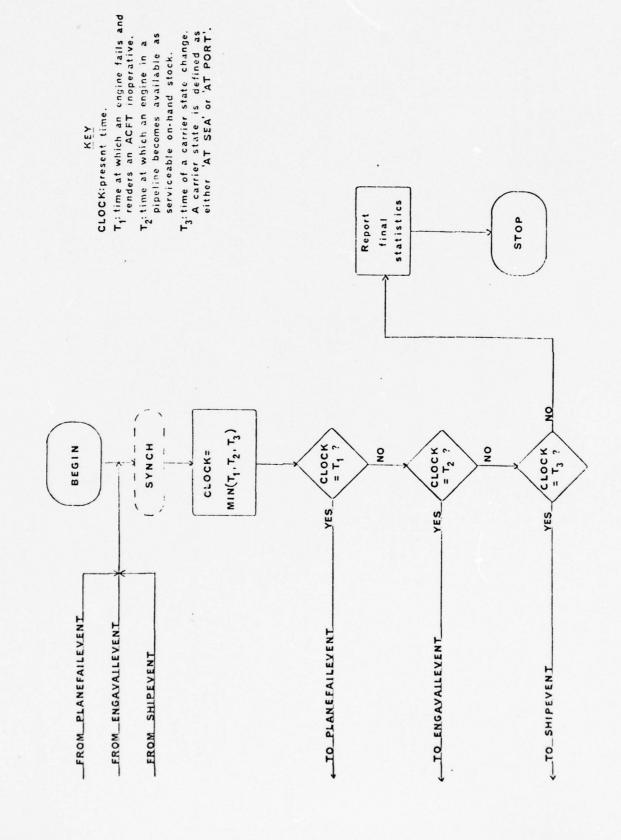


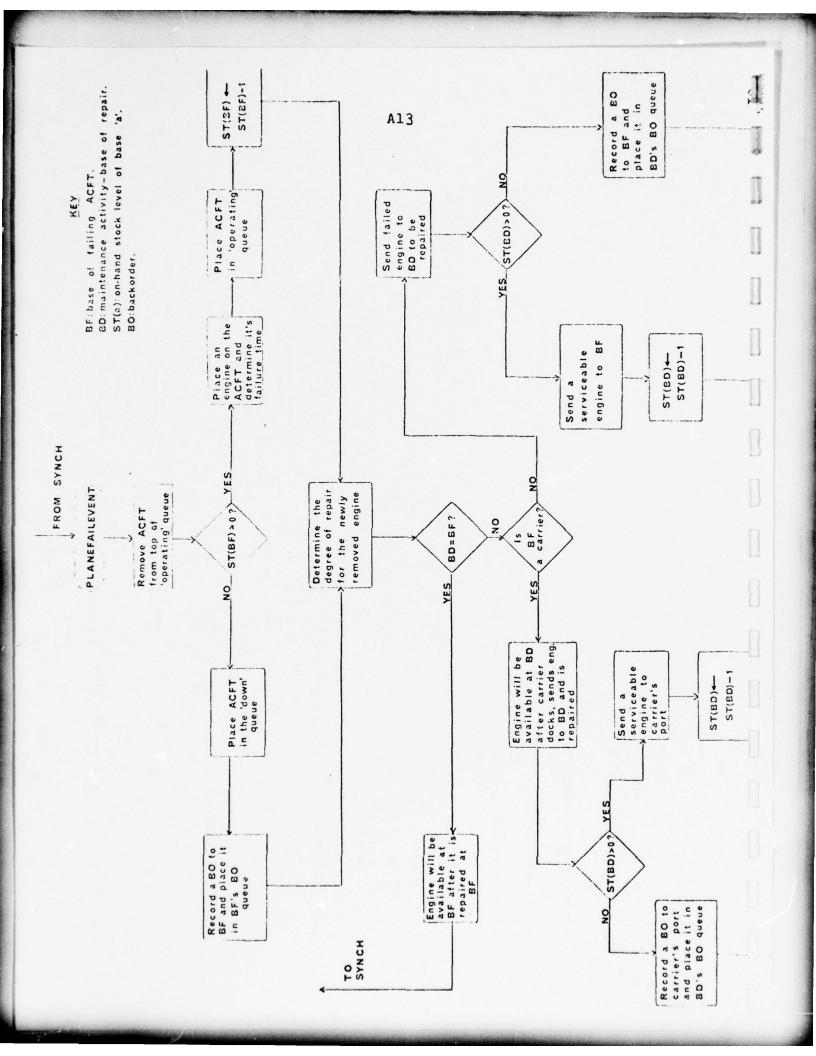
Used to indicate an internal operation which corresponds to one or more assignment statements. The contents of the box may be either of symbolic/mathematical form or of narrative form.

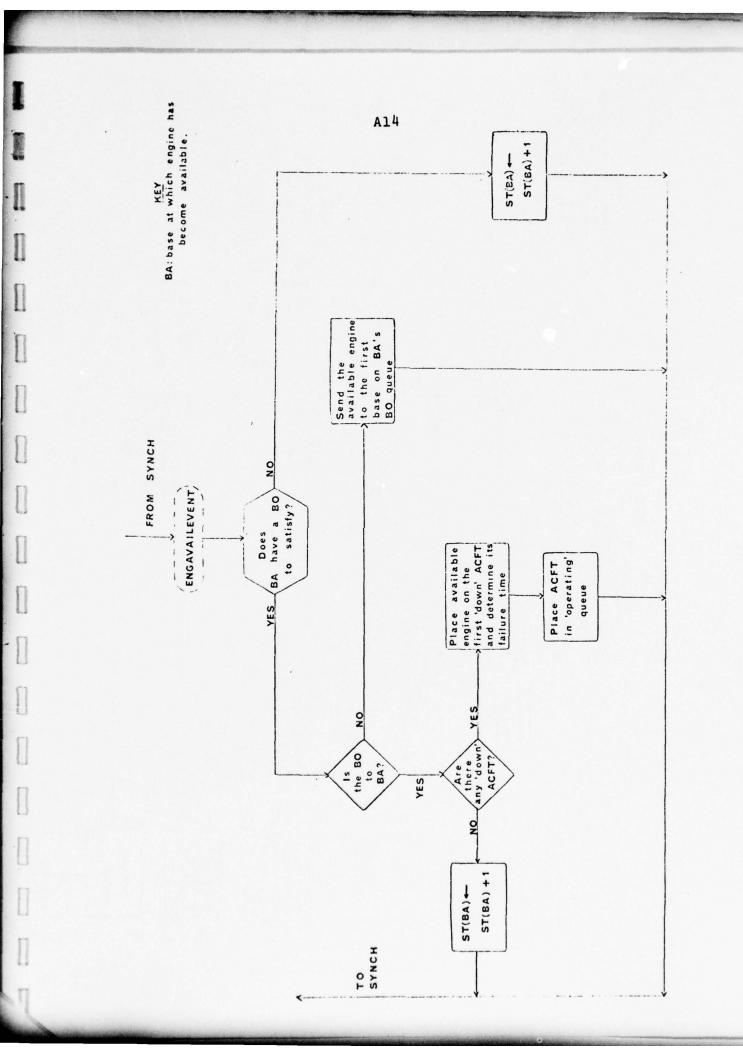
3. A hexagonal shaped box:

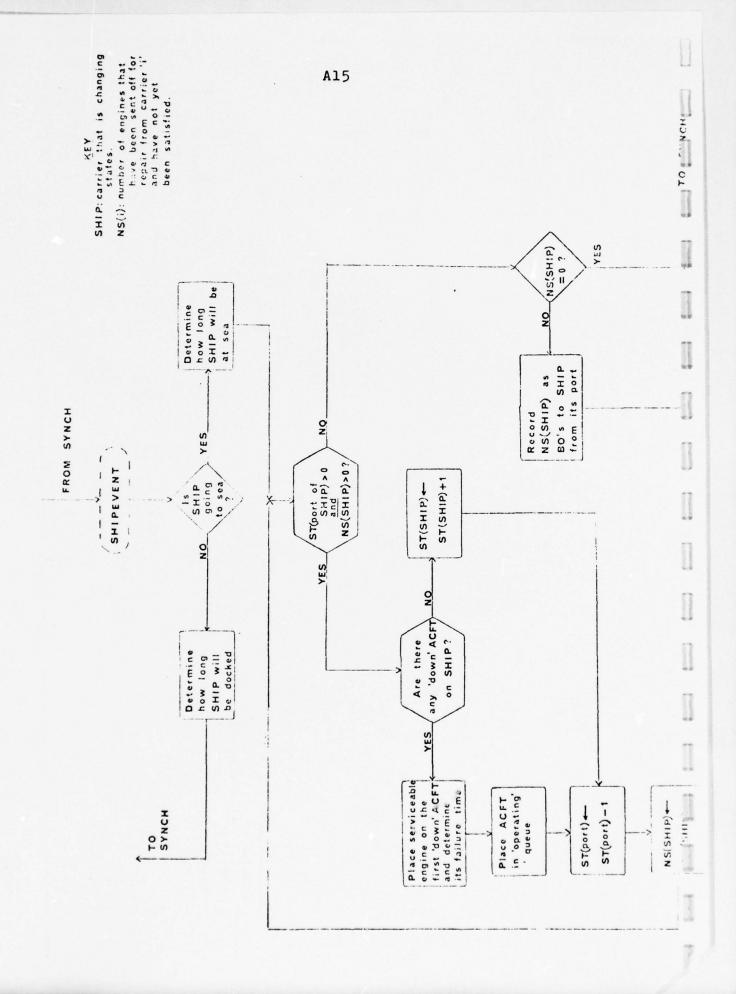


Used to describe an internal operation requiring a decision. The decision point is stated as a yes-or-no question.









AIII. Description of Procedures

(1) PLANEFAILEVENT

This procedure is invoked at the time an engine fails which renders an aircraft inoperative.

Nomenclature:

- BASEFAILEDAC--the base number of the base at which aircraft has failed.
- DESTINBASE--the base number of the base at which failed engine is to be repaired.
- · FAILEDAC -- aircraft number of failed aircraft.
- · FAILDEGREE -- failure degree of engine
- HD(I)--the highest degree failure which base \underline{I} can repair. ('4' denotes no maintenance activity at base \underline{I} .)
- LIFENG(I,J)--the number of flying hours before failure of an engine in the <u>I</u>th position on aircraft <u>J</u>. (I = 1, 2, · · · , N: N = engine capacity.)
- NEXTECH(I,J)--base number of base that repairs base
 I's degree J failed engines.
- REPAIRTIME(I)--repair time, in days, of an \underline{I}^{th} degree failed engine.
- SHIPNUM(I) -- the carrier (ship) number of base \underline{I} ('0' if a ground base).

- STOCKLEVEL(I) -- number of serviceable engines on hand at base I.
- CCDIST(I,J)--cumulative distribution of failure degree of combination code <u>I</u>, i.e., Pr {FAILDEGREE
 ≤ J} for J = -1, 0, 1, 2, 3.
- DUMMYTIME--time remaining in carrier's deployment if

 BASEFAILEDAC is a carrier in 'Twisted Pipeline

 Configuration.'

-- 0 otherwise.

Synopsis:

- --Determine FAILEDAC and BASEFAILEDAC from FAILTIME and BASEQ queues, respectively.
- --Remove FAILEDAC from FAILTIME queue by appropriately rearranging the pointer mechanism.
- --Determine FAILDEGREE:
 - Generate a random variable, \underline{U} , uniformly distributed between (0, 1).
 - FAILDEGREE will then equal the largest integer
 K, such that {K: U ≤ CCDIST(I,K),
 K = -1, 0, 1, 2, 3}. I ≡ combination code of
 the aircraft type of FAILEDAC.
- -- Attempt to make FAILEDAC operational.
 - If STOCKLEVEL (BASEFAILEDAC) > 0, then:
 - Remove a repaired engine from stock and place the engine on FAILEDAC.
 - 2) Determine the life of the engine, LIFENG

- (1, FAILEDAC) (i.e., number of flying hours before failure), by invoking the RNG function procedure (see (x) below).
- 3) Determine the next failure time (in days) of the aircraft by invoking FAILGEN procedure with parameters: (FAILEDAC, SHIPNUM(BASEFAILEDAC), BASEFAILEDAC) (see (vii) below).
- If STOCKLEVEL(BASEFAILEDAC) = 0, then:
 - Place FAILEDAC in the down aircraft queue utilizing DACQPT, DACBOT and DACTOP.
 - 2) Record a backorder to BASEFAILEDAC from BASEFAILEDAC by utilizing BASEBO queue.
 - 3) Queue backorder accordingly by invoking BACKORDQ procedure with parameter: (BASEFAILEDAC) (see (ix) below).

-- Engine Transaction

- If HD(DESTINBASE) > FAILDEGREE, i.e.,
 DESTINBASE cannot repair the engine as in the case of a port which has neither maintenance nor flying activity but is required to serve as an intermediary point for all its carriers (user option—see Appendix B), then provisions must be made for demand accounting:
 - The transaction of the failed engine will be between the port and the

appropriate maintenance base.

- 2) BASEFAILEDAC will demand an engine from the port immediately in the "Continuous Pipeline" configuration or at the time of its next deployment in the "Twisted Pipeline" configuration.
- If BASEFAILEDAC cannot repair the failed engine, i.e., BASEFAILEDAC ≠ DESTINBASE, then:
 - at DESTINBASE by invoking AVAILQ

 procedure (see (vi) below) with parameters: (DESTINBASE, BASEFAILEDAC,
 SHIPNUM(BASEFAILEDAC), REPAIRTIME(FAILDEGREE)).

(Note: In the case of a port which serves as an intermediary point for its carriers, provisions are made to include the time remaining in a carrier's deployment by using DUMMYTIME.)

2) If STOCKLEVEL(DESTINBASE) > 0, then schedule the availability of a service-able engine of DESTINBASE stock at BASEFAILEDAC by invoking AVAILQ procedure (see (vi) below) with parameters:
(BASEFAILEDAC, DESTINBASE, 0,0).
If on-hand stock does not exist at

DESTINBASE, then record a backorder to
BASEFAILEDAC from DESTINBASE by utilizing
BASEBO queue. Queue backorder accordingly
by invoking BACKORDQ procedure with
parameter: (DESTINBASE) (see (ix) below).

• If BASEFAILEDAC can repair the failed engine,
i.e., BASEFAILEDAC = DESTINBASE, then:
schedule the availability of this engine at
BASEFAILEDAC by invoking AVAILQ procedure with
parameters: (BASEFAILEDAC, BASEFAILEDAC, O,
REPAIRTIME (FAILDEGREE)).

(11) ENGAVAILEVENT

This procedure is invoked at the time an engine in a particular pipeline becomes available as on-hand serviceable stock.

Nomenclature:

 BASEAVAIL--the base number of the base at which an engine has become available.

Synopsis:

- --Determine BASEAVAIL from BASENGAVAIL queue and rearrange pointer mechanism.
- --If BASEAVAIL has a backorder to satisfy, then:

 (The following is performed utilizing backorder queue mechanisms.)
 - If the backorder exists to BASEAVAIL, then:
 If there are any down aircraft, then:
 - 1) Place engine on first aircraft in down

aircraft queue.

- 2) Determine the life of the engine (flying hours).
- Determine the next failure time of the aircraft.

If there are no down aircraft at BASEAVAIL, then place the available engine in BASEAVAIL's on-hand stock.

- If the backorder exists to an outside base, then schedule the availability of the engine at the backordered base by invoking AVAILQ procedure (see (vi) below) with parameters: (backordered base, BASEAVAIL, O, O).
- --If there are no backorders to satisfy, place available engine in BASEAVAIL's on-hand stock.

(iii) SHIPEVENT

This procedure is invoked at the time the state of a particular carrier changes.

Nomenclature:

- BASENUM (I) -- base number of carrier (ship) number I.
- PORTSCHED (I,J), SEASCHED (I,J)--dock time,
 deployment time of carrier (ship) number <u>I</u> during
 <u>J</u>th schedule: J = 1, 2, · · · , schedule length.
 (Note: schedule may be either deterministic or probabilistic--user option: see Appendix B.)
- SHIPTIME (I) -- time of next state change of carrier

(ship) number I.

• STATE (I)--current state of carrier number \underline{I} .

Synopsis:

--Determine which carrier is changing states by utilizing SHIPQPT mechanism.

- --If this carrier's state change is from 'AT SEA' to 'AT PORT,' then:
 - Determine how long it will be docked and set SHIPTIME accordingly.
- --If the carrier's state change is from 'AT PORT' to 'AT SEA,' then:
 - Determine how long it will be at sea and set SHIPTIME accordingly.
 - Carrier's port attempts to restock carrier
 with the number of engines sent out during
 last deployment plus any backorders from any
 previous deployments.

The order of restocking is as follows:

- Rejuvenate any down aircraft on board carrier and determine the life of the new engine plus the failure time of the aircraft.
- 2) If there are no down aircraft, then place engine in carrier's on-hand stock.

If at any time during the restocking the port's stock is depleted, the appropriate number of

backorders are recorded at the port.

--SHIPTIME (carrier) is appropriately queue by rearranging SHIPQPT mechanism accordingly.

(iv) SAMPLE

SAMPLE procedure is invoked every SI simulation days where SI is the proposed current independent time length (see Appendix B).

Nomenclature:

- NUMSAMPS--identifies the current sample number.
- TOTSAMPLES--total number of samples desired (user option--see Appendix B).
- PASSFAIL (K)--is 1 if samples taken at base \underline{K} passed the independence test; is 0 otherwise.
- · PASSBASE--the number of bases which passed.
- TOTNUMACB--the number of bases which support their own flying activity.
- PF--the proportion of aircraft flying bases which passed the independence test.
- SAMPSEATIME (I,J)--the amount of time which carrier number \underline{I} has spent in a deployed state during sample number J.

Synopsis:

Its main function is to segregate average down aircraft observations into independent observations. If the specified number of samples were taken, SAMPLE arranges for their independence tests.

When SAMPLE is called all time distributions and time related measurements are updated to this point. The sample number is then advanced.

If SAMPLE is called to terminate the final observation (NUMSAMPS = TOTSAMPLES), each base's down aircraft observations are tested for independence. The results of the test are found in the PASSFALL array.

The proportion of passing bases is calculated and then program control is sent to IND_OUT (see (xiv)). If control returns to SAMPLE, more observations are required and further sampling is executed.

(v) REPORT

This procedure is invoked at the termination of the simulation run. Final statistics are reported to the user.

(vi) AVAILQ

Parameters: (BASETO, BASEFROM, SHIPINDEX, REPTIME)
This procedure is invoked from either PLANEFAILEVENT or
ENGAVAILEVENT.

Synopsis:

AVAILQ queues the time at which an engine becomes available at BASETO utilizing the ENGAVAILTIME and BASENGAVAIL queue mechanisms.

The availability time may be of the form:

Time of engine availability =
 Present time plus travel time from BASEFROM to

BASETO plus REPTIME. REPTIME can take on any positive value. For example, in the case of transporting a new engine from one base to another, REPTIME = 0. In the case of transporting a failed engine to be repaired, REPTIME = repair time of failed engine.

• SHIPINDEX > 0 designates that BASEFROM is a carrier and is sending a failed engine to be repaired at BASETO. Since a carrier plane failure occurs only during deployment, an engine cannot be transported to BASETO until the carrier has docked. Thus, time of engine availability = SHIPTIME (carrier) plus travel time from the port of the carrier to BASETO plus repair time of the failed engine.

(vii) FAILGEN

Parameters: (PLANEN, SHIPN, BASEN)

This procedure is invoked from PLANEFAILEVENT,

ENGAVAILEVENT or SHIPEVENT.

Nomenclature:

- DAYSTILFAIL -- number of days before a failed engine causes PLANEN to become inoperative.
- · FAILTIME -- failure time of PLANEN.
- FLYHRS--flying hours of the engine with the minimum life on PLANEN.
- FOHM (I,J)--flying hours per month of aircraft type I at base number J.

LIFENG (I,J)--number of flying hours before failure of an engine in the <u>I</u>th position on aircraft <u>J</u>.
 (I = 1, 2, · · · , N: N = engine capacity.)

Synopsis:

FAILGEN is called at the time an aircraft is removed from the 'down aircraft' queue and made operational.

- --Determine the position <u>i</u> of the engine with the minimum life, i.e., FLYHRS = LIFENG (i, PLANEN) and place this engine in the first position.
- --Decrease the life of all engines on PLANEN by FLYHRS.
- --Determine DAYSTILFAIL from the expression FLYHRS/ FOHM (PLANEN type, BASEN).
- --If SHIPN > 0 (BASEN is a carrier), then we have to 'pad' DAYSTILFAIL so as to make sure PLANEN fails during deployment.
- --Set FAILTIME = DAYSTILFAIL plus present time and queue this time accordingly utilizing ACFAIL queue mechanism.

(viii) DISTRIBUTIONS

Parameters: (BASE, DIST)

This procedure is invoked from either PLANEFAILEVENT, ENGAVAILEVENT, SHIPEVENT or SAMPLE.

Synopsis:

DISTRIBUTIONS is called at the time the present stock level, number of backorders or number of down aircraft

is about to change at any base.

DISTRIBUTIONS updates the weighted time frequency distribution and the area under frequency distribution curve at BASE.

Measurements:

1) STOCKDIST (I,J) = the amount of time spent at stock level \underline{J} at base $\underline{\underline{I}}$.

Stock Level
at
Base I

A

C

D

at time \underline{t} , STOCKDIST (I,1) = $(t_1 - t_0) + (t_3 - t_2) + (t - t_4)$.

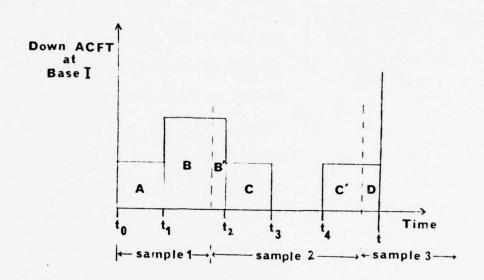
2) STOCKAREA (I) = area under the frequency distribution curve of base <u>I</u>. See above figure:

at time \underline{t} , STOCKAREA (I) = $(t_1-t_0)\cdot 1 + (t_2-t_1)\cdot 2 + (t_3-t_2)\cdot 1$ + $(t_4-t_3)\cdot 0 + (t-t_4)\cdot 1$ = A + B + C + D

- 3) BODIST (I,J) = the amount of time spent at backorder level J at a base I.
- 4) BOAREA (I) = area under the frequency distribution curve of base \underline{I} .
- 5) DACDIST (I,J) = the amount of time spent at down aircraft level <u>J</u> at base <u>I</u> which has flying activity.
- distribution curve of base <u>I</u> which supports flying activity during sample <u>K</u>.

 By dividing the total simulation time in equal samples and testing for independence among the samples, we hope to perform statistical analysis on the 'criterion value' at each base which is obtained directly from DACAREA. The test for independence among samples is crucial for obtaining variances and confidence intervals (see Appendix D for a discussion on the independence test).

 (Note: criterion value = average down aircraft at base <u>i</u> / total number of aircraft at base <u>i</u> / total number of aircraft at base <u>i</u> /



at time
$$\underline{t}$$
, DACAREA (I,1) = A + B

DACAREA (I,2) = B' + C + C'

DACAREA (I,3) = D

DIST is the parameter that indicates which calculations are to be performed. The values it may take on are as follows:

- 'STOCK'--indicates stock level measurements are to be updated.
- 'BO'--indicates backorder measurements are to be updated.
- 'DAC'--indicates down aircraft measurements are to be updated.

(1x) BACKORDQ

Parameter: (BASE)

This procedure is invoked from PLANEFAILEVENT when a backorder is recorded at BASE.

BACKORDQ appropriately queues the backorder.

(x) RNG

Parameters: (MEAN, U)

This function procedure is invoked from either PLANEFAILEVENT, ENGAVAILEVENT or SHIPEVENT.

Synopsis:

RNG returns an exponentially distributed random variable with mean MEAN.

This is achieved by using the "inverse transformation" technique of random number generation:

- Generate a random number, \underline{U} , uniformly distributed between (0,1).
- Return the value of F'(U) where F'(U) ≡ inverse of the exponential distribution function.

RNG is used to generate the number of flying hours until failure of an engine on an aircraft.

MTBR of the combination code of the aircraft, where MTBR = mean time between removal, is the argument which corresponds to MEAN.

(x1) SHIPTIME_RNG

Parameters: (MU, SIGMA, U)

This function procedure is invoked from SHIPEVENT.

Synopsis:

SHIPTIME_RNG returns a normally distributed random variable with mean MU and standard deviation SIGMA.

This is achieved by using one of the most

efficient stochastic variate generation techniques for a normally distributed random variable. This technique, like most random number generation techniques, is based on the generation of a random number, U, uniformly distributed between (0,1).

SHIPTIME_RNG is used when probabilistic 'dock' and 'deployment' carrier times are desired (user option--see Appendix B).

The arguments corresponding to MU and SIGMA for each carrier are user inputs.

(x11) SAFETY_STOCK

Parameters: (LAMDA, C)

This function procedure is invoked once for each base during the initialization stage.

Synopsis:

SAFETY_STOCK returns the largest integer, \underline{S} , such that:

Probability $\{x \le S\} \ge C$,

where \underline{x} is defined as the number of engines in resupply. We assume that the probability distribution of \underline{x} is Poisson with mean LAMDA. Thus, \underline{C} is the desired probability of having no outstanding backorders at an arbitrary point in time.

- LAMDA = Daily Demand Rate x Average Resupply
 Time
- · C is a user input for each base.

SAFETY_STOCK is used in the event a 'DODrequirement' calculated spare stock level is desired
instead of a user inputed level (user option--see
Appendix B).

(xiii) IND_TEST

Parameters: (DACAREA, CRIT BASE)

IND_TEST is a function procedure invoked from SAMPLE.

Nomenclature:

- XBAR--the average of all sample values taken at the base.
- DACAREA--a one dimensional vector in this procedure consisting of ordered sample observations.
- CRIT_BASE--the base whose observations are being tested.
- SUM 1--the statistic $\sum (x_i x_{i+1})^2$
- SUM 2--the statistic $\sum (x_i \overline{x})^2$
- CN(K)--the statistic $1 \frac{SUM1}{2 \cdot SUM2}$ at base K.

Synopsis:

IND_TEST tests the observations at CRIT_BASE for independence and returns a value of "1" if the series is independent and "0" otherwise.

IND_TEST uses Fishman's technique of time series
independence testing [3] (see Appendix D for
discussion).

(xiv) IND_OUT

IND_OUT is invoked from SAMPLE, and determines

whether enough bases have passed independence tests (user option)

Nomenclature:

- NUMFAILS—the number of times the independence test has failed.
- LIMTEST—the user's limit on number of tests desired.

Synopsis:

If user specifications were met, test results are printed, listing number of samples, sample interval, bases, their pass/fail status, and its test statistic calculated by IND_TEST. The report of entire simulation statistics then follows.

Otherwise, if more tests are allowed, successive observations of downed aircraft are paired and regrouped, sample intervals are doubled, and TOTSAMPLES/2 more samples are regrouped. Again test results are printed as in the above paragraph.

If the limit on tests was reached, test results are printed in addition to some warnings and suggestions for achieving acceptance of independence. A report is then printed.

(xv) RES_OUT

RES_OUT is invoked from IND_OUT. It simply prints the results of the independence test each time the test is performed. It includes the base name, a pass/fail status, and the CN test statistic for each base.

AIV. SPAERS Source Instructions

*PL/C 10 = * GIV84Y , HENRY * , TIME = (8,00), PAGES = 100, LINES = 5000

*OPTIONS IN SPECIA FPACE *OPTIONS IN SPECIA* FPACE *OPTIONS IN SPECIA* *CAL

TIME = (8.0), PAGES = 100, LINES = 5000, NOATR, NOXREF, FLAGW, BNORY, NOCMNTS, SGR 4517= (2,72,1), FPRGRS = (56,50), TARS (2E=29412, UDEF, SOURCE, OPLIST, NOCMPSS, HOMPS, AUXIO=10000, L1760T = 50, NOALIST, NCALL, MTEXT, DUMP = (S,F,L,E,U,R), UDMPE = (S,F,L,E,U,R), DUMPE = (S

NAVY: PRECEDURE OPTIONS(MAIN);

PL/C-R7.1--66 05/23/75 18:21 PLGE

STAT LEVEL NEST BLOCK MLVL SOURCE TEXT

NAVY: PROCEDURE OPTIONS (MAIN);

/*STPATEGIES. THE MODEL DESIGN WAS PROMPTED BY THE NAVNET */
/*PUBLICATION WRITTEN BY DR. JOHN A. MUCKSTADT WHICH ANALY—
/*TICALLY DETERMINES STOCK REGUIREMENTS AT EACH BASE IN A REPAIR#/
/*SYSTEM. THE SIMULATION HAS THE ABILITY TO CVALUATE SYSTEM */
/*PERFORMANCE OF ANY DISTRIBUTION OF SPARE FNGINE STOCK */ 1: * 1: 1 * * * * /*FOR PIPELINE AND SAFETY SPACES. SYSTEM PERFORMANCE, IN TEPMS /*OF TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGES OF DOWNED AIPCHART DIVIDED BY TOTAL /*SYSTEM AIRCRAFT, IS SUPPORTED BY OTHER OBSERVED STATISTICS /*CORNELL UNIVERSITY AND DR. JAMES MATTHESEN, U.S. NAVY SYSTEMS /*ING THE PERFORMANCE OF AIRCRAFT ENGINE REPAIR SYSTEMS OF THE /*MASTERS OF ENGINEFPING PROJECT THESIS BY HENPY S. GIVRAY AND /*ROBERT A. SLOW, CORNELL UNIVERSITY OR/IE DEPARTHENT, 1976. /*VALUABLE CONSULTATION WAS PROVIDED BY DR. JOHN A. MUCKSTADT, /*FAULT INITIALIZATION OF SPARES FOLLOWS THE DOD REGULARINES /*THROUGHOUT THE SYSTEM, BOTH IN A TWISTED PIPELINE CONFIGUR-/*ATION AND A STEADY STATE RENDERING OF A REPAIR SYSTEM. DE-/*LIKE AVERAGE ON HAND STOCK, BACKORDERS AND DOWNED AIRCRAFT, /*AND INCLUDES TIME WEIGHTED LISTINGS OF STOCK AND SACKORDER MODEL ASSUMPTIONS AND DESCRIPTIONS ARE AVAILABLE IN THE /*UNITED STATES WAVY AS A FUNCTION OF ITS INITIAL STOCK SIMULATION MODEL WAS DESIGNED TO BE A TOOL FOR S REPAIR SYSTEMS AIRCRAFT ENGINE SIMULATION PERFORMANCE FOR THE S α . TSYLYST. V#THIS *

SAFETY_STOCK ENTRY(BIN FLOAT, BIN FLOAT); DCL(TOTNUMBASES, TOTNUMSHIPS, TOTNUMAC, TOTNUMTYPEAC, TOTNUMCC, MAXENGCAP, III, II2, MAXSCHEDLENGTH, TOTSAMPLES) BIN FLOAT; DCL RNG ENTRY(BIN FLOAT, BIN FLOAT) RETURNS(BIN FLOAT); DOL SHIPTIME RNG ENTRY(BIN FLOAT, BIN FLOAT, BIN FLOAT) LIST(ENGMODEL,OEPOT,IOINUMBASES,IOINUMSHIPS,IOINUMAC,IOINUMIYPEAC,IOINUMACC,MAXSNGCAP, DCL (ENGMODEL, DEPOT) CHAK(20) VAR;

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CORNELL UNIV ITHACA N Y DEPT OF OPERATIONS RESEARCH F/G 21/5 AD-A035 737 SPAERS: SIMULATION FOR THE PERFORMANCE AIRCRAFT ENGINE REPAIR S--ETC(U) N00014-75-C-1172 MAY 76 H GIVRAY, R SLON NL UNCLASSIFIED 2 OF 3 AD-A 035 737

NAVY: PROCEDURE OPTIONS (MAIN):

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XSCHEDLENGTH, TOTSAMPLES): NUMSHIPS=0 THEN III=0: II2=0: II2=0: II2=0: II2=4AXSCHEDLENGTH: II2=4AXSCHEDLENGTH: II2=4AXSCHEDLENGTH: II2=4AXSCHEDLENGTH: II2=4AXSCHEDLENGTH: II2=4AXSCHEDLENGTH: II2=AAXSCHEDLENGTH: III = III III = III III = III III = III III = IIII = III III = IIII = IIIII = IIII = IIII = IIII = IIII = IIII = IIIII = IIII = IIIII = IIIII = IIIII = IIIIII		*	¥ ¥	•	*	*		
æ	A BASE AT A BASE. DING TO MAVY SPECIFIC. INE STOCK A BASE. A BASE. S IN THE SYSTEM: FOR 'S MEANPL'ST AND MEAN.	NCE MEASURES AT BASE	A BASE	SATISFIE	PLY ACTIVITY		TOTNUMSHIPS=0 THEN DO:	MAXSCHEDLENGTH.TOTSAMPLE TOTNUMSHIPS=0 THEN DO:
						7 7 7		

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*	14	*/ // // // // // //	``	* * *	/*	\ \t	7	/*	*/ SESJOJ,	*	h	4	*	7
/*INDICATES A SPECIFIED PROBABILITY OF MEETING DEMAND CRITICAL(TOTHUMBASES),	/*IDTAL TIME A SHIP HAS SPENT AT SEA. /*LAST SYSTEM TIME AT WHICH A SHIP LEFT PORT. (CUMSEATIME(III:TOTNUMSHIPS), LSEATIME(III:TOTNUMSHIPS)) INIT((IOTNUMSHIPS)O),	/*SUMMATION OF THE PRODUCTS XMTIME IN X, /#EDR BACKDRUFRS AND STOCKLEVELS . (STOCKAMPA(TOTNUMA4SES), BGAREA(TOTNUMBASES)) INIT((TOTNUMBASES))),	/ATIMS WEIGHTED AVERAGE OF DOUNED A/C AVGDAC(TOTNUMBASES) INIT((TOTNUMBASES)0),	/*LAST TIME THE STOCKLEVEL CHANGED AT A BASE /*LAST TIME THE DOWNED A/C COUNT CHANGED AT A BASE /*LAST TIME A BACKDROFE LEVEL CHANGED AT A BASE LSTIME(TOTNUMBASES) INIT((TOTNUMBASES)0), LDACTIME(TOTNUMBASES) INIT((TOTNUMBASES)0), LBOTIME(TOTNUMBASES) INIT((TOTNUMBASES)0),	/*CURRENT NUMBER OF DOWNED A/C AT A BASE DACNUMITOTNUMBASES) INIT((IOTNUMBASES)0),	/#IDIAL NUMBER OF A/C AT A BASE AIRCRAFI(IOINUMBASES) INII((IOINUMBASES)O),	PASSBASE INIT(0), /* INDEX OF INDEPENDENCE RESULT FOR EACH BASE PASSFAIL(TOTNUMBASES) INIT((TOTNUMBASES)),	PERCPASS, TOTMUMACB INIT(0), /*TOTAL NUMBER OF ENGINES AT A BASE, ENGINES(TOTMUMBASES)),	/* DOWN AIRCRAFT SAMPLE OBSERVATIONS DACARFA(TOTNUMBASES,TOTSAMPLES) INIT ((TOTSAMPLES*TOTNUMBASES)O),	/*INDEPENDENCE TEST STATISTIC AT EACH BASE CN(TOTNUMBASES) INIT((TOTNUMBASES)),	<pre>/* NUMBER OF FAILURES IN INDEPENDENCE TEST NUMFAILS INIT(0),</pre>	/* I STATISTIC FOR CONFIDENCE INTERVALS TSTAT,	/* LIMIT ON NUMBER OF INDEPENDENCE TESTS TO BE PERFORMED LIMITEST,	/* DESIRED LEVEL FOR INDEPENDENCE TEST

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/* CUMULATIVE SEATIME IN EACH SAMPLE SAMPSEATIME(III: TOTNUMSHIPS, TOTSAMPLES) INITI(ITOTNUMSHIPS*TOTSAMPLES)O), /* BASE WHERE DOWN AIRCRAFT UBSEPVATIONS WILL BE TESTED FOR INC	/* /**.GNI
CRIT_BASE. /* CONFIDENCE LEVELS FOR INTERVALS AND INDEPENDENCE TEST ALPHAT, ALPHANDRM,	*
/* VARIANCE OF SRITERION AT EACH BASE VARCRITERION(TOTNUMBASES) INIT((TOTNUMBASES)O).	*
/*COMBINATION CODE (SEE MANUAL)	*
/*THE INPUT RATE IN ENGINES PER DAY CONTRIBUTED BY BASE I TO /*REPAIR ACTIVITY J. P(IQINUM34SES,-1:3) INIT((IQINUMBASES*5)0),	* #
/*STOCK IN PIPELINE R(Intnumbases) INIT((IGINUMBASES)0),	*
/*CUMULATIVE DISTRIBUTION FOR P(FAILURE IS JTH DEGRES) /*FOR FACH COMBINATION CODE. CCDIST(TOTNUMCC,-1:3),	* *
/*DENSITY DISTRIBUTION FOR P(FAILURE IS JTH DEGREE). CCDISTDENS(TCTNUMCC,-1:3) INIT((TOTNUMCC*5)0),	*
/*DESTINBATION BASE OF THE ENGINE WHICH HAS JUST FAILED. DESTINBASE,	*
/*DESTINATION OF FAILUPE J AT BASE I. NEXTECH(TOTNUMBASES,-1:3),	*
/*QUEUE WECHANISMS FOR BACKGROERS, DOWNED A/C. DACQBOT(TOINUMBASES) INIT((TOINUMBASES)), SGGROT(TOINUMBASES) INIT((TOINUMBASES) 0), BACGTOP(TOINUMBASES) INIT((TOINUMBASES)), DACGTOP(TOINUMBASES) INIT((TOINUMBASES)), SHIPQPT(O:TOINUMBHIPS), DACGPT(TOINUMBC), ACFAILQFPT(O:TOINUMBC),	*
/*BACKRAGER LEVEL AT EACH BASE BACKBROERS(TOTNUMBASES) INIT((TOTNUMBASES)0),	#
1*RANDOM VARIATE SEEDS FOR GENERATION OF FAILURES FOR EACH BASE RVS(TOTMUMAASES).	*
/#SHIPNUMBER OF FACH BASEO IF NON-CARRIER.	*

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1 **	*	*	/*	/#	1"	*	*	*	*	**	,	*	\frac{1}{*}	/*	,
/*TRAVEL TIME TO BASE I FROM BASE J TRAVILME(TOTMUMBASES, TOTMUMBASES).	/*TIME IN AND CUT OF PORT FOR EACH SHIP SEASCHED(III:TOTNUMSHIPS,III:II2), PORTSCHED(III:TOTNUMSHIPS,III:II2), IND(III:TOTNUMSHIPS) INIT((IOTNUMSHIPS))),	/*THE HOWIZON OF A SHIP'S PORT AND DOCK SCHEDULE SCHED_LENGTH(III:TOTNUMSHIPS),	/*INDICATES A RANDOM OF DETERMINISTIC SHIPSCHEDULE (0 OR 1) SCHED_IND(III:IGINUMSHIPS).	/#IDENTIFIES SHIPS WITH A BASENUMBER SHIPBASE(III:TOTNUMSHIPS).	/*TIME OF NEXT DOCK OR DEPLOYMENT ACTIVITY AT EACH BASE. SHIPTIME(0:TOTNUMSHIPS).	/*THE BASENUMBER OF A SASE'S PORTO UF NOT A SHIP PORT(TOTNUMBASES),	/*NUMBER OF ENGINES PER EACH AIRCRAFT TYPE ENGCAP(TOTNUMTYPEAC),	/*NEXT TIME AN A/C WILL FAIL GIVEN IT IS NOT IN A DOWNED STATE. FAILTIME(0:TOTNUMAC) INIT(0),	/*THE BASE TO WHICH AN AIRCRAFT BELONGS. BASEQ(IDINUMAC).	/*COMBINATION CODE OF EACH TYPE OF AIRCRAFT (ORDER NUMBER OF /*INPUT IS ASSIGNED TO ACTUAL CODE).	/*TYPE CODE NUMBER OF EACH A/C TYPE(IOTNUMAC),	/*THE LIFE OF ENGINE I ON AIRCRAFT J LIFENS(MAXENGCAP,TOTNUMAC),	/*FLYING HOURS PER MONTH FOR A/C TYPE I AT BASE J. FOHMETOTNUMTYPEAC.TOTNUMBASES),	/*MEANTIME BETWEEN REMOVALS (LESS REPAIRTIME) FOR EACH CC. MISSITUME) FOR EACH CC.	/*THE AMOUNT OF ADJUSTED STOCK AT A BASE (INPUT) CAPACITY(TOTNUMBASES!) BIN FLOAT;

*

DECLARE(/*TINE WHICH A SYSTEM TAKES TO REPAIR A UTH DECREE FAILURE. REPAIRTIME(-1:3),

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/*MFAN POST AND SEA TIMES FOR EACH SHIP (NORMALLY DISTRIBUTED). "/ MPORTIME(III:TOTNUMSHIPS), MSSATIME(III:TOTNUMSHIPS), /*TOTAL NUMBER OF OUTSTANDING ENGINES WHICH A SHIP EXPECTS /*TO BE RETURNED AT PORT NUMSENTENG(III:TOTNUMSHIPS) INIT((TOTNUMSHIPS))), /*MCST RECENT NUMBER OF FNGINES SENT TO PORT. LNUMSENTENG(III:TOTNUMSHIPS) INIT((TOTNUMSHIPS))) A RN FLOAT:	/*OTHER VARIABLES. DOLL ACTPORTNUM(IDINUMBASES), MEANDOCKTINE, DUMNYTIME, TEMP2, SYSPER, SLACKPERE, SYMMEIGHT INIT(0), BASEFALLEDAC.*300MT,FAILDEGREE,FAILEDAC.*FACS, U1, ACFAILDAOT, ACFAILQUUM, BASENUM, CLOCK.*SI, HALT, SAMPTIME.1.J.K. MDFH,NDUM,NUMACTYP,NUMTYPE,RVI.*RV2,U), CUMELYITME.0AYSTILFAIL.*DUM,FLYMRS,FLYTIME,HOLD,HOLDI,IMSAT, LINSRI, SWITCH,NUMSAVE,NUMENG,TIMLIM,ACTCODE,ACTNUM,*ENGAVAILQBOIT, KNT,FENGAVAILUMT,STOCKQUMT,RV3,KNTZ,RV4,II,UPA,ENGMEXT,KAP,BASEAVAIL, BOUNIN,NUMSAMPS,STIME,ACFAILTIME, MAXTIME INIT(0),INTI,INTZ,	DFR(TOTNUMAASES) INIT((IDINUMBASES)0), MAKSTOCK, MAKAG, TEMP1, SUMAC, TOTAC, (IDIDER, MAKIRAV) INIT(O), NJUNAVALLIME INIT(999999999), L INIT(O), NJ INIT(O) BIN FLOAT; DCL (BASENAME(IDINUMBASES), STATE(III: TOTNUMSHIPS)) CHAR(20) VAR; DCL (AC'AME(IDINUMTYPEAC)) CHAR(7) VAR; DCL DUMMY CHAR(3) VAR;	/*INITIALIZATION OF QUEUES AND SYSTEM PARAMETERS. U=.071653001; U1=.040552001; RV1=.125542783; RV2=.3365587007; RV3=.014256339; RV4=.550125475; CLUCK=0; BOOMT=1: BOSTOP=0;	DAGOTOP=0: ACFAILUPPT(0)=0; ACFAILQBPT=0: ACFAILQBOT=0; ACILITME(0)=-1: GET LIST (RVS): FACS=SGRT((TOTSAMPLES-2)/(TOTSAMPLES**2-1)); NUMSAMPS=1: GET LIST(SI.LIMTEST.CRIT_BASE,NOPMAL_STAT.ALPHANGYM,TSTAT,ALPHAT);
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	0	~~~	********	
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IF CRIT_BASE=0 THEN PERCPASS=1-ALPHANDAM; ELSE PERCPASS=1; Get List(CC_CODE);	/*INPUT SHIP MGANS AND STANDARD DEVIATIONS. /*INPUT MEAN TIME BETXEEN REMOVALS AND GENERATE INITIAL DOWNED */ /*AIRCRAFT OUFUE. /*INPUT PORT SCHEDULE AND SEASCHEDULE FOR SHIPS. /*INPUT PORT SCHEDULE AND SEASCHEDULE FOR SHIPS. /*INPUT PORT SCHEDULE AND SEASCHEDULE FOR SHIPS. /*TIME OF ACTIVITY. /*OUGUE THE SHIPS IN ORDER OF NEXT ACTIVITY.	DG KNT=1 TO TOTNUMIYPEAC: GET LIST (ACNAME(KNT), ENGCAP(KNT), CC(KNT)); END; DG KNT=1 TO TOTNUMSHIPS; GET LIST (MPORTIME(KNT), MSEATIME(KNT), STD_DEV(KNT), SCHED_IND(KNT) , SCHED_LENGTH(KNT)); DG KNT2=1 TO SCHED_LENGTH(KNT); IF SCHED_LENGTH(KNT): IF SCHED_LIND(KNT): ASACCHED(KNT, KNTZ);	ELSE DO: PORTSCHED(KNI,KNI2)=SHIPTIME_RNG(MPORTIME(KNI),SID_DEV(KNI), RVS(KNI)); SEASCHED(KNI,KNI2)=SHIPTIME_RNG(MSEATIME(KNI),SID_DEV(KNI), RVS(KNI)); END; END; END; DO KNI=1 TO TOTNUMCC;	GET LIST (MTBA(KNT)); FND; DO KNT=1 ID TOTNUMAC; DACOPI(KNT)=KNT+1; END; SHIPTIME=-1; SHIPQPT=0; DO KNT=1 ID TOTNUMSHIPS; SHIPQPT(KNT)=KNT+1; PV3=RAND(RV3); RV4=PAND(RV4); IF SCHED_IND(KNT)=1 THEN DO;	DO KNT2=1 TO SCHED_LENGTH(KNT); MPORTIME(KNT) = MPORTIME(KNT) + PORTSCHED(KNT, KNT2); MSEATIME(KNT) = MSEATIME(KNT) + SEASCHED(KNT, KNT2); END; MSEATIME(KNT) = MPCRTIME(KNT) / SCHED_LENGTH(KNT); END; MSEATIME(KNT) = MPCRTIME(KNT) / SCHED_LENGTH(KNT); IF QV3>MSEATIME(KNT) / (MSEATIME(KNT) + MPORTIME(KNT)); IF SCHED_IND(KNT) = OTHEN SMIPTIME(KNT) = AT POKT;; IF SCHED_IND(KNT) = OTHEN SMIPTIME(KNT) = NV4 * SHIPTIME_RNG(MPORTIME(KNT), STD_OEV(KNT)); ELSE OU;
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SHIPTIME(KNI)=EV4*PORTSCHED(KNI,1); END; END; ELSE DO; STATE(KNI)='AT SEA'; IF SCHED_IND(KNT)='D THEN SHIPTIME(KNI):=V4*SEASCHED(KNI,1); FLSE SHIPTIME(KNI)=RV4*SEASCHED(KNI,1); FLSE SHIPTIME(COUM)>SHIPTIME(KNI)); DO WHILE (SHIPTIME(DUM)>SHIPTIME(KNI)); END; DOM=SHIPOPT(DUM); END; SHIPOPT(DUM); SHIPOPT(KNI)=HOLD; SHIPOPT(KNI)=HOLD;	/*INPUT THE DISTRIBUTION FOR FAILURE TYPES. /*DISTRIBUTION OF DATA IS IN DENSITY FORM /*INPUT REPAIRTIMES. DO KNT=1 TO TOTNUMCC; GET LIST (CCDISTDENS(KNT,2),CCDISTDENS(KNT,1), CCDISTDENS(KNT,-1),CCDISTDENS(KNT,0)); CCDISTGENS(KNT,-1),CCDISTDENS(KNT,0));	DO INDI=2 TO 0 8Y -1: CCDIST(KNT, INDI)=CCDIST(KNT, INDI+1)+CCDISTDENS(KNT, INDI); END; END; END; GET LIST(REPAIRTIME(3), REPAIRTIME(2), REPAIRTIME(1), REPAIRTIME(-1), REPAIRTIME(0)); PUT EDIT('SYSTEM STRUCTURE FOR DEPOT= ', DEPOT,' OF ENGINE TYPE-')] ***MODEL ', ENGMNDEL) (COULT COULT C	(COL(47),A); (COL(47),A); (COL(47),A); ELSE PUT SKIP EDIT('(TWISTED PIPELINE)') (COL(48),A); DO 1=1 TO TOTNUMCC; PUT SKIP(2) EDIT('CC= ',CC_CODE(1),'MTGR(IMC, IMSP)= ', MTRR(1) (COL(15),A,F(3),COL(25),A,F(5,2)); PUT SKIP EDIT('MAINT LEVEL: ','3RD-DEG','2ND-DEG','1ST-DEG', COL(50),A,COL(62),A,COL(13),A,COL(13),A,COL(130),A); PUT SKIP EDIT('PROB MAINT:') (COL(19),A);	ELS FLS FLS N=M
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                        00 N=3 TO -1 BY -1:
IF N=0 THEW PUT BOIT(REPAIRTIME(-1))(GOL(77),F(5,2));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             DO II=1 TO TOTNUMBASES;
GET LIST (TRAVTIME(I,II));
IF MAXTRAWCTRAVTIME(I,II) THEN MAXTRAV=TRAVTIME(I,II);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      /* ASSIGN AIRCRAFT TO BASES, GENERATE AND QUEUF THE INITIAL /*AIRCRAFT FAILURES, AND ASSUME NO INITIAL DOWNED AC.
/* CALCULATE A RUNIN TIME AND HALT TIME.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 PUT SKIP(3) FOIT(*BASE NAME: *,9ASENAWE(1)) (COL(4),4,A);
PUT SKIP FOIT(*BASE #: *,1) (COL(30),4,F(2));
IF SHIPNUM(1)>0 THEN PUT EDIT(*MEAN S'A TIME* ',NSCATIME!
                                                ELSE IF N=-1 THEN PUT EDIT(PEPAIRTIME(0))
(COL(91),F(5,2));
ELSE PUT EDIT(MEPAIRTIME(N)) (COL(M),F(5,2));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    GET LIST(BASENAME(I), BASENUM, SHIPNUM(I), ACTPORTNUM(I),
NUMACTYP, PDRT(I), PLIND(I), PLSTOCK(I), CRITICAL(I),
PUT SKIP EDIT ('REPAIRTIME: ') (COL (19), A);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        LOACTIME(I) = SHIPTIME (SHIPNUM(I));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                LSTIME(I)=SHIPTIME(SHIPNUM(I));
LBOTIME(I)=SHIPTIME(SHIPNUM(I));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     IF STATE(SHIPNUMILI))= AT PORT THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              IF MOD(I,3)=0 & I = TOTNUMBASES THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     GET LIST (NEXTECH(I, II));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           SUMWEIGHT = SUMWEIGHT + WEIGHT (1);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  PUT SKIP EDIT ( .- . ) (A);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          SHIPBAS = (SHIPNUM(I))=I;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                05 N=1 TO 119;
PUT FOIT ('-') (A);
                                                                                                                                PUT SKIP(3) EDIT("-") (A);
                                                                                                                                                                                                             /*IN PUT BASE ATTRIBUTES
                                                                                                                                                          PUT EDIT( !- !) (A);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         SO 11=3 TO -1 8Y -1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 IF SHIPNUM(I) == 0 THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               DES_CRIT(1), WEIGHT(1));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             DO I=1 TO TOTNUMBASES;
                                                                                          M=M+12;
                                                                                                                                             00 I=2 TO 120;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      PUT PAGE;
                                                                                                       END:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      END:
             M= 39:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         RV1=4V5(1);
                                                                                                                                                                                   10=fk :0=7
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          END:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     : CN3
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SHIPNUM([])) (COL(63), A, F(5,2));	PUT SKIP EDIT ('CARRIER #: ', SHIPNUM(I)) (COL(30),4,F(2));	<pre>IF SHIP UM(1)&gt;O THEN PUT EDIT("MEAN DOCK TIME= ", MPORTIME( SHIPMUM(1))) (COL(63), 4. E(5.2));</pre>	IF SHIPNUM(1)>0 THEN PUT SKIP EDIT("CARRIER"'S PROT: BASE #",	FLSE On:	COL(30).A.F(2));	END;	IN NUMBER OF THE OFFICE	ELSE DUMMY="YES";	SKITCH=1;	DO WHILE(SWITCH=1);	SWITCH=0;	ELSE IF 1=NFXTECH(I, HD(I)) THEN SWITCH=O;	ELSE HO(I)=HO(I)+I;	END:	PUT SKIP(2) EDIT("HIGHESI REPAIR DEGREE" '	(COL(34), 4, F(1), COL(67), 4, 4);	POSTNUM(I)	:00	OUT ENIT("			. 12/-DEG 12/-DEG/UH UVERHAUL . / LCULISZ) . A. COL (78) . A. COL (86) . A. COL (96) . A. COL (102) . A. COL (113) . A);	PUT SKIP EDIT(' BASE #:') (COL(62).a);		00 N=3 TO -1 6Y -1;	:	MICH PUT FOLIANTIAN TONE (A) (COLOR TO) FOR	WHXHA STATE OF THE	END;	PUT SKIP EDIT('   TRAVEL TIME:') (COL(62), A);	· I O I C F C F C F C F C F C F C F C F C F C	THE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACT	IF N=0	(COL(104), F(2));	ELSE IT NELL THEN DOLL ED IT	ELSE PUT EDIT(TRAVIIME(I, NEXTECH(I,N))) (CGL(IS); (CGL(I)); (CGL(I,N)) (CGL(I,N); ELS);	END;	ELSE DO;	IF N=0 THEN PUT EDIT ("N/A") (COL(104), A);	ELSE (F N=1 THEN PUT EDIT ("N/A") (CGL(115),A);	: ( d	ELSE IF N=2 THEN PUT EDIT ('N/A')(C)L(P3)
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	185	00	185	197	188	0	0	2	C	5	0	C	5	200	0		202	0	00	)	205		C	C	C		4			217	-	10	10		527	226	2	2	ru (	233	1	235

### STAT LEVEL NEST BLOCK MLVL SOURCE TEXT

FND: FND: R=M+8: FND:	EN 00;	PUT EDIT('MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES' 11		PUT SKIP FDIT(* BASE #:*) (COL(62),A);		ELSE IF N=1 THEN PUT EDIT(NEXTECH(1,0)) (COL(115),F(2));	ELSE PUT EDIT(NEXTECH(I,N)) (COL(X),F(2)); M=M+R:	END:	Switch=1:	EL SE	DO; PUT SKIP(2) EDIT("-") (A);	DO N=2 TO 120;	FOL EDIT (*1-1) (A):	ENO:		00 J=1 TO AUMACTYP:	P(1,*)=PDHX(ACTCODF,I)*ENGCAP(ACTCODF)*CCDISTOENS(	CC(ACTCODE)**)*NUMIYPE/(30*NTGR(GC(ACTCODE)))*P(1,*); is anipalistive file bolistical content in a	KANATIME (AHIDNUK ID) + KADATIME (SHIDNUK ID))	A IRCRAFT(I) A DOME TO THE TOTAL OF THE TOTA	ENGINES(I)=ENGINES(I)+E46CAP(4CICO3E)*NUMIYPE; Put skip edit(actgobe),cc_code(actgobe)),	F(3), COL(27), F(3), F(6,2), F	IF SWITCH=1 THEN	DO; PUT EDIT('TRAVEL TIME:') (A);	X=80; 00 h=3 TO -1 0Y -1;	IF NED THEN PUT EDIT(TRAVITAE(I-MEXTECH(I1)))	
2222	222	2	2	2 0	, 70	7 7	2 0	. 7	2 0	7 7	2	2	7 (	2 2	2	2 .	7 7	,	u	20	7 7		2	2 7	22	2	11
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233 239 240	111	545	246	4 4	11	2 10	254	u	in u	100	0	261	0 (	O	0	4: 4	00	270		1	273		-	7	278	33	Į.

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ELSE IF N=-1 THEN PUT EDIT (COL(115),F(2)); (TRAVIME(I,NEXTECH(I,0))) (COL(115),F(2)); FLSE PUT EDIT(TRAVIME(I,NEXTECH(I,N))) (COL(M),
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  DUM=MOD(DUM, SCHED_LENGTH(SMI PNUM(I)))+1;
DAYST ILFAIL=DAYSTILFAIL~TIMLIM;
                                                                                                  FOHM(ACTCODE, I) = FOHM(ACTCODE, I) *NUMTYPE/CEIL(NUMTYPE);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      ACFAILGDUM=ACFAILG3GT;
DO WHILE (FAILTIME(L)<FAILTIME(ACFAILGDUM));
ACFAILGDUM=ACFAILGMPT(ACFAILGDUM);
                                                                                                                                                                                                           DUW=IND(SHIPNUM(I));
TIMLIM=SEASCHED(SHIPNUM(I),DUM);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              TIMLIM=SEASCHED(SHIPNUM(I), DUM);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   FAILTIME(L) = HOLO + CUMFLYTIME + DAYSTILFAIL;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               DO WHILE (DAYSTILFAIL>IMLIM);
CUMPLYTIME=TIMLIM+CUMFLYTIME +
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  TIMLIM=SHIPTIME(SHIPNUM(I));
                                                                                                                                                             FLYHPS=RNG(MT&R(GC(ACTCODE)),RVS(I));
DAYSTILFAIL=FLYHRS*30/FCHM(TYPE(L),I);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                FAILTIME (L)=3*2**LIMTEST*TOTSAMPLES*SI;
                                                                                                                                                                                                      HOLD=SHIPT IME(SHIPNUM(3));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             PORTSCHED(SHIPNUM(I), DUM);
                                                                                                                                                                                       IF STATE(SHIPNUM(1)) = AT PORT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            : ((I) WOND I HS ) ON I = WOO
                                                                        00 N=2 TO 120;
PUT ECIT('-') (A);
                                                                  PUT SKIP(2) EDIT("-") (A);
                                                                                                                             IF FOHM (ACT CODE, I) SO THEN
                                                                                                                                                        CUMFLYTIME = 0; HOLD = 0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       HOLD=0:
                                                                                                                                                                                               THEN DO:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                ELSE DO;
                                                                                                         NUMTYPE=CEIL(NUMTYPE);
                                                                                                                                                                           IF SHIPNUM(1) -+0
                                                                                                                                          TYPE (L ) = ACTCODE;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          END:
                                                                                                                DO K=1 TO NUMTYPE
                           X=X+8:
                                                     J=NUMACTYP THEN
                                                                                                                                                  EASFO(L)=1;
                                                                                                                                                                                  THEN DO:
                                        SWITCH=0;
                                                                                      END:
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                                                                                             END:
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IF ACFAILODUM-ACFAILGINDT

## STAT LEVEL NEST BLOCK MLVL SOURCE TEXT

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IF AIRCRAFT (1) > 0 G OFR (1) > 0 THEN IF MAXTIME CENGINES (1) / DFR (1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        IF TOTNUMSHIPSYO THEN MEANDOCKTIME=MEANDOCKTIME/TOTNUMSHIPS;
                                                                                                                                  ACFAILOFPT(L) = ACFAILOFPT(ACFAILQDUM);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            LIFENGIENGNEXT, L) = RV3 #MT3R(CC(ACTCCOE));
                                                                                                                                                  ACFAILGFPT(ACFAILGDUM)=L;
ACFAILGPFT(L)=ACFAILGDUM;
ACFAILGBPT(ACFAILGFPT(L))=L;
              ACFAILQEPT(ACFAILQBOT)=L;
ACFAILGEPT(L)=L;
ACFAILQBPT(L)=ACFAILQBOT;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         00 J=-1 TO 3;
IF NEXTFCH(K, J)=I.E I == K THEN
P(I, J)=P(I, J)+P(K, J);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      DO ENGNEXT=2 TO ENGCAP(ACTCODE);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 MEANDOCKTIME = MEANDOCKTIME + MPORTIME (.1);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            ACFAILTIME = FAILTIME (ACFAIL QFPT (0));
                                                                         ACFAILOBOT=L;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    MAXTIME = FNGINE S(1) /DFR(1);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     DO K=1 TO TOTNUMBASES;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            SAMPTIME=RUNIN;
HALT=RUNIN+TOTSAMPLFS*SI;
SHIPTIME(0)=2**LIMTEST*HALT+1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  DFR(I) = DFR(I) +P(I, J);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          RV3=RAND[RV3];
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  LIFENG(1,L) = 0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        TOTOFR=TOTOFR+OFR(I);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                IF ACTPORTNUMIIINO THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                00 I=1 TO TOTNUMBASES;
00 J=-1 TO 3;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             ON I=1 TO TOTNIJMBASES;
                                                                                              END:
ELSE DO:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      NJ=NJ+1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   ・ロ・コーフローフス
THEN DO
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             MEANDOCKTIME=0;
DO I=1 TO TOTNUMSHIPS;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                DG I=1 TO TOTNUMBASES;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            RUNIN-CEIL(MAXTIME);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    END:
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# STMT LEVEL NEST BLOCK MLVL SOURCE TEXT

SPARES=FLOGR(2*fot DFR*(REPAIRTIME(0)+2*MAXTRAV)); 82:865fn; DCL( /*OUTH MECHANISM FOR ENGINE AVAILABILITY FNGAVAILTIME(0:SPARES), ENGAVAILUEPT(0:SPARES), ENGAVAILUEPT(0:SPARES), ENGAVAILUEPT(0:SPARES), ENGAVAILUEPT(0:SPARES),	DCL AVAILQ ENTRY(BIN FLOAT, BIN FLOAT, BIN FLOAT); ENGAVAILQFPT(0)=0; ENGAVAILQBDT=0; ENGAVAILQBDT=0; ENGAVAILQBDT=1; ENGAVAILTME(0)=-1; ENGAVAILTME(0)=-1; ENGAVAILTME(TIME(TIME(TIME(TIME(TIME(TIME(TIME(T	/*CALCULATE PIPELINE AND SAFETY STOCK LEVELS AND MAKE PIEPLINE #/ /*STOCK AVAILABLE AT ITS DESTINATION IN THE FUTURE (INITIALIZE */ /*THE PIPELINE).	DO 1=1 TO TOTNUMBASES;  DO J=-1 TO 3;  DO K=1 TO TOTNUMBASES;  IF NEXTECH(K,J)=1 THEN  DO:  IF SHIPNUM(K)=0   I=K THEN  DO:	IF HO(1)>J THEN DO:     TEMP=P(K,J)*TRAVTIME(K,I);     R(I)=R(I)+TEMP;     TEMPI=TRAVTIME(K,I);     END;     ELSE IF ACTPORTNUM(K)>O & TOTNUMSHIPS>O THEN	DOI TEMP=P(K,J)*MAX(O,REPAIRTIME(J)+TRAVTIME (K,I)-MEANDOCKTIME); R(I)=R(I)+TEMP; TEMPL=REPAIRTIME(J); ELSE DO:	TEMP=P(K,J)*(TRAVTIME(K,I)+REPAIRTIME(J)  1; 9(I)=F(I)+TEMP; FND; FND; IF MAXPL(I) <tempi do;="" else="" end;="" hd(i)<="J" if="" maxpl(i)="TEMPI;" temp="P(K,J)*MAX(O,REPAIRTIME(J)-MPORTIME(&lt;/th" then=""></tempi>
NNM	мемемеме			мен <b>ме</b> ме	mm mmmm	<b>м</b> . <b>м</b> мммммм
			- NM m 4 4	, w o o o o v	0000	0 00000440
N N M	<b><i>мммммммм</i></b>		m m m m m m			<b>m mmmmmm</b>
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## STAT LEVEL NEST BLOCK MLVL SOURCE TEXT

```
CAPACITY=0;
DO I=1 TO TOTNUMBASES;
IF PLIND(I)=0 THEN PLSTOCK(I)=SAFETY_STOCK(R(I), CRITICAL(I));
R(I)=PLSTOCK(I)-VAX(0,PLSTOCK(I)+LSD);
CAPACITY(I)=PLSTOCK(I)-R(I);
IF SHIPNUM(I)>0 THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               NUMSENTENG(SMIPNUM(I))=2(I);
STOCKLEVEL(PORT(I))=STOCKLEVEL(PORT(I))+9(I);
                                                                   ACTPORTNUM(1)>0 & TOTNUMSHIPS>0 THEN
       P(1)=q(1)+TEMP;
TEMP1=REPAIRTIME(J);
TEMP1=REPAIRTIME(J);
TEMP1=REPAIRTIME(J);
                                                                                TEMP=P(1,J)*"AX(O,TRAVTIME(K,!)-
                                                                                                                                                         IF MAXPL(I) < TEMPI THEN MAXPL(I) = TEMPI;
                                                                                                                                                                                    TEMP=P(I,J)*MSEATIME(SHIPNUM(I));
                                                                                                                              TEMP=P(I,J) *TAAVTIME(K,I);
P(I) =R(I) +TEMP;
                                                                                                                                           TEMP1=TRAVTIME(K, I);
                                                                                                    TEMPI=TRAVIIME(K, I);
                                                                                       MEANOCCATIME);
R(I)=R(I)+TEMP;
                                                                                                                                                                                           R(I)=R(I)+TEMP;
                                                      IF SHIPNUM(I)=0 | I=K THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                SHIPNUM(K)));
                                         NEXTECH(1, J) = K THEN
                                                                                                       END;
ELSE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           DO CH=1 TO R(I);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  PUT SKIP (5) EDIT ( ** ) (A);
                                                                    4
                            END:
                                                                                                                                                                 END:
                                                                                                                                                                                                  END:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              PUT EDIT (***) (A);
                                                                                                                                                                       ELSE
                                   END:
                                                                                                                                                                                                         END:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     END:
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    ELSE
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PUT ENIT(* SPARE STOCK LEVELS *) (A); 0G N=1 TO 50; PUT EDIT (***) (A); END;	PUT SKIP EDIT('*','*') (A,COL(120),A); PUT SKIP FOIT('*','84SE#:','84SER4#E:','LEVEL:','930 COMPU'    'TATION','INPUT','*')(A,COL(28),A,COL(39),A,COL(60),A,COL(71),A,COL(89),A,COL(89),A,COL(120),A);	PUT SKIP EDIT('*','*') (A,COL(120),A); MAXAC=0; MAXSTUCK=0:	DO 1=1 TO TOTALEMENTS:	STOCKLEVEL(I)=TEMP+CAPACITY(I);	PUT SKIP FOIT('*', 1, BASENAME(I), PLSTOCK(I)) (A,CDL(30), F(2), CDL(39), A, COL(62), F(2));	IF PLIND(I)=0 THEN PUT EDIT("X","*") (COL(78), A, COL(120), A);	ELSE PUT EDIT(*X*, **)[COL(91), 4, COL(120), 4);	STOCKLEVEL(1)+K(1);	IF MAXAGCAIRCRAFT(I) THEN MAXAC=AIRCRAFT(I);	END;	POL TATA TO TOTAL TATA TO TATA TATA	DO N=1 TO 119:	PUT EDIT (**) (A):	END;	PUT SKIP(2) EDIT("(NOTE: AN ""X"" UNDER THE FIRST HEADING DENOTES"   " THAT THE SPARE STOCKLEVEL HAS BEEN COMPUTED IN THE PROGRAM USING")	(4):	PUT SKIP EDIT('DOD-PEQUIREMENTS, WHILE AN ''X'' UNDER THE SECOND'!) ' HEADING DENDTES THAT THE SPARE STOCKLEVEL IS A USER IMPUT)') (COL(9),A);	PUT PAGE;	B3:BEGIN; /*QUEUE MECHANISM FDR BACKORDERS */		/*DISTRIBUTION ARRAYS FOR STOCK AND BACKGROER LEVELS. */ STOCKDIST(TOTNUMBASES.O:MAXSTOCK+1) [NIT(TOTNUMBASES.EX#AXSTOCK+2)]0].	<pre>BODIST(TOTMUMBASES,0:MAXSTOCK+1) INIT((TOTMUMBASES*(MAXSTOCK+2))0), DACDIST(TOTMUMBASES,0:MAXAC) INIT((TOTMUMBASES*(MAXAC+1))0) ) BIN FLOAT;</pre>	DCL FAILGEW ENTRY(BIN FLOAT, BIN FLOAT, BIN FLOAT); DCL BACKOROO ENTRY(BIN FLOAT); DO KNT=1 TO NJ;	800PT(KNT)=KNT+L: END:
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*/

## STRIP LEVEL NEST BLOCK MLVL SOURCE TEXT

/*CALLS THE APPROPRIATE FUNCTION WHICH EXECUTES THAT EVENT. */ /*THE CURRENT VALUE OF CLOCK IS THE CURRENT SYSTEM SIMULATION */ /*TIME.

CLOCK=MIN(SHIPTIMF(SHIPQPT(O)), ACFAILTIME, WJUNAVAILTIMF, IF CLOCK=NJUNAVAILTIME THEN GALL ENGAVAILEVENT; IF CLOCK= ACFAILTIME THEN CALL PLANGFAILEVENT; IF CLOCK=SHIPTIME(SHIPUPT(O)) THEN CALL SHIPEVENT; IF CLOCK=SAMPTIME THEN CALL SAMPLE; SAMPTIME, HALT 1: DO WHILE(1=1): * * * * * 527 523 324

* 3 2 * * * * * * 1 # # 1 7 -13 FOR INSTANCE, A SHIP PLACES A DEMAND ON THE POST WHICH DOESN'T FLY OR REPAIR. THE PORT MILL THEM SEND 47 THE ENGINE TO THE PROPES REPAIR BASE AND DEMAND ONE IMPA WHEN AN ENGINE TRANSACTION DOES NOT REGUING AN INTER-. AND THE SHIP CAN'T REPAIR IT, THE KEPAIR BASE SENUS MEDIARY PORT, THE ENGINE EXCHANGE TAKES PLACE AS EXPECTED. THAT IS, THE BASE AT WHICH AN ENGINE FAILS EXCHANGES FNGINES WITH THE REPAIR GASE. IF THE BASE ITSELF IS AGLE TO REPAIR THE FAILED ENGINE, NO EXCHANGE IS NECESSARY. IF THE FAILURE OCCURS ON A SHIP 4) IF AN ENGINE IS BEING SENT TO A BASE WITH LOWER REPAIR DEGREE (IN THE EVENT OF APORT WHICH NEITHER REPAIRS PLACE THE AIRCRAFT IN A DOWNED AIRCRAFT QUEUE DETERMINE THE DESKEE OF FAILURE WHICH OCCURED AND UPDATE DISTRIBUTIONS AND LEVELS. DETERMINE NEXT FAILURE TIME FOR AIRCRAFT AND PROVISIONS MUST BE MADE FUR DEMAND ACCOUNTING. /*PLANSFAILEVENT IS CALLED WHEN A FAILURE OCCURS.
/*THE EVENT INCLUDES THE FOLLOWING ACTIVITY.
/* 1) REMOVE THE FAILED AIRCRAFT FROM ITS QUEUE. PLACE IT BACK IN THE FAILURE QUFUE. RECORD A BACKORDER AND QUEUE IT. UPDATE LEVELS AND DISTRIBUTIONS. ATTEMPT TO MAKE THE PLANE OPERATIONAL PLACE AN ENGINE ON THE AIRCRAFT. WHICH BASE CAN REPAIR IT. AN ENGINE TO THE SHIP'S PORT. IF STOCK EXISTS, NOR FLIES.) /*PLANEFAILE VENT: RETURN. 5 5 2 # # # *

NAVY: PROCEDURE OPTIUNS (MAIN):

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STAT LEVEL NEST BLOCK MLVL SOURCE TEXT

```
CALL DISTRIBUTIONS (BASEFAILEDAC, 'STOCK');
STOCKLE VEL (BASEFAILEDAC) = STOCKLEVEL (BASEFAILEDAC)-1;
LIFENG(1, FAILEDAC) = RNG (MTBR (CC (TYPE (FAILEDAC))),
RNS (BASEFAILEDAC));
CALL FAILGEN (FAILEDAC, SHIPNUM (BASEFAILEDAC));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      OUMMYTIME=SHIPTIME(SHIPNUM(BASEFAILEDAC))-CLOCK;
NUMSENTENG(SHIPNUM(BASEFAILEDAC))=NUMSENTENG(SHIPNUM(
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           CALL DISTRIBUTIONS (BASEFAILEDAC, "BO");
BACKOPDERS (BASEFAILEDAC) = BACKORDERS (BASEFAILEDAC)+1;
CALL BACKORDQ (BASEFAILEDAC);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     DACOPT(DACOBOT(BASFFAILEDAC))=FAILEDAC;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   ELSE DUMMYTIME=TPAVTIME(BASEFAILEDAC, DESTINDASE);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   IF HD(DESTINBASE)=0 & FAILDEGREE=1 THEN FAILDEGREE=-1;
IF HD(DESTINBASE)>ABS(FAILDEGREE) THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 DACNUM(BASFFAILEDAC) = DACNUM(BASFFAILEDAC)+1;

DAC(BASFFAILEDAC) = DAC(BASFFAILEDAC)+1;
                                                                                                                                           DO AHILE (UI)CODISTICC(TYPE(FAILEDAC)), FAILDEGREE));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          DEMSAT (34SFFAILEDAC) = DEMSAT (34SFFAILEDAC)+1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 DACQBOTIBASEFAILEDAC) = FAILEDAC;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 DACQTOP(BASEFAILEDAC)=FAILEDAC;
DACQBOT(BASEFAILEDAC)=FAILEDAC;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       CALL DISTRIBUTIONS(BASEFAILEDAC, DAC');
                                                                                                                                                                                           DEMANDS (BASEFAILEDAC) = DEMANDS (BASEFAILEDAC) +1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   IF DESTINGASE -= PORT (BASEFAILEDAC) THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           DESTINBASE=NEXTECH(BASFFAILEDAC, FAILDEGREE);
                                                                                             ACFAILTIME = FAILTIME (ACFAILOFPT (0));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              BASEBOIBGGMT) = BASEF AILEDAC;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         HOLDESTINGASE 1> ABS(FAILDEGREE) THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       IF SHIPNUM(BASEFAILEDAC)>0 THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    IF DACOTOP(BASEFAILEDAC) = 0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 DACOPT (FAIL EDAC) = 0;
                                               ACFAILT! NE = 2 **LIMT EST *HALT+1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 DACUPT(FAILEDAC) = 0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                           IF STOCKLEVELIBASFFAILFDAC1 -= 0
                                                                                                                                                           FAIL DECREE=FAIL DECREE-1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    BASEFAILEDAC) +1;
ACFAILGRPT(ACFAILOFPT(O))=0;
               IF ACFAILQFPT(0)=0 THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  :00
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       THEN DO:
                                                              ACFAIL QBOT=0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  EL SE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     END:
                                                                                                              FAILDEGREF=3:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      · CN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             DUMMYT IME=0;
                                                                                                                              UI = RAND(UI);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                            THEN DO:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       ELSE DO:
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                                                                               END:
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DEMSAT(DESTINBASE) = DEMSAT(DESTIMBASE) + 1;
CALL AVAILQ(CASEF4ILEDAG, DESTIMBASE + 0, 0);
CALL DISTPIBUTIONS(DESTINBASE, * STOCK*);
STOCKLEVEL(DESTINBASE) = STOCKLEVEL(DESTINBASE) - 1;
                                                                                                                                  CALL D(STP16UTIONS(DESTINMASE, 1801);
MACKOROERS(DESTINGASE)=MACKORDERS(DESTINMASE)+1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        THEN HASSBOC(BOOMT) = PORT (BASSERAILEDAC);
ELSE BASSBOC(BOOMT) = BASSERAILEDAC;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            THEN CALL AVAILUIPORT (BASEFAILEDAC),
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      CALL DISTRIBUTIONS (DESTINBASE, 'STOCK');
STOCKLEVEL (DESTINBASE) =
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        SHIPNUM (DASEFAILEDAC), REPAIRTIME (FAIL DEGREE));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             CALL DISTRIBUTIONS (DESTINBASE, 130.);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 ELSE CALL AVAILU(BASEFATLEDAC)
DESTINBASE, C.O);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     DEMSAT(DESTINBASE) = DEMSAT(DESTINBASE) + 1:
IF SHIPNUM(BASEFAILEDAC) -= 0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     ELSE CALL AVAILG(DESTINBASE,BASEFAILFDAC,0,
REPAIRTINE(FAILDEGREE)+DUMMYTIME);
        OGMANDS(DESTINBASE)=DEMANDS(DESTINBASE)+1:
IF STOCKLEVEL(DESTINBASE)-=0 THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            CALL AVAILGIDESTINGASE, PORT (BASEFAILEDAC),
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              IF SHIPNUMIBASEFAILEDACI-=0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        BACKORDERS(DESTINGASE) = BACKORDERS(DESTINGASE)+1;
CALL BACKORD4(DESTINGASE);
                                                                                                                                                                                                      DESTINBASE=NEXTECHIBASEFAILEDAC, FAILDEGREE1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             STOCKLEVEL (DESTINBASE)-1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   NUMSENTENG(SHIPNUM(BASEFAILEDAG))=
NUMSENTENG(SHIPNUM(BASEFAILEDAG))+1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 IF DESTINBASE = POPT(BASEFAILEDAC) THEN DEMANDS(OESTINBASE)+1;
                                                                                                                         BASEBO(BOOMT) = BASEFAILEDAC;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      DESTINBASE,0,0);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                IF STOCKLEVEL(DESTINBASE) == 0
                                                                                                                                                        CALL BACKORDQIDESTINBASED;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           IF DESTINUASE -= PURT (BASEFAILEDAC)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       IF SHIPNUM (BASEFAILEDAC) == 0
                                                                                                                                                                                           BASEFAILEDAC = DE STINBASE;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             THEN DO:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    ELSE DO:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                            DESTINBASE -= BASEFAILEDAC
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         END:
                                                                               END;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       THEN DO:
                                                                                                                                                                      : QNG
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    THEN DO:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           END
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      THEN DO:
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## STMT LEVEL NEST BLOCK MLVL SOURCE TEXT

AACKORDERS ARE SATISFIED ON A FCES DASIS.

F THE NEXT BACKORDER IS TO THE BASE ITSELF (A */
DGWNED AIRCRAFT), THE AIRCRAFT IS MADE OPERATION-*/
AL AND PLACED BACK IN THE FAILUKF QUFUE.

IF THE NEXT BACKORDER IS TO ANOTHER BASE, THE */
ENGINE IS MADE AVAILABLE TO THAT BASE. 2 2 4 4 2 8 /*ENGAVAILEVENT IS CALLED WHEN AN ENGINE BECOMES AVAILARLE AT /*A BASE. DISTRIBUTIONS AND LEVELS ARE ADJUSTED ACCORDINGLY OTHERWISE THE ENGINE IS PLACED IN THE GASE'S OWN ENGINE STOCK IF NO BAKCORDERS EXIST. AFTER EACH TRANSACTION. /*ENGAVAILEVENT: /*BILITY QUEUE.

IF BASEBO(BOOTOP(BASEAVAIL))=BASEAVAIL BAS EAVAIL = BAS ENGAVAIL (ENGAVAILOFPT(O)); ENGAVAIL ? HOLD = ENGAVAILOFPT (ENGAVAILGFPT(O)); ENGAVAIL OFPT (ENGAVAIL GFPT (O)) = ENGAVAIL QMT; IF ENGAVAILOFPT(0)=0 THEN ENGAVAILUBOT=0; IF DACOTOP(BASEAVAIL) -= 0 ENGAVAILORPT(FNGAVAILOHOLD) = 0; ENGAVA ! LOFP T (0) = ENGAVA I LOHOLD; ENGAVATLOMT = ENGAVAIL CFPT (0); IF BUQTOP(BASEAVAIL) = 0 ENGAVATLEVENT: PROCEDUPE; THEN DO: THEN DO: 000000000000000000 ---

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SHIPNUM(BASEAVAIL); DACQTOP(BASEAVAIL)=DACQPT(DACOTOP(BASEAVAIL)); THEN CALL DISTRIBUTIONS(BASFAVAIL, "DAC"):
DACNUM(BASEAVAIL) = DACNUM(BASEAVAIL) = 1; RNGI MTBR (CC (TYPE (DACOTOP ( BASEAVAIL ) ) ), CALL FAILGEN(DACQTOP(BASEAVAIL), LIFENG(1, DACQTOP(BASEAVAIL))= RVS(BASEAVAILI); END: ELSE DO:

IF CLOCK-LDACTIME(BASEAVAIL)>0

THEN DO:

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END:

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6665 6665 6667 670 670 670

IF CLOCK-LSTIME(BASEAVAIL)>0
 THEM CALL DISTRIBUTIONS(BASEAVAIL, 'STOCK');
STOCKLEVEL(BASEAVAIL) = STOCKLEVEL(BASEAVAIL)+1;

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## STAT LEVEL NEST BLOCK YLVL SOURCE TEXT

ELSE CALL AVAILO(BASEBO(300TOP(BASEAVAIL)), BASE4VAIL, 0, 0);	SOCHOLO=8002T(800TCP(8&SFAVAIL));	33QPT(BOQTOP(BASEAVAIL))=8GQMT;	900VT=899TDP(8ASF4VAIL);	870TOP(BASEAVAIL)=800HCL0;	IF CLOCK-LBOTING(BASEAVAIL)>) THEN CALL	DISTRIBUTIONS(BASEAVAIL, '80'1);	BACKORDEPS (BAS EAVAIL) = BACKOHUEPS (BAS FAVAIL) - 1;	EVO:	ELSE DO:	IF CLUCK-LSTIME(GASEAVAIL)>O THEN CALL	DISTRIBUTIONS(BASEAVAIL, STOCK!);	STOCKLEVEL(BASEAVAIL)=STCCKLEVEL(BASEAVAIL)+1;	END:	IF ENGAVAILWEPT(O)=O THEN NJUNAVAILTIME=2**LIMTEST*HALT+1;	ELSE NJUNAVAILTIME=ENGAVAILTIME(ENSAVAILGFPI(O));	END ENGAVAILEVENT;	
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ASHIPEVENT: AS SHIPTIME ** SHIPTIME ** THE SHIP AT THIS AT THIS AND UPDA ** IN POAT. ** ARE SHIP AREN CA	/*SHIPEVENT: /*A SHIPTIME WILL INDICATE A SHIP'S TIME OF NEXT DOCKING OR */ /*DEPLOYMENT, DEPENDING ON ITS STATE AT SHIPTIME. /*IF THE SHIP WAS 'AT SEA', SHIPTIME INDICATES A DOCKING TIME. */ /* AT THIS TIME THE SHIP'S STATISTICS, LEVELS AND DISTRIBUTION*/ /* AT THIS TIME THE SHIP'S STATISTICS, LEVELS AND DISTRIBUTION*/ /* IN POAT. */ /* IN THE REAL SYSTEM, AT THIS POINT, ALL THE FAILED ENSINES */ /* ARE SENT OFF TO BE REPAIRED. THE SIMULATION HAS ALREADY */ /* TAKEN CARE OF THIS AT THE TIME OF FAILURE). /* THE NEXT DOCKTIME IS REMOVED FROM THE SHIP SCHEDULE AND A */
*** SHIPTI *** SOEPLOYME *** TH TS AT TH AT TH AT TH IN PO TAT TH AT TH	THE WILL INDICATE A SHIP'S TIME OF NEXT DOCKING OR NIT, DEPENDING ON ITS STATE AT SHIPTIME.  HIP WAS "AT SEA", SHIPTIME INDICATES A DOCKING TIME, IS TIME THE SHIP'S STATISTICS, LEVELS AND DISTRIBUTION POLATED TO ACCOUNT FOR ITS "DORMANCY" DURING ITS TIME. HE REAL SYSTEM, AT THIS POINT, ALL THE FAILED ENSINES HENT DE TO BE REPAIRED. THE SIMULATION HAS ALREADY CARE OF THIS AT THE TIME OF FAILURED.
4 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	NIT, DEPENDING ON ITS STATE AT SHIPTIME. HIP WAS 'AT SEA', SHIPTIME INDICATES A DOCKING TIME. IS TIME THE SHIP'S STATISTICS, LEVELS AND DISTAINUTIO BDOATED TO ACCOUNT FOR ITS 'DORMANCY' DURING ITS TIME. HE REAL SYSTEM, AT THIS POINT, ALL THE FAILED ENGINES. HE REAL SYSTEM, THE THE OF FAILURE). ICARE OF THIS AT THE TIME OF FAILURE). ICARE OF THIS AT THE TIME OF FAILURE).
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	HIP WAS 'AT SEA', SHIPTINE INDICATES A DOCKING TIME, IS TIME THE SHIP'S STATISTICS, LEVELS AND DISTRIBUTION POLICED TO ACCOUNT FOR ITS "DORMANCY" DURING ITS TIME SHIP.  HE REAL SYSTEM, AT THIS POINT, ALL THE FAILED ENGINES FOR DEFICE BEFRED. THE SHULLATION HAS ALREADY CARE OF THIS AT THE TIME OF FAILURE).
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	ILS TIME THE SHIP'S STATISTICS, LEVELS AND DISTRIBUTION DUATED TO ACCOUNT FOR ITS "DORWANCY" DUAING ITS TIME AT.  NAT.  HE GEAL SYSTEM, AT THIS POINT, ALL THE FAILED ENGINES FOR THE REPAIRED. THE SIMULATION HAS ALREADY CARE OF THIS AT THE TIME OF FAILURED.
# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	JPDATED TO ACCOUNT FOR ITS "DORMANCY" DURING ITS TIME NAT.  HE REAL SYSTEM, AT THIS POINT, ALL THE FAILED ENGINES FORT OFF TO BE REPAIRED. THE SIMULATION HAS ALREADY I CARE OF THIS AT THE TIME OF FAILURE).
2 Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z	NAT.  HE REAL SYSTEM, AT THIS POINT, ALL THE FAILED ENGINES SENT OFF TO BE REPAIRED. THE SIMULATION HAS ALREADY CARE OF THIS AT THE TIME OF FAILURE).
A A A S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	HE REAL SYSTEM, AT THIS POINT, ALL THE FAILED ENGINES SENT OFF TO BE REPAIRED. THE SIMULATION HAS ALREADY I CARE OF THIS AT THE TIME OF FAILURE).
A AREN	SENT OFF TO BE REPAIRED. THE SIMULATION HAS ALREADY I CARE OF THIS AT THE TIME OF FAILURE).  JEXT DOCKTIME IS REMOVED FROM THE SHIP SCHEDULE AND A
* TAKEN	I CARE OF THIS AT THE TIME OF FAILURE). JEXT DOCKTIME IS REMOVED FROM THE SHIP SCHEDULE AND A
	JEXT DOCKTIME IS REMOVED FROM THE SHIP SCHEDULE AND A
A THE A	
C RUN #	ONE IS GENERATED. THE NEW SHIPTIME IS CALCULATED AND
HL #	SHIP STATE BECOMES 'AT PORT'.
S SHT FIRT	SHIP IS "AT PORT" AT SHIP TIME, IT MUST BE PREPARED TO
/*DEPLOY.	
/* ITS A	JEW SHIPTIME IS DETERMINED, AND ITS STATE IS CHANGED I
S IV. *	SEAT. THE SHIP SCHEDULE ENTRY IS LIKEWISE REGENERATED. */
3H1 */	SHIP MUST BE RESTOCKED BY THE POFT.
# THE	DRUGR OF RESTOCKING IS
4 11	REJUVENATE DOWNED AIRCRAFT ON BOARD.
*	DETERMINE THE NEW FAILURE TIME FOR THE AIRCRAFT.
*	PLACE IT BACK IN THE FAILURE QUEUE.
* 2)	REPLACE THE ENGINE STOCK TO THE SHIP'S CAPACITY.
4	IF. AT ANY TIME DURING THE RESTOCKING, THE PORT RUNS
#	OUT OF ENGINES, THE APPROPRIATE NUMBER OF BACKCROSPS
*	ARE LUGGED AT THE PORT, AND REFILLED THE NEXT TIME.
*	LEVELS AND DISTRIBUTIONS ARE MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT THES,
*	STOCKING PROCESS.

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## STMT LEVEL NEST BLOCK MLVL SOURCE TEXT

CUMSEATIME (SHIPQPT(O)) = CUMSEATIME(SHIPQPT(O)) +CLOCK =	SAMPSEATIME(SHIPGPT(0), NUMBANDS) = SAMPSEATIME(SHIPGPT(0), NUMBANDS) = SAMPSEATIME(SHIPGPT(0),	NOTABLE AND PROPERTY STATE OF	+ COLUMN TO THE POST OF THE PO	PORTSCHED(SHIPOPT(O), IND(SHIPOPT(O)))=	. SHIPTIME_RNG(MPGRTIME(SHIPQPT(O)),STO_DEV(SHIPQPT(O)), RVS(BASFNUA));		CALL DISTRIBUTIONS (BASENUM, STOCK );		CALL DISTRIBUTIONS (BENEAUX) TOURS (BENEAUX) T	LBOTIME(BASENUM) = SHIPTIME(SHIPUPT(O));	LOACTIME(bASENUM)=SHIPTIME(SHIPUPT(O));	FND:	COLD	STATE(SHIPOPT(O))="AT SEA";	SHIPTIME(SHIPOPT(O))=SHIPTIME(SHIPOPT(O)) +	SEASCHED(SHIPGPT(O)*IND(SHIPGPT(O))); IF SCHED IND(SHIPGPT(O))≈0 THEN	SEASCHED(SHIPQPT(0), IND(SHIPQPT(0)))=	SHIPTIME_RNG(MSEATIME(SHIPOPT(O)),STO_DEV(SHIPQPT(O)),	TEXP=NEXFNIFACCSHIPGDT(0));	DEMANDS(PORT(BASENUM)) = DEMANDS(PORT(BASENUM)) +	NUMSENTENG(SHIP DPT(0)) - LNUMSENTENG (SHIP UPT(0));	CALL DISTRIBUTIONS (PORT (BASENDA));		IF DACOTIP(BASENUM) -= 0	THEN DO:	RAGAMENT TYPE (DAGDTO) . AVS (BASENDA) .	CALL FAILGEW(DACUTOP(BASENUM), SHIPGPI(0), SASENUM);	DACQTOP(EASENUM)=DACQPT(DACQTOP(BASENUM));	DACMUM(BASENUM)=DACNUM(BASENUM)-1;	BACKCRDERS (BASENUM) = BACKORDERS S(BASENUM) - 1;	ROCHOLO BEORD (BOJTOP (BASENDA));	SOUR (SOURCE) SOUR	ROOM = BOOLOP (BACROCK);	END:	FLSE UO;	STOCKLEVEL (BASENUM) = STOCKLEVEL (BASENUM) +1;	I ON S	STOCKLEVEL(PORT(BASEMUM))=STOCKLEVEL(PORT(BASEMUM))=1; NUMSENTENG(SHIPOPI(O))=NUMSENTENG(SHIPOPI(O))=1;	107W	IF TEMP-NUMSENTENCESHIPQPT(0))>LNUMSENTENCESHIPOPT(0))
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## STAT LEVEL NEST BLOCK MLVL SQURCE TEXT

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4 4
 +TEMP-NUMSENTENG(SHIPWPT(0))-LYUMSFNTFNG(SHIPQPT(0));
CALL DISTRIBUTIONS(PURT (BASFNUM)); 1301);
BACKCADERS(PORT (BASE JUM))=JACKCADERS(PORT (BASFNUM))+
 /*THIS PROCEDURE QUEUES BACKDRDERS TO A SPECIFIC BASE. THE /*QUEUE AT A BASE IS MAINTAINED SO THAT FIRST BACKORDERS ARE
 THEN BO(PORTIBASEDUAT)=BO(PORT(BASEVUAT)+NUMSEMTENG
 IF SHIPTIME (SHIPQPT(Q))>SHIPTIME (SHIPQPT(SHIPQPT(Q)))
THEN DEMSAT (PORT(BASENUA)) = DEMSAT(PORT(BASENUA))
 NUMSENTENG(SHIPOPT(0))-LNUMSENTENG(SHIPOPT(0));
IF NUMSENTENG(SHIPOPT(0))>LNUMSENTENG(SHIPOPT(0))
 LNJ~SENTFNG(SHIPOPT(3)) =NUMSENTENS(SHIPOPT(0));
 DO WHILE (SHIPTIME(INSRT)<SHIPTIME(HOLDI));
 (SHIPQPT(O))-LNUMSENTERG(SHIPGPT(O));
 SHIPUPT(0) = SHIPOPT(SHIPOPT(0));
 INSRI = SHI POPT (INSRI);
 800PT(800BOT(8ASE)) = 80QMT;
800BOT(8ASE) = 80QMT;
 INSAT = SHIPOPT(LINSAT);
 SHIPOPT (LINSRI) = HOLDI;
 SHIPQPT(HCLO1) = INSRT;
 HOLD1=SHIPOPT(0);
 LINSAT = INSAT:
 BOUTOP(BASE) = BOOMT:
 30330T(8ASE) = 502MT;
 LINSAT = SHIPOPT(0);
 BACKORDQ: PROCEDURE(BASE);
 800PT (800MT)=0;
 80(845E)=80(845E)+1;
80040L0=80QPT(800%T);
IF 80QTOP(845E) ==0
 DCL BASE 3IN FLOAT;
 /*SATISFIED FIRST.
 END:
 THEN DO:
 BOOPT (300'47) =0;
 : INBV BAINS CN3
 ROOMT-ROOHOLD;
 END BACKORDO;
 : QN3
 THEN DO:
 ELSE DO:
 1 *8 1CKOP 00:
 : CN3
 END:
 : GNJ

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```

#### NAVY: PROCEDURE OPTIONSIMAIN);

STAT LEVEL NEST BLOCK MLVL SOURCE TEXT

```
/*FAILGEN IS CALLED WHEN AN AIRCPAFT IS PUT BACK IN OPFATION. */
/*IT IDENTIFIES THE ENGINE WHICH WILL CAUSE THE AIRCPAFT TO FAILE/
/*GIVEN A FLYING SCHEDULE. THE OTHER ENGINE(S)' LIVES ARE RE- */
/*DUCED BY THE LIFE OF THE ENGINE WHICH WILL FAIL FIRST.
/*THE NUMBER OF DAYS BIFDRE FAILURE DEPENDS ON THE TYPE OF BASE */
/*AT MINCRAFT FLIES ON A CARRIER, THE DAYS UNTIL FAILURE */UST*/
/*E AM AIRCRAFT FLIES ON A CARRIER, THE DAYS UNTIL FAILURE */UST*/
/*GE 'PANDED' BY A PORT TIME, WHEN THE CARRIER SUPPORTS NO *//
/*FLYING. A GROUND BASE SUPPORTS FLYING MISSIONS AT ALL */
 *
 1
 4
 /*IT IS ASSUMED THAT AN AIRCRAFT FLIES THE SAME NUMBER OF HOURS
 /*AFTER A FAILURE TIME IS DETERMINED, THE AIRCRAFT IS PLACED
 JATHE FAILURE QUEUE.
 /*E.CH DAY.
 / WT INES .
```

```
DD NUMENG=1 ID ENGCAP(IYPE(PLANEN));
LIFENG(NUMENG,PLANEN)=LIFENG(NUMENG,PLANEN)-FLYHRS;
 LIFENG(1, PLANEN) = LIFENG (NUMSAVE, PLANEN);
 DAYSTILFAIL=FLYHRS *30/FOHM(TYPE (PLANEN) , BASEN);
 FLYHRS = LIFENG(NUMENG, PLANEN);
 TIML IM=SHIPTIME (SHIPN) -CLOCK;
 HOLD=SHIPTIME(SHIPN);
TIMLIM=SEASCHED(SHIPN, DUM);
FAILGEN: PROCEDURE (PLANEN, SHIPN, BASEN);
DCL (PLANEN, SHIPN, BASEN) BIN FLOAT;
MDFH=FGH4(TYPE(PLANEN), BASEN) / 30;
 DAYSTILFAIL=0; FLYTIME=0; SWITCH=1;
DG NUMENG=1 TG ENGCAP(TYPE(PLANEN));
 LIFENG (NUMSAVE, PLANEN) = HOLD;
 IF STATE(SHIPN) = AT PORT THEN
 IF FLYHRS>LIFENG(NUMENG, PLANEN)
 HOLD=LIFENG(1, PLANEN);
 FL YHR S=10*2**LINTEST*HALT+1;
 NUMSAVE=NUMENG;
 : (NG IND (SHIPN):
 DUM = IND (SHIPN);
 IF SHIPNA = 0 THEN
 THEN DO:
 CUMFLYTIME=0;
 IF NUMSAVE-1
 END:
 END:
 CNE
 HOLD=CLOCK;
 END:
 : GN3
 END:
 0000
 77777
 -- 22221
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 5000
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8054
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8054
8054
 810
```

DO WHILL COAYSTILL ALLYTIME IM);

## STAT LEVEL MEST BLOCK MLVL SOURCE TEXT

CUMFLYTIME=TIMLIM+CUMFLYTIMG+PORTSCHED(SHIPN, DUM):	DUX=XDD (DUX+SCHED_LENGILEND) +1;	OAYSTILFALL=DAYSTILFALL=TI4LI4;	TIML IM-SEASCHEO(SHIPN, DUM);	i ou	CY W	FAILTIME(PLANEN)=HPLD+CUMFLYTME+DAYSTILFAIL;	ACFAILGOUM=ACFAILGBOT;	DO WHILE(FAILTIME(PLAMEN) <failtime(agfailqoum));< th=""><th>ACFAILGDUM=ACFAILGBPT(ACFAILGDUM);</th><th></th><th>IF ACFAILODUM=ACFAILUBOT</th><th>716N DO:</th><th>ACFAIL OFPT (ACFAIL 090T) = PLANEN;</th><th>ACFAIL OFPT (PLANEN) = PLANEN;</th><th>ACFAIL OBPT (PLANEN) = ACFAIL@BOT;</th><th>ACFAILQBOT=PLANEN;</th><th>mno:</th><th>ELSE DO:</th><th>ACFAILUFPT(PLANEN)=ACFAILACFAILQDUM);</th><th>ACFAIL OFPI (ACFAILGDUM) = PLANEN;</th><th>ACFALLOBPI(PLANEN)=ACFAILQOUM;</th><th>ACFAIL DEPT (ACFAIL OF PT (PLANEW) ) = PLANEW;</th><th>いこのと</th><th>ACFAILTIME=FAILTIME(ACFAILOFPT(O));</th><th>END FAILGEN;</th><th></th></failtime(agfailqoum));<>	ACFAILGDUM=ACFAILGBPT(ACFAILGDUM);		IF ACFAILODUM=ACFAILUBOT	716N DO:	ACFAIL OFPT (ACFAIL 090T) = PLANEN;	ACFAIL OFPT (PLANEN) = PLANEN;	ACFAIL OBPT (PLANEN) = ACFAIL@BOT;	ACFAILQBOT=PLANEN;	mno:	ELSE DO:	ACFAILUFPT(PLANEN)=ACFAILACFAILQDUM);	ACFAIL OFPI (ACFAILGDUM) = PLANEN;	ACFALLOBPI(PLANEN)=ACFAILQOUM;	ACFAIL DEPT (ACFAIL OF PT (PLANEW) ) = PLANEW;	いこのと	ACFAILTIME=FAILTIME(ACFAILOFPT(O));	END FAILGEN;	
6	6	6	7	o	o	6	6	6	6	6	•	6	σ	6	6	0	6	6	6	6	6		6	c	(A	
~	2	7	2	?	-					-			1	-	-	7	-		-	-1	-	7	-			
5	5	2	2	10	5	5	5	2	5	2	2	2	2	5	2	5	2	2	5	5	2	S	5	5	2	
916	315	916	817	919	319	620	821	822	823	52 E	R 2 5	928	827	923	829	630	831	332	833	450	335	536	837	333	839	

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## STMT LEVEL NEST PLOCK MLVL SOURCE TEXT

```
Sampseatine(SHIPNUM(I),NUMSamps)=Sampseatime(SHIPNUM(I),
NUMSamps)+CLOCK-LSEATIME(SHIPNUM(I));
LSEATIME(SHIPNUM(I))=CLOCK;
 CUMSEATIME (SHIPNUM(I)) = CUMSEATIME (SHIPNUM(I)) + CLOCK -
 PASSFAIL(K) = IND_TEST (DACAREA(K, *), K);
 PASSBLSE=PASSBASF+PASSFAIL (K);
 PF=PASSFAIL(CRIT_BASE);
CALL IND_DUT;
 DO K=1 TO TGINUMBASES;
 PF=PASSBASE/TOTNUMACB
 LSEATIME(SHIPNUM(I)):
 IF CRIT_BASESO THEN DO:
 DO K=1 TO TOTNUMBASES;
IF AIRCRAFT(K)>0 THEN
 SAMPSEATIME (* , NUMSAMPS)=0;
 IF CLCCK=HALT THEN DO:
 DACAREA (* , NUMSAMPS) = 0;
 CALL IND_OUT;
 NUMSAMPS=NUMSAMPS+1;
 PASSEASE=0:
 SAMPTIME=SAMPTIME+SI;
END SAMPLE;
 END;
ELSE DO;
 END:
 END:
 END:
 END:
 : CNE
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```

/*************************************	<pre>IND_TEST: PROCEDURE(OACAREA,CRIT_BASE);     DCL (DACAREA(*),CRIT_BASE)    BIN FLOAT;     DCL(XBAR,I,SUMI,SUM2)    INIT(0)    BIN FLOAT;     DCL(XBAR,I,SUMI,SUM2)    INIT(0)    BIN FLOAT;     DC I=1 TO TOTSAMPLES;     IF SHIPNUM(CRIT_BASE)&gt;O THEN SA=SAMPSEATIME(SHIPNUM(CRIT_BASE)</pre>	ELSE SA=SI; XBAR=XBAR+DACAREA(I)/SA; FND; XBAR=XBAR/TOTSAMPLES; DO I=1 TO TOTSAMPLES-1; IF SHIPMUN(CRIT_BASE)>0 THEN	SUMI=SUMI+(DACAKEA(I)/SAMPSEATIME(SHIPNUM(CRIT_BASE) .1)-DACAKFA(I+1)/SAMPSEATIME(SHIPNUM(CRIT_BASE).1+1)
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## STMT LEVEL NEST BLOCK MLVL SOURCE TEXT

) **2; SUMZ=SUMZ+(DACARFA(I)/SAMPSEATIME(SHIPNUM(CRIT_SASF) .[)-X34R) **2;	FMD:	SUMI=SUMI+(OACARFA(I)/SI-OACARFA(I+I)/SI)*#2; SUM2=SUM2+(OACARFA(I)/SI-XBAR)##2;	END:	IF SHIPNUM(CRIT_BASE)>0 THEN SA=SAMPSEATINE(SHIPNUM(CRIT_BASE)	ELSE SASSIS SUM2=SUM2+(DACAREA(TOTSAMP)FS)/SA-XBAR)**2:		1	FLSE CN(TRIT_BASE)=0; IF CN(CRIT BASE)<=NORWAL STAT*SORT((TOTSAMPLES-2)/	TOTAL CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY	RETURN(1); ELSE RETURN(0);  END IND_TEST;	/ ************************************	IND_OUT: PAGCEDURE:	THEN DO;	PUT PAGE EDIT ('INDÉPENDENCE TEST',NUMFAILS+1,PF*100, '% OF REQUIRED BASES HAVE PASSED INDÉPENSENCE TESTS WITH A', ALPHANDEM',SIGNIFICANCE LÉVEL',TOTSAMPLES, 'SAMPLES WERE OBSERVED.', SI.	**DAYS COMPRISED INDEPENDENT SAMPLE INTERVAL.*) (COL(20), A.X(1), F(2), COL(15), F(6,2), X(1), A,X(1), F(4,2), X(1), A,COL(15), F(5), X(1), A, COL(15), F(5), X(1), A, COL(15), F(5), X(1), A);	CALL RES_OUT;	FNO:	FLSE DO;	** OF REQUIRED BASES HAVE PASSED INDEPENDENCE TESTS WITH A ', ALPHANGRY, 'SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL.', ITHIS DOES NOT MEET THE USER''S', PERCPASS*100, '& REQUIRED.', TOTAKNOLES NOT MEET THE USER''S', PERCPASS*100, '& REQUIRED.',	1013A7VESS, SAMPLES WERE UBSEAVED31, 1048 COMPRISED THE SAMPLE INTERVAL) (COL(20).4,x(1),F(2),CGL(15),F(6,2),A,F(4,2),x(1),A,CGL(15),A,X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5,2),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),F(5),X(1),A,CGL(15),F(5),F(5),F(5),F(5),F(5),F(5),F(5),F(	CALL RES_OUT:	NUMPAILS=NUMPAILS+1;	:00	00 I=1 TO TOTSAMPLES/2: 0ACAREA(*.1)=0ACAREA(*.2*1-1)+0ACAREA(*.2*1);	female female female female female female female female female
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## PL/C-R7.1--55 05/20/76 18:21 PAGE 25

## STMT LEVEL NEST BLOCK MLVL SOURCE TEXT

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876

949

SAMPSEATIME(*,1)=SAMPSEATIME(*,2*1-1)+SAMPSEATIME( *,2*1); END; NJMSAMPS=1-1; S1=2*S1; HALT=HALT+S1*,5*TOTSAMPLES; END; CLSE DO;	PUT SKIP (5) EDIT ("THE LIMIT FOR INDEPENDENCE TESTS HAS BEEN", "REACHED. NO INDEPENDENT OBSERVATIONS WERE MADE WITHIN PRE", "SCRIMED PARAMETERS. SIMULATION STATISTICS WHICH FOLLOW", "WILL BE BIASED.", "POSSIBLE REMEDICS INCLUDE:", "INCREASE LIMITS FOR NUMBER OF TESTS.", "2) RELAX SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL ON INDEPENDENCE TEST." (SEE "II "SPAFRS REPORT FOR IMPLICATIONS).") (COL(20), A, COL(15),	CALL REPORT:	RES_OUT: PROCEDURE; PUT SKIP(5) EDIT ('RESULTS OF INDEPENDENCE TESTS AT INDIVIDUAL '[] 'EASES.', 'OUTCOME OF ','BASE','INDEPENDENCE TESTS','TEST STATISTIC (CN)') (COL(20).A.SKIP(2).COL(39).A.COL(19).A.COL(35).A.SKIP(2));	DO JK=1 TO TCTNUMBASES;  IF (CRIT_BASE=OICPIT_BASE=JK) & AIRCRAFT(JK)>0  THEN PUT SKIP EDIT (***) (COL(15),A);  PUT FOIT (BASENAME(JK)) (COL(16),A);  IF AIRCRAFT(JK)>0  THEN DO:	IF PASSFAIL(JK)=1 THEN PUT EDIT ('PASS') (COL(43),A); ELSE PUT EDIT ('FAIL') (COL(43),A);	ELSE PUT EUIT ('NJ FLYING ACTIVITY') (COL(35),A);  IF AIRCRAFT(JK)>0  THEN PUT EDIT (CN(JK)) (COL(69),F(6,3));  ELSE PUT EDIT ('')(COL(69),A);	PUT SKIP(2) EDIT ('*',PERCPASS*160,'% OF BASES INDICATED MUST '   'PASS INDEPENDENCE TESTS.') (COL(15),A,X(1),F(6,2),4); PUT EDIT('!NDEPENDENCE TEST PASS: CN<=',NORMAL_STAT*FACS) (COL(15),A,F(6,3));	END RES_OUT; END IND_OUT; END IND_OUT;  /***********************************
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## STAT LEVEL NEST BLOCK MLVL SOURCE TEXT

```
VASCRITERION(I)=VARCRITERION(I)+(DACAREA(I,J)/(SA*AIRCRAFI(I))
PUT SKIP EDIT (*SIMULATION TIME= *,CLOCK-RUNIM)(COL(49),A,F(8,2));
 DCL(III, DUMMY, XX, YY, AA, BB, BBB, WM, CC, EGB, NN, MM, PP, DUMI, DUM2, DUM3)
 PUT EDIT('*****(THEPE WAS A SUM IN PERIOD CF', RUNIN, DAYS)*****) (COL(40), A, F(4), A);
 IF SHIPNUM(1)>0 THEN SA=SAMPSEATIME(SHIPNUM(I), J);
 IF SHIPNUM(I)>0 THEN SA=SAMPSEATIME(SHIPNUM(I),J);
 DCL (READYRATE, FILLRATE, ZERO, INDD) INITIO) BIN FLOAT
 IF LSTIME(I)-CLOCK<0
THEN CALL DISTRIBUTIONS(I, STOCK');
IF LBOTIME(I)-CLCCK<0
 END:
VARCRITERION(I)=VARCRITERION(I)/(TOTSAMPLES-1);
 THEN CALL DISTRIBUTIONS(1, 80.);
 ZERO=ZERO-BODIST(I, II)/STIME;
 PUT SKIP EDIT('FINAL STATISTICS') (COL(53), A);
 AVGDAC(I) = AVGDAC(I) + DACAREA(I, J)/SA;
 IF BCDIST([, 11)>0 THEN
 IF SHIPNUM(I)=0 THEN STIME=CLOCK-KUNIN;
 OO II = 1 TO MAXSTOCK+1;
 DO II=1 TO MAXSTOCK+1;
IF STOCKDIST(I,III>0 THFN
 ELSE STIME=CUMSEATIME (SHIPNUM(I));
 AVGDAC(1) = AVGDAC(1)/TOTSAMPLES;
 ZERO=STOCKDIST(I,0)/STIME;
IF STOCKDIST(I,0)>0 THEN
 -AVGDAC(I) /AIRCRAFT(I)) **2;
 IF AIRCRAFT(1)>0 THEN DO;
 PUT EDIT("-") (A);
 DO I=1 TO TOTAUMBASES;
 DO J=1 TO TOTSAMPLES;
 DO J=1 TO TOTSAMPLES;
 PUT SKIP(3);
DO I=1 TO TOTNUMSASES;
 PUT EDIT(**) (A);
 READYRATE=ZERD;
 00 11=1 10 120;
 DCL CHR CHAR(1) VAR;
 END:
 :00
 PUT SKIP(2);
 FILLHATE=0;
 ELSE SA=SI;
 ELSE SA=SI;
 REPORT: PAGCEDURE;
 DO 11=1 TO 120;
 BIN FLOAT;
 END:
 PAGE:
 END:
 ENO:
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```

## STAT LEVEL NEST BLOCK MLVL SOURCE TEXT

READYRAIE=READY?ATE+STOCKDIST(1,11)/STIME; FILLRATE=FILLRATE+STOCKDIST(1,11)/STIME; END;	PUT SKIP(2) FDIT("BASE# '.1,": '.BASENAFE(I)) (GOL(48),A,COL(54),F(2),A,A);	PUT SKIP(1);	DO J=1 TO TOTNUMBASES WHILE(SWITCH=0);	IF POST(J)=1 THEN SWITCH=1;	END; PUT SKIP EDIT("I.READY PATE= ") (COL(46).A):	IF SWITCH=1 THEN PUT EDIT(*******) (A);	ELSE PUT EGIT(PEADYRATE) (F(5,3));	PUT SKIP FOIT('II.FILL SATE= ') (COL(45).A);	IF SALTCHAI THEN PUT EDIT (*******) (A);	CLOS FOI COLL CALLATE AND ANTICACTION PATER 11 (COLLAGA)			ELSE POT EDIT (DEMANATELY) (TOURNADORIE) (FL952));	FOI SKIP FOI (17.4. PVERBOG ON THEED STOCKE 'STOCKEREDITION INC.	PUT SKIP FBIT("V.AVERAGE BACKORDERS= ", BDAKEA(I)/STIME)	BO(I)=0 THEN DUM	11:	PUT SKIP EDIT(*VI.AVERAGE BACKORDER TIME= *, DUMMY)	1F A BCBAFT(1)>0 THEN		PUT SKIP EDIT("VII. AVERAGE DOWN ACFT= ", AVSDAC(I))	(COL(44), A, F(5,2));	ELSE	:00	DUM WY = 0;	DO DELL TO TOTAL STATE OF THE S	CONTRACTOR	TO STATE OF THE ST	CVD:	PUT SKIP EDIT(*VIII.AVERASE DOWN ACFT TIME= ',DUMMY)	4CT_CRIT(1)=4V6D4C(1)/A19CRAFT(1);	PUT SKIP EDIT (*IX.CPITERIGN:*) (COL(45).A);	PUT SKIP EDIT ('4. MCAN= ", ACT_CRIT(!)) (COL(43), 4.F(7,5));	POI SKIP EDIT ('3.STANDARG DEVIATION OF KEAN= ', SORT(VAKCRITEWION(I)/TOISAMPLES))(COL(49)+A+F(7.5));	PUT SKIP EDIT ('C.', (I-ALPHAT)*165,	DUMMY=WAKIO+ACT_CRIT(1)-TSTAT#SDAT (VARCAITERION(1)/TOTSAMPLES));	PUT SKIP(2) EDIT(DUMMY.  ' < AVERAGE CRITERION < ', ACT_CRIT(1) + TSTAT * SIRT( VARCRITERION(1) / TUTSAMPLE S)) (COL(4*) , F(7,5) , A, F(7,5));
1111	<u> </u>	14	: ±	17	t t	14	14	7:	14	1 1		14	41	<u>+</u>	14	14	14	14	14	14	14		1 71		14	14	* .	1 7	14	14	14	14	14	51	14	14	14
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## STAT LEVEL NEST BLCCK MLVL SOURCE TEXT

```
PUT SKIP(3) EDIT('ON HAND STOCK-BACKORDERS:')(CGL(8A),A);
IF AIRCRAFT(1)>0 THEN PUT EDIT('DOWN ACFT:')(CGL(8A),A);
PUT SKIP(2) EDIT('LEVEL PROPORTION OF TIME')(CGL(AA),A);
IF AIRCRAFT(1)>0 THEN PUT EDIT('!','LEVEL PROPORTION');
' OF TIME') (CGL(60),A,CGL(76),A);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            IF NN< BMAXSTOCK THEN PUT SKIP EDIT("-", NN, RODIST(1, NL)
                             2
                             C
                            1 1 0
                             0
                             --
ex
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          END:
IF INDD=O THEN IF BODIST([,NV)>O THEN
                            ST
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     WHILE(DUM1=0 & INDD=0);
IF BODIST(1,NN)>0 THEN DUM1=1;
ELSE NN=NN-1;
                             0
                             O
                                                                                                                                                                    IF AIRCOAFT (1)=0 THEN DO;
                             œ
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       IF NN=0 | CN=-1 THEN
                             w
    PUT SKIP(4);
00 II=1 TO 33;
PUT EDIT('*') (A);
                                               PUT EDIT( ** ) (4);
                                                                       IF AIRCRAFT(I)=0 THEN
                            PUT EDIT('N U N - Z
'V 1 L U E S') (A);
DO II=37 TO 120;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  DUM1=1;
IND0=1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                DO WHILE(BOB=0);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               NN=MAXSTOCK+1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               :0=NN
                                                                                  XX=48;
                                                                                                                XX=18;
                                                                                                                     44=16;
                                                                                         14=46;
                                                          IF SWITCH=0 THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     END:
                                                                                                                                                                                            ELSE DO:
                                                                                              END:
                                                                                                                           . CNE
                                                                                                                                                                          0043=1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                  00.3=0:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           :0=00NI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    DIJM1 = 0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                         DUM2=0;
                                                                                                                                                              BC8=0:
                                                                                                                                                                                pp=1:
                                                                                                                                                                                                       :0 = dd
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    . I = W.W.
                       : ( . 4 3
                                                                                                                                                                                                             END:
                                                                                                                                                                                     END:
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PL/C-R7.1--66 05/29/76 19:21 PLGE

```
IF MK<=MAXSTOCK THEN PUT EDIT('+', MM,STOCKDIST(I, PM)/
STIME) (COL(AA+1), A,F(2),X(13),F(5,3));
ELSE PUT EDIT('>+', MAXSTOCK, STOCKDIST(I, MM)/STIME)
(COL(AA), A,F(2),X(13),F(5,3));
MK<=MAXSTOCK THEN DO;
/STIME) (CCL(AA+1), A, F(2), X(13), F(5,3));
ELSE PUT SKIP EDIT('<-', MAXSTOCK, BCDIST(I, NN)/STIME)
(CCL(AA), A, F(2), X(13), F(5,3));
                                                                                     PUT SKIP EDIT("0", ZERO) (CGL(AA+3), A, X(13), F(5, 3));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   IF DUM1=1 & DUM2=1 THEN PUT SKIP;
PUT EDIT(PP,DACDIST(1,PP)/STIME)(CCL(77),F(2),
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   IF PPC=AIRCRAFT(I) THEN IF DACDIST(I, PP 1>0 THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         IF DACDIST(I, PP)>0 THEN DUM3=1;
                                                                                                                                                                   WHILE(DUM2=0 & INDD=2);
IF STOCKDIST(I,MM)>0 THEN DUM2=1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               DO WHILE(DUM3=0);
IF PP<=AIRCRAFT(I) THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                             IF MMSMAXSTOCK+1 THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 ELSE PP=PP+1;
                                                    INDO=1 & NN=0 THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     X(14),F(5,3));
                                                                    IF ZEROSO THEN
                                                                                                                                 IND0=2;
                                                                                                                                          NN=-2;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             MM=MM+1:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      DUM2=1;
                                                                                                                                                                                     ELSE "M=M+1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                               INDD=3;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      DUM2=0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  ELSE DUM3=1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  IF INDD=2 THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             : 1+dd=dd
                           · I-NN=NN
                                                                                                                                                  END:
                                                                                                       END:
                                   DUM1 = 0:
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                                                                                                "TINN
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## STMT LEVEL NEST BLOCK MLVL SOURCE TEXT

<pre>IF NN=-1 THEN</pre>	DO: IF AIRCRAFT(!)=0 THEN DO: XX=24; YY=85; AA=16; WW=1; BB=60; CC=16; END: ELSE DO: XX=14; YY=55; AA=6:	BB=40; CC=6; WW=2; END; PUT SKIP(3) EDIT('ON MAND STDCK:') (COL(XX),A); PUT EDIT('BACKORDERS:') (COL(YY),A); IF AIMCRAFT(1)>0 THEN PUT EDIT('DOWN ACFT:') (COL(96),A); PUT SKIP(2) EDIT('LEVEL PROPORTION OF TIME') (COL(AA),A); DO II=1 TO WW; PUT EDIT('I'''LEVEL PROPORTION OF TIME') (COL(BA+BBB),A,COL(BB+BBB+CC),A); BBB=40;	END: 808=0: 1F AIRCAAFT(1)=0 THEN DO: 0Uv3=1: PP=1: FND: FND: FND: FND: FND: FND: FND: FND
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## STAT LEVEL NEST BLOCK MLVL SOURCE TEXT

```
PUT EDIT(MM, BODIST(I, MM)/STIME) (COL (BB+CC+1), F(2), X(14),
                                                                      IF NN<=MAXSTOCK THEN
PUT SKIP EDIT(NN,STOCKDIST(I,NN)/STIME)(COL(CC+1),
F(2),X(14),F(5,3));
ELSE PUT SKIP EDIT('>', MAXSTOCK,STOCKDIST(I,NN)/STIME)
(COL(CC),A,F(2),X(14),F(5,3));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                   ELSE PUT EDIT('>',MAXSTGCK,BGDIST(I,MM)/STIME)
(COL(BB+CC),A,F(2),X(14),F(5,3));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 IF OUM!=1 & DUM2=1 THEN PUT SKIP;
PUT EDIT(PP.DACDIST(I,PP)/STIME)(COL(87),F(2),
                                                          IF NN<="4axSTOCK+1 THEN IF STOCKDIST(I+NN)>0 THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     IF PP<=AIRCRAFI(I) THEN IF DACDIST(I, PP)>0 THEN
                                                                                                                                                                             IF MM<=MAXSTOCK+1 THEN IF BODIST(I, MM)>0 THEN
                          IF STOCKDIST(I,NN)>O THEN DUMI=1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      IF DACDIST(1,PP)>0 THEN DUM3=1;
ELSE PP=PP+1;
                                                                                                                                             IF BODISTII, MAN > 0 THEN DUM2=1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        DUM1=1 & DUM2=1 & DUM3=1 THEN 808=1;
                                                                                                                                                                                         IF DUMI = I THEN PUT SKIP;
                                                                                                                                                                                               IF MM<=MAXSTOCK THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            END:
WHILE(DUM3=0):
IF PP<=AIRCRAFT(I) THEN
DO WHILE(DUMI=0);
DO WHILE(DUMI=0);
IF NN<=MAXSTOCK+1 THEN
                                                                                                                                 IF MM<=MAXSTOCK+1 THEN
                                ELSE NN=NN+1;
                                                                                                                                                    ELSE MM=MM+1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              X(14), F(5,3));
                                                                                                                          WHILE (DUM2=0);
                                              ELSE DUM1=1;
                                                                                                                                                                ELSE DUM2=1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ELSE DUM3=1;
                                                                                                       NN=NN+1:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               WM-MM+1:
                                                                                                                                                                                                             F(5,3));
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#### SOURCE TEXT STAT LEVEL NEST BLOCK MLVL

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PUT SKIP(2) EDIT('SYSTEM PERFORMANCE') (COL(49),4);
PUT SKIP(3) EDIT('SASE','|', "WEIGHT','|','PCTUAL CRITERION',
-|','DESIRED CRITERION','|','DEVIATION') (COL(5),4,COL(25),4,
COL(34),4,COL(49),4,COL(54),4,COL(73),4,COL(77),4,COL(97),4,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    PUT SKIP EDIT(II), '|', BASENAME(II), '|', WEIGHT(II), '|',

ACT_C? IT((I), '|', DES_CRIT(II), '|', CHR, ABS(AGT_CRIT(II)-

DES_CRIT(II))) (F(3), 4, 4, CDL(25), 4, CDL(35), F(4,1),

COL(49), 4, COL(59), F(5,3), COL(73), 4, COL(63), F(5,3), GOL(97),

A, COL(105), A, F(5,3));

SYSPERF = SYSPERF + MAX(0, ACT_CRIT(II)-DES_CRIT(II))*
                                                           * * * * ( COL ( SO) * 1) :
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        END:
PUT SKIP(2) EDIT('SYSTEM PERFORMANCE= ',SUPDAC/TOTAC)
(COL(42),A,F(5,3));
PUT SKIP EDIT('WFIGHTED AVERAGE PERFORMANCE= ',SYSPERF)
                                                                PUT SKIP(1);
DO J=1 TO TOTNUMBASES;
IF PORT(J)=1 THEN PUT SKIP FOIT(BASENAMI(J))
                               PUT SKIP(0) FOIT("1", CHF) (COL(BB), A, X(39), A);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           SUMDAC=SUMDAC+AVSDAC(II);

TOTAC=TOTAC+AIRCRAFT(II);

IF ACT_CRIT(II)>CES_CRIT(II) THEN CHR='+';

ELSE IF ACT_CFIT(II)<br/>
ELSE CHR=' :
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Acres 1
                                                           CARRIERS
               IF AIRCRAFT(II>0 THEN CHR=" 1";
                                                          PUT SKIP(5) EDIT( *** PORT .. S
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          00 II=1 TO TOTNUMBASES:
IF AIRCRAFT (II)>0 THEN DO:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         WEIGHT(11)/SUMWEIGHT;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   PUT FOIT ( ** ) (A);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           SYSPERF=0; SLACKPERF=0;
                                                                                                                     PUT SKIP(2);
DO II=1 TO (20;
PUT EDIT('-') (A);
                                                                                            (COL(54),A);
                                                                                                                                                        IF I=TOTNUMBASES THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          (COL (42), 4, F(5,3));
PUT SKIP(5);
                        ELSE CHR= **;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   SUMBAC=0; TOTAC=0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           00 11=1 10 120;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           ELSE PUT PAGE;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                   COL (103), A);
                                                                                                     END:
                                                                                                                                                                         PAGE;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 END:
                                          END:
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ELSE
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                                                                                                                                               END:
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### NAVY: PROCEDURE OPTIONS (MAIN):

STAT LEVEL NEST BLOCK MLVL SOURCE TEXT

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/*DISTRIBUTIONS UPDATES TIME WEIGHTED DISTRIBUTIONS FOR STOCK	•
/*LEVELS, BACKORDER LEVELS AND BOWNED AIRCRAFT LEVELS. IT ALSO #/	/*
/*MOVITORS THE TIME DURING WHICH A PORT IS IN BOTH THE POSITIVE */	1
/*BACKORDER AND PCSITIVE STOCK STATE SIMULTAMEGUSLY. DISTRIBUT */	_
/*TIDNS IS CALLED WHENEVER THE APPROPRIATE LEVELS CHANGE AS A */	1:
/*agsult of Simulation activity.	1
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DISTALAUTIONS:PROC(BASE,DIST);	
 OCL BASE AIN FLOAT; .	
 DCL DIST CHAR(*);	
The second secon	

DISTRIBUTIONS:PROC(BASE,DIST);  OCL BASE BIN FLOAT;  DCL DIST CHAR(*);  IF CLOCK = RUNIN THEN RETURN;  IF DIST='STOCK' THEN  D0;	<pre>1F STOCKLEVEL(BASE)&lt;=MAXSTOCK THEN STOCKDIST(BASE,STOCKLEVEL( BASE))=STOCKDIST(BASE,STOCKLEVEL(BASE))+CLOCK-LSTIME(BASE); ELSE STOCKDIST(BASE,MAXSTOCK+1)=STOCKDIST(BASE,MAXSTOCK+1)+ CLOCK-LSTIME(BASE);</pre>	STOCKAFFA(BASF)=STCCKARFA(BASF)+STOCKLEVEL(BASF)*(CLOCK- LSTIME(BASF)); LSTIME(BASE)=CLOCK;	ELSE IF DIST='30' THEN 50;	<pre>IF BACKORDERS(BASE)&lt;=maxSTGCK THEN BODIST(BASE,BACKORDERS(BASE))=BODIST(BASE,BACKORDERS(BASE))+ CLOCK-LBOTIME(BASE);</pre>	ELSE 3001ST(RASE, MAXSTCCK+1) = BODIST(BASE, MAXSTCCK+1)+CLOCK -LBOTIMF(BASE); BOARFA(BASE) = BCAREA(BASE)+BACKORDERS(BASE)*(CLOCK -LBOTIME(BASE);	LBOTIME(BASE)=CLOCK; END; ELSE IF DIST="DAC" THEN DO:	<pre>DACDIST(BASE,DACNUM(BASE))=DACDIST(BASE,DACNUM(BASE))+ CLOCK-LDACTIME(BASE); DACAREA(BASE,NUMSAMPS)=DACAREA(BASE,NUMSAMPS)+DACNUM(BASE)* (CLOCK-LDACTIME(BASE));</pre>	LDACTIME(BASE)=CLOCK; END: END DISTRIBUTIONS;	ENO 33;
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## STAT LEVEL NEST BLOCK MLVL SOURCE TEXT

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                                                                                                    /*AVAILG, WITH PASAMETERS (W.X.Y.2), MAKES AN ENGINE AVAILABLE /*AT BASE W FROM BASE X IN TIME Z FROM THE PRESENT. IF PARA-/**METER Y IS POSITIVE, THIS INDICATES ENSINE TRANSPORT FROM A /**CARVIER AND ACCOUNTS FOR THE TIME BEFORE THE CARRIER DICKS AT /**DORT. ONCE THE TIME OF AVAILABILITY IS DETERMINED, THE /**AVAILABILITY EVENT IS GUEUED (IN INCREASING CROBER OF TIME)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           FLSF FNGAVAILTIME(ENGAVAILOMT)=TRAVTIME(BASEFROM, 84 SETO)
+REPTIME+CLOCK;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    DO MHILE (ENGAVAILTIME(ENGAVAILOMI)<ENGAVAILTIME(ENGAVAILQDOM));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ENSAVAILQEPT (ENGAVAILQMT) = ENGAVAILQEPT (ENGAVAILQDUM);
                                                                                                                                                                      THEN ENGAVAILTIME (ENGAVAILUMT)=THAVTIME (BASEFROM, BASETO)+
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                ENGAVAILQBPT(ENGAVAILOFPT(ENGAVAILQMT))=ENGAVAILQMT;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    /#RNG RETURNS AN EXPONENTIALLY DISTRIBUTED HANDOM VARIATE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  THEN ENGAVAILTIME (ENGAVAILGMT) = TRAVTIME (BAS FFROM,
                                                                                                                               AVAILU: PROCEDUPF(PASETO, BASEFROM, SHIPI: DEX, PEPTIME);
                                                                                                                                            DCLIBASSTO, PASSFROW, SHIPINDEX, REPTIVED BIN FLOAT;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      ENGAVAILUPPT(FNGAVAILQDUM)=ENGAVAILQMT;
FNSAVAILQBPT(FNGAVAILQMT)=FNGAVAILQDUM;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       ENSAVAILOFPT (ENGAVAILQBOT) = ENGAVAILUMT;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  /*GIVEN A MEAN, AND A UNIFORM 0-1 RANDOM SEED.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            ENGAVAILOMT = ENGAVAILOHOLD;
NJUNAVAILTIME = ENGAVAILTIME (ENGAVAILGEPT(O));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  ENGAVAILODUM=ENGAVAILGBPT (FNGAVAILDDDJ4);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             ENGAVAILQHJLD=ENGAVAILQFPT(ENGAVAILQMT);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   FNGAVAIL GBPT (ENGAVAILOMT) = ENGAVAIL GBOT;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   ENGAVAILGEPT (ENGAVAILOMT) = 0;
                                                                                                                                                                                      REPTIME + SHIPTIME (SHIPINDEX):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            RNS: PGOC (MEAN, U) RETURNS (BIN FLOAT);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                ENSAVAILGBOT = ENGAVAILDMT;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          BASENGAVAIL (ENGAVAILOMT) = BASETO;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         IF ENGAVAILODUM = ERGAVAILOBOT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      ENGAVAIL QDUM = ENGAVAIL QBOT;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               BASETO) +CLOCK;
                                                                                                                                                                                                   ELSE IF REPTIME=0
                                                                                      / ALS A FUTURE EVENT.
                                                                                                                                                      O=-XBGNIGIHS JI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               END;
ELSE DO;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         THEN DO!
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         END AVAILQ:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 CNS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     END 82;
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1406
1409
1410
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          1388
```

DCL (MFAN, U) BIN FLOAT;

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PL/C-R7.1--66 05/20/76 18:21 PASE 38
                                                                                            * 0
                                                                                                         *
                                                                               /公安法本外的的国际标准的交替的特殊的特殊的特殊的经验证的经验的特殊的特殊的特殊的特殊的特殊的特殊的特殊的特殊的专项的专项。
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       /*SAFETY_STOCK GENERATES A SAFETY STOCKLEVEL, GIVEN A CRITICAL /*OUT OF STOCK PROBABILITY.
                                                                                     /*SHIPTIME_RNG:
/*SHIPTIME_RNG RETURNS A NORMALLY DISTRIBUTED PANDOM VARIATE
/*SIVEN A MEAN. STANDARD DEVIATION AND A RANDOM NUMBER SELD.
                                                                                                                      SHIPTIME_RNG: PROC(MU, SIGMA, U) RETURNS(BIN FLOAT);
DCL(MU, SIGMA, U, I, L, Z, LASTU, X, Y, N) BIN FLOAT;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             SAFETY_STOCK:PROC(LAMDA.C) RETURNS(BIN FLOAT);
DCL(LAMDA.C.P.CUMP.S) BIN FLOAT;
                                                                                                                                                                                                     U=(U-LASTU)/(1-LASTU);
X=.5*x[+{.5**(1+1)-.5**1)*U;
Y=.5*(X**2-.5**(2*1));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    IF UC=. 5 THEN N=X*SIGMA+MU;
                                                                                                                                                                                               DO WHILE (MCD(L, 2)=0);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      DO WHILE(Y>U);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               IF NYO THEN RETURN(N);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          U=RAND(U);
                                              RETURN (-MEAN* LOG(U));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             L=L+1;
LASTU=U;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          ELSE N=-X*SIGMA+MU;
                                                                                                                                                      NO WHILE(2<1);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       ELSE RETURN(MU);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                         U=QAND(U);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             / * S & F E T Y _ S T O C K :
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             END SHIPTIME_RNG;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           P=EXP(-LAMDA);
                                                                                                                                                               1=1+1:
                                                                                                                                                                     2=2 + 2:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              U=PAND(U);
                                                                                                                                           U=RAND(U);
                                                                                                                                                                                         : (A) CN V 8=A
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                -1:
                                        U=RAND(U);
                                                                                                                                   I=1; L=2;
                                                                                                                                                                                  LASTU=0;
                                                                                                                                                                            END:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 CUMP=P;
                     STMT LEVEL NEST BLOCK MLVL SOURCE TEXT
                                                     END PNG:
                                                                                                                                                 2=2*0:
 NAVY: PACCEDURE OPTIONS(MAIN);
                                                                                                                        19 19 19 19
                                                                                                                                                                                                       -----
                                         nnn
                                                                                                                        -2222
                                                                                                                       1414
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   444
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   1450
1451
1452
1453
```

NAVY: PROCEDURE CPTIONSCHAINI:

STAT LEVEL NEST BLOCK MLVL SOURCE TEXT

DA WHILE(CUMP<=C);	5=5+1;	P=D&LAUDA/S:	CUMP = CUMP +P:	:CN3	perusy(S);	END SAFETY_STOCK;
19	16	19	61	19	19	61
	~		-	~		
~1	2	2	2	7	7	2
1454	1455	1456	1457	1458	1459	1460

1461 1 1 FINISH: END NAVY: ERRUPS/HARNINGS DETECTED DURING CODE GENERATION:

WARNING: NO FILE SPECIFIED, SYSIN/SYSPAINT ASSUMED. (CGOC) WARNING: PL/C BUILT-IN FUNCTION USED. (CG13)

APPENDIX B: User Instructions for Data Input

Through the specification of the input values, many options in the system structure, performance and control are available.

Input information is in the form of a stream of data cards. Data can appear in any column but a blank must follow each piece of data. Quotation marks are required for some data inputs (shown on example card). The data cards must be in the order given below.

Instructions for coding along with an example 'coded' card are provided below:

Data Set #1: System Attributes

(one card)

'J52P'	'NARF JAX'	16	3	296	6	2	2	30	30
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)

- (a) Engine model type for which system is being simulated (no more than 20 characters long).
- (b) Depot name (no more than 20 characters long).
- (c) Total number of bases.
- (d) Total number of carriers, if Twisted Pipeline Configuration is desired:

"O" if Continuous Pipeline Configuration is desired.

- (e) Total number of aircraft (number of aircraft at some bases may not be an integer and should be rounded up when figuring total number of aircraft in system).
- (f) Total number of aircraft type.
- (g) Total number of NAVY combination codes associated with system.
- (h) The maximum engine capacity of all aircraft in system.
- (1) The maximum schedule length of all carriers (carrier schedules are discussed in the explanation of Data Set #6), in Twisted Pipeline Configuration.

"O" in Continuous Pipeline Configuration

(j) Total number of samples. This quantity is used for statistical analysis purposes and must be a number divisible by 2. The larger the value entered, the higher the confidence in the simulation output data along with a higher cost associated with a longer computer run. This quantity should be at least 20 and a value of 30 is usually adequate.

#### Data Set #2: Base Random Number Seeds (As many cards as needed)

- (a) Random number seed for base #1.
- (b) Random number seed for base #2.
- (k) Random number seed for base #k.

 $k=1,\ 2,\ 3,\ \cdots$ , total number of bases Each value entered must be a 9-digit number between "0" and "1" with an odd last digit.

Data Set #3: Analysis Parameters

(one card)

1	90	2	0	1.65	.05	2.045	.05	
1	1	1	1	1	1		1	
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	

Before any statistical analysis can be performed on the observed values for each base's 'criterion' (= average down aircraft/total number of aircraft), the variances of these observed quantities must be estimated. The problem arises from the fact that the data are serially correlated (that is, time dependent). In other words, if we let  $\mathbf{x}_1(t)$  = number of down aircraft at base  $\underline{\mathbf{i}}$  at time  $\underline{\mathbf{t}}$ , then  $\mathbf{x}_1(t)$  = number of down aircraft at base  $\underline{\mathbf{i}}$  at time  $\underline{\mathbf{t}}$ , then  $\mathbf{x}_1(t)$  = number of aircraft at base  $\underline{\mathbf{i}}$  at time  $\underline{\mathbf{t}}$ , then  $\mathbf{x}_1(t)$  = number of aircraft at base  $\underline{\mathbf{i}}$  at time  $\underline{\mathbf{t}}$ , then compute  $\mathbf{x}_1(t)$  =  $\mathbf{$ 

variance formulas would be applicable.

For a given value of 's,' SPAERS tests the null hypothesis for each base  $\underline{i}$ , that  $x_i(t_1)$ ,  $x_i(t_2)$ ,  $x_i(t_3)$ ,  $\cdot$   $\cdot$  ,  $x_i(t_n)$  is a random stream (i.e.,  $x_i(t_j)$ 's are independent) where  $t_{j+1}-t_j=s$  for  $j=1,2,\cdot\cdot\cdot$ , N-1 and N = total number of samples specified on Data Set #1. The test of independence is said to have 'failed' if the null hypothesis is rejected.

The technique employed in testing the null hypothesis and choosing a new 's' if the test fails is outlined in Appendix D.

- (a) Initial length of sample interval. This quantity represents the user's guess to the value of 's.' If the test of independence using this value of 's' fails, then 's' is increased automatically in the program, more data are collected, and the new 's' is tested for independence. This procedure is repeated until the test of independence passes or the limit of tests performed is reached (item (b) on this card). An initial guess would be to set 's' equal to twice the maximum depot cycle time of all bases. Since depot cycle time is typically the longest, the system performance is probably most affected by depot activity. Thus, by letting s = 2 · maximum depot cycle time, we are allowing for the system to 'flush' itself out.
- (b) The maximum number of independence tests to be performed. SPAERS is constructed so that the total number of samples specified on Data Set #1 is constant no matter how many tests of independence are performed. For each successive test performed, sample interval is actually doubled (see Appendix D). Thus, actual simulation time = Run-in period + total number of samples x initial sample interval (item (a) above) x  $2^{k-1}$  days, where k is the number of tests performed. The purpose of including this quantity is to provide an upper bound and hence a stopping criterion (in the interest of computer time) if independence may not be found within a reasonable number of times.

If twice the depot cycle time is used for the

initial sample interval, then more than 3 independence tests should not be executed without further investigation into the reasons for 'high dependence.'

In general, if a small initial sample interval is chosen (< 2 x depot cycle time), there is a higher probability of rejecting the null hypothesis initially, so more independence tests should be allowed.

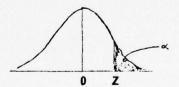
(c) 0, if all bases are required to pass independence test.

Base number of a 'critical' base which is believed to be the highest candidate for failure of independence. In choosing a 'critical' base it is the belief that if this base passes the test for independence, then it is reasonable that the remaining bases would also pass the test. Thus, it is only necessary to require that the independence test pass at the 'critical' base.

(d) and (e) Parameters for the test of independence.

Let  $\underline{z}$  denote the value entered in (d) and  $\alpha$  the value entered in (e).

Then,  $\underline{z}$  is the  $1-\alpha$  significance point of the standard normal distribution. Graphically:



Z is the test statistic and  $\alpha$  is the significance level for testing the null hypothesis, H, that  $x(t_1)$ ,  $x(t_2)$ , · · · ,  $x(t_n)$  are independent. First, the user must choose a significance level  $\alpha$ .

We note that:

 $\alpha$  = Probability (rejecting  $H_O$  when  $H_O$  is true). A small  $\alpha$  level means that there is a higher probability of accepting  $H_O$  when it is false and would lead to an underestimation of the variance of  $x_N$ . On the other hand, a large  $\alpha$  level means that there is a higher probability of rejecting  $H_O$  when it is true and would lead to a less efficient estimate of the confidence

interval of  $\overline{x}_N$ .* Significance levels of 0.05 and 0.10 are typically used. Levels smaller than 0.025 and larger than 0.25 should be avoided.

Z is obtained from standard normal tables such that:

Probability (standard normal  $\leq 2$ ) = 1 -  $\alpha$ .

It would seem reasonable to accept the hypothesis of independence for all bases if: the number of bases that failed the test of independence divided by the total number of bases tested is less than  $\alpha$ , since there is an error ' $\alpha$ ' of rejecting  $H_0$ . This is in fact the passing criterion for system independence used by SPAERS.

(f) and (g) Confidence interval parameters.

Let  $\underline{t}$  denote the value entered in (f) and  $\gamma$  the value entered in (g).

 $\underline{t}$  and  $\gamma$  are used to compute confidence intervals on the mean criterion at each base.

Interpretation of  $\underline{t}$  and  $\gamma$  is as follows:

(1) 
$$\Pr\{L_1 \le \mu \le L_2\} = 1 - \gamma$$
,

where:  $L_1 = \overline{x} - \frac{ts}{\sqrt{n}}$ 
 $L_2 = \overline{x} + \frac{ts}{\sqrt{n}}$ 
 $\mu = \text{true mean}$ 

and,  $\overline{x} = \text{sample (observed mean)}$ 
 $s = \text{sample standard deviation}$ 
 $n = \text{number of samples observed}$ 
 $t = 100(1 - \frac{\gamma}{2})$  percentile of the student's t-distribution with  $n - 1$  degrees of freedom.**

In short, equation (1) defines limits  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  such that there is 100 (1 -  $\gamma$ )% confidence that the true mean lies between these bounds.

Commonly used values for  $\gamma$  are 0.05 and 0.01 to give

^{*} Reference [3], page 7.

^{**} Reference [4].

a "confidence interval" of 95% and 99%, respectively. Once a  $\gamma$  level has been chosen, a <u>t</u> value may be obtained from t-distribution tables. <u>t</u> is chosen such that:

$$Pr\{x \le t\} = 1 - \frac{\gamma}{2}$$

where x is a student's t-distributed random variable with n-1 degrees of freedom. (n = total number samples; entered on Data Set #1.)

Data Set #4: System Combination Codes

(As many cards as needed)

102	104	• • •		
1	1		1	
(a)	(b)		(k)	

- (a) Navy combination code. Throughout the remainder of this section and in the simulation, CC102 will be indexed by a "1."
- (b) Navy combination code. Throughout the remainder of this section and in the simulation, CC104 will be indexed by a "2."
- (k) Navy combination code. Throughout the remainder of this section and in the simulation, CC108 will be indexed by a "k."

 $k = 1, 2, 3, \cdot \cdot \cdot$ , total number of combination codes in system

Data Set #5: Aircraft Type Attributes

(one card for each aircraft type)

'AGE'	2	2
1	- 1	1
(a)	(b)	(c)

- (a) Navy aircraft type name (no more than 7 characters long).
- (b) Engine capacity.
- (c) Combination Code index (see Data Set #4). In this case the combination code of AGE is 104.

For the remainder of this section and in the simulation, an aircraft type will be indexed by the order number in which it was 'inputed.'

Data Set #6: Carrier Attributes
(one card(s) for each carrier)

/	0	0	0	1	4	5	15	20	60	10	30	10	15	
	1	1	1	1	1					 				
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)				(1	f)				

- (a) Mean 'docking' time (time spent in port) in days, if probabilistic times are desired;
  - 0, if deterministic 'docking' times are desired.
- (b) Mean 'deployment' time (time spent at sea) in days, if probabilistic time are desired;
  - 0, if deterministic 'deployment' times are desired.

- (c) Standard deviation (in days) of docking and deployment time is probabilistic times are desired;
  - 0, if deterministic docking and deployment times are desired.
- (d) 0, if probabilistic carrier times are desired. Docking and deployment times will thus be random variables, normally distributed with mean (a) and (b) and standard deviation (c).
  - 1, if deterministic schedules are desired.
- (e) 30, if (d) is equal to 0;

The desired number of times before deterministic schedule

is repeated, if (d) is equal to 1.

The two numbers in (e) have different meaning and should not be confused. In the probabilistic case, we need to know the future docking and deployment times when determining a failure time for an aircraft since a failure during the 'docking' state is not permitted (aircraft does not fly). Thus, the number entered in this case indicates that we may be safe in not scheduling a failure during the 'docking' state if this number of future docking and deployment times are known. The number 30 is sufficient for MTBR (mean time between removal) = 226 but should be increased if a MTBR much larger than 226 is used.

On the other hand, the deterministic schedule repeats in cycles and thus knowledge of future carrier times is present at all times. The number entered here thus, designates the schedule cycle length or in other words, the number of schedules in the deployment (docking)

cycle.

A probabilistic schedule may be desired when a particular carrier has unusual but consistent and/or required deployment and docking times, as may be the case during wartime.

(f) a blank, i.e., no numbers entered, if (d) equals 0;

Docking time of first schedule, Deployment time of first schedule,

Docking time of ith schedule,
Deployment time if ith schedule, where i = 1, 2, · · ·,
schedule length (value entered in (e)), if (d) equals 1.
(Note: docking time = time spent in port; deployment
time = time spent at sea.)

The order of the cards of Data Set #6 should be the same as the ship numbers of the carriers (see Data Set #10 for ship numbers).

(Important: Data Set #6 is omitted if item (d) on Data

Set #1 equals 0, i.e., Continuous Pipeline

Configuration.)

Data Set #7: Mean Time Between Removal (MTBR's)

(As many cards as needed)

187	226	• • •	342	
			1	
(a)	(b)		(k)	

- (a) MTBR associated with the combination code indexed by 1 (see Card Set #4).
- (b) MTBR associated with the combination code indexed by 2.
  - (k) MTBR associated with the combination code indexed by  $\underline{k}$ .

 $k = 1, 2, \cdot \cdot \cdot$ , total number of combination codes

Data Set #8: Combination Code Maintenance Probabilities

(one card for each combination code)

/	.116	.362	.230	.115	.117
	1	1	1	1	1
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)

Probability that, given an engine failure, the degree of maintenance is:

- (a) 3rd degree
- (b) 2nd degree
- (c) 1st degree
- (d) (-1)st degree (maintenance performed at depot on a 1st degree failed engine)
- (e) overhaul or 0th degree.

The order of the cards of Data Set #8 should correspond to the index of the respective combination code(s).

Data Set #9: Engine Repair Times

(one card)

19	19	24	23	30
1	1	1	1	1
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)

The repair time (in days) required for the following

degree maintenance:

- (a) 3rd degree
- (b) 2nd degree
- (c) 1st degree
- (d) (-1)st degree
- (e) overhaul or 0th degree.

Data Set #10: Base Synopsis (one data set for each base)

Data Set #10A: Base Attributes

(one card)

'CHERRY POINT'	4	0	0	2	0	1	3	1	.01	2
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1.
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)

- (a) Base name (cannot exceed 20 characters in length).
- (b) Base number or the order the base's data set. In this example, CHERRY POINT is the 4th base to be read.
- (c) Carrier number or the order in which it is read in comparison to other carriers, if the base is a carrier and Twisted Pipeline Configuration is desired;
  - 0, if the base is not a carrier or if the base is a carrier but a Continuous Pipeline Configuration is desired.
- (d) 1, if base is an 'acting' port;
  - 0, otherwise.

'Acting' port is defined as a port which serves as an intermediary point for <u>all</u> engine transactions between its carriers and the appropriate higher echelon maintenance bases.

This concept was introduced to allow for the inclusion of a base which neither supports flying activity nor maintenance activity but serves as a port to one or several carriers. This type of base, in many cases, is currently ignored in the analytical models. The reason for this is that the pipeline length from a carrier to base i, say, is equal to the sum of the pipeline length from a carrier to its port and the pipeline length from that port to base i. The pipeline lengths in a continuous pipeline configuration remain constant and since this port supports neither flying nor maintenance activity, it serves no computational purpose. On the other hand, in the real world system this type of port does serve as an intermediary point and although its exclusion may have no apparent effect in the analytical model, the potential hazards in a twisted pipeline configuration are worth noting.

Excluding this port in a twisted pipeline configuration would mean to consider the carrier's next echelon maintenance base as its port. This would mean that this 'artificial' base has accessibility to the carrier engines that were in repair at the time of a carrier departure from port but have become available as serviceable on-hand stock

since. This accessibility would last until the time of the carrier's next deployment (i.e., the time remaining in present deployment plus the time spent in port). Furthermore, the fact that this base employs the carrier engines increases the probability that the carrier will depart with backorders. These factors will, of course, affect the performance of the system, especially if this base serves as the maintenance activity for many other bases.

Even in the continuous pipeline configuration, the artificial port should be avoided, since increasing the spare stock level at this port to compensate for poor carrier performance would have similar effects to that of the twisted pipeline configuration: this port would have accessibility to these engines when not in demand from the carrier.

It is the belief of the authors that all "real" ports should be included whether continuous or twisted pipeline configurations are desired since their inclusion is more representative of the real-word system. These "real" ports would, as noted, have a "l" under item (d) (a "O" would be entered for artificial ports).

- (e) number of aircraft type.
- (f) base number of the base which serves as a port for this base, if this base is a carrier and Twisted Pipeline Configuration is being employed;
  - 0, if base is not a carrier or Continuous Pipeline Configuration is being employed.
- (g) 0, if it is desired to have the program compute spare

stock level for this base, using the DODI 4230.4 calculation;

1, if it is desired to 'input' the spare stock level.

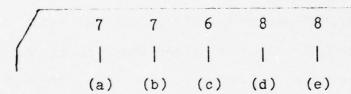
(h) 0, if (g), above, is at level 0.

Desired spare stock level, if (g), above, is at level 1.

- (i) A desired probability of having no outstanding backorders at an arbitrary point in time, if (g), above, is at level 0.
  - 0, if (g), above, is at level 1.
- (j) Desired criterion.
- (k) Weight of importance relative to other bases. (A desired criterion of 0.01 at base  $\underline{i}$  and 0.02 at base  $\underline{j}$  would mean that base  $\underline{i}$  is seen as being twice as important as base  $\underline{j}$  and consequently the weight of base  $\underline{i}$  would be twice that of base  $\underline{j}$ .)

Data Set #10B: Base Maintenance Activity

(one card)



Maintenance activity (base number) of this base's engine failures of degree:

- (a) 3
- (b) 2
- (c) 1
- (d) (-1) (always the same as (e))
- (e) overhaul or 0

(Important: 1) For a carrier which is associated with a base having 'acting' port indicator equal to 1 (see Data Set #10A, (d)), the values entered for degree failures unable to be maintained by the carrier should correspond to the base number of its acting' port (i.e., the base with 'acting' port indicator equal to 1). Similarly, the values entered for degree failures of a base with 'acting' port indicator equal to 1 should correspond to the base number of the appropriate carrier maintenance base.

2) For a base which does not support flying activity, its base number should be entered under its highest repair degree and "0" everywhere else.)

Data Set #10C: Base Travel Times

(As many cards as needed)

,													
/	0	O	0	10	3	•	•	•	0	•	•	•	
	1	1	1	1	1				0				
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)				(k)		•		

Travel time (in days) to:

(a) Base #1

- (b) Base #2
- (c) Base #3
- (d) Base #4
- (e) Base #5

•

(k) Base #k

•

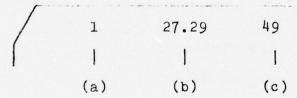
 $K = 1, 2, 3, \cdot \cdot \cdot$ , total number of bases.

(Note: Travel time from base  $\underline{i}$  to base  $\underline{i}$  is, of course, equal to 0.

All carrier in Twisted Pipeline Configuration have 0 travel time to all bases in system.)

Data Set #10D: Base Aircraft Type Attributes

(one card for each aircraft type)



- (a) The order number or index of aircraft type (see Data Set #5).
- (b) Flying hours per month per aircraft of this type.

(Note: Given the fact that carriers in Twisted Pipeline Configuration may only support flying activity during deployment, this value is adjusted in the program such that the average total flying

activity in both the Twisted and Continuous Pipeline Configurations are the same.)

(c) Number of aircraft of this type at base.

(Non-integer values should not be rounded up. The program performs the 'rounding up' of number of aircraft and adjusts the flying activity such that total flying activity is the same.)

### Summary

- Data Set #1 System Attributes (one card)
- Data Set #2 Random Number Seeds (one for each base; as many cards as needed)
- Data Set #3 Analysis Parameters (one card)
- Data Set #4 System Combination Codes (as many cards as needed)
- Data Set #5 Aircraft Type Attributes (one card for each aircraft type in system)
- Data Set #6 Carrier Attributes (one card for each carrier; this set is omitted in Continuous Pipeline Configurations)
- Data Set #7 MTBR's (one for each combination code--in same order as Data Set #4; as many cards as needed)
- Data Set #8 Combination Code Maintenance Probabilities
   (one card for each combination code--same
   order as Data Set #4)
- Data Set #9 Engine Repair Times (one card)
- Data Set #10- Base Synopsis (one data set for each base)

- •• Data Set #10A Base Attributes (one card)
- •• Data Set #10B Base Maintenance Activity (one card)
- •• Data Set #10C Base Travel Times (as many cards as needed)
- •• Data Set #10D Base Aircraft Type Attributes (one card for each aircraft type; data set omitted if base does not support flying activity)

Appendix C: SPAERS Output

### Contents

CI.	Discussion	n of	· F	eı	cfo	orn	nar	nce	•						
	Measure	es .	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Cl
CII.	Example L	isti	ing	: (	of	SI	PAE	ERS	3 (	out	pı	ıt			C5

### CI. Performance Measures: Data Output

At the end of the simulation run statistics summarizing the performance of each base and the overall system are reported to the user.

A discussion of these performance measures follows:

 Ready Rate is the probability that no backorders exist at any one point in time. If we let NI represent net inventory: that is, on-hand stock--backorders, then ready rate is given by

Probability  $\{NI \ge 0\}$ .

Expressed in another way, ready rate is the proportion of time the base has spent in a state of '0 backorders,' or equivalently, the proportion of time spent in a state of 'net inventory  $\geq$  0.'

• Fill Rate is the proportion of demands that can be satisfied immediately. Equivalently, fill rate is the probability that an engine is available when a demand occurs. Thus, fill rate is given by

Probability {NI > 0}.

We note that Ready Rate = Fill Rate + Pr{NI = 0}.

Expressed in another way, fill rate is the proportion of time the base has spent in a state of 'net inventory ≥ 1.'

• Immediate Satisfaction Rate is the proportion of demands that were satisfied immediately during the simulation run. Immediate satisfaction rate is a measure of frequency: total number of demands satisfied immediately/total number of demands. Fill Rate is a measure of time.

Note that as time  $\rightarrow \infty$ , Immediate Satisfaction Rate  $\rightarrow$  Fill Rate.

- Average On-Hand Stock

  This quantity is obtained from STOCKAREA (base i) simulation time (see section B. (2)(viii)).
- Average Backorders

  Similarly, this quantity is obtained from

  BOAREA (base 1)

  Simulation time
- Average Backorder Time is defined as the average time until a backorder is satisfied.
- Average Down Aircraft

  This quantity is obtained from  $\frac{\text{DACAREA (base i)}}{\text{simulation time}}$  •
- Average Down Aircraft Time is defined as the average time a down aircraft remained inoperative.
- Criterion is defined as average down aircraft total number of aircraft.
   The standard deviation along with a (1 α)% confidence interval are reported.
   (α is a user input--see Appendix B.)
- Non-Zero Distribution Values for net inventory and down aircraft are reported. Distribution value of a variable

is defined here as the proportion of time the variable spent at some level  $\underline{i}$ .

- --For a base which repairs only its own engines, the backorder and down aircraft statistics are equivalent.
- --Down aircraft statistics are omitted for bases with no 'flying activity.'
- --Special provisions must be made for the reporting of a base which serves as a port in the Twisted Pipeline Configuration. The two events: backorders > 0 and on-hand stock > 0, are mutually exclusive for all other bases since backorders must be satisfied at the time an engine becomes available. In the case of a port, the carrier for which it is backordered to may be in deployment state when an engine becomes available and thus, the possibility of on-hand stock > 0 and backorders > 0.

Because of this characteristic, it would not make sense to talk about net inventory at a port since 'net inventory' = 0 could mean on-hand stock = 1 and backorders = 1, or on-hand stock = 2 and backorders = 2, etc. Thus, non-zero distribution values are reported for 'on-hand stock' and 'backorders' separately.

Furthermore, the 'ready rate' and 'fill rate' are omitted since these measures have no meaning under the 'unique' conditions of a port in the Twisted Pipeline Configuration.

### • System Performance

The criterion value obtained from the simulation run is compared to the desired criterion (user input-see Appendix B) for each base with flying activity.

Furthermore, two system measures are reported:

(1) System Performance is defined as:

where k = number of bases with flying
activity.

(2) Weighted Average Performance is defined as:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
\overset{k}{\sum} & W_{i} \cdot \text{Criterion of base i} \\
& \overset{k}{\sum} & W_{i} \\
& \overset{k}{i=1} & W_{i}
\end{array}$$

where  $W_1 \equiv \text{weight of importance of base } \underline{i}$ (user input--see Appendix B). CII. Example Listing of SPAERS Output

The format of SPAERS output is as follows:

First, a report of system parameters is printed.

This serves as a check for user input errors.

The spare stock level for each base along with an indicator to whether this level was an input or a DODI-42304 calculation is reported next.

A synopsis of each test for independence follows. The synopsis includes the number of samples, the sample interval, the pass/fail status for each base and the value of its test statistic for each test performed. If the limit on tests is reached, some warnings and suggestions for achieving acceptance of independence are also printed.

Finally, performance measures for each base followed by system measures are reported.

An example of SPAERS output follows.

# SYSTEM STAUGTURE FUR DEPOT= NAME JAX OF ENGINE TYPE-MODEL J52P 84,88 (TXISTED PIPELINE)

30.00	OVERHAUL	0.175	30.00
23.00	1ST-DEG/0H	0.109	23.00
24.00	151-056	0.219	24.00
19.00	2ND-DEG	0.327	19.00
19.00	INSP1= 225.00	0.170	19.00
PEDAINTINE:			
	19.00 19.00 24.00 23.00	19.00 24.00 25.00 19.00 24.00 25.00 19.00 24.00 25.00 19.00 20.00	. INSP) = 225.00

					SS	I CVERHAUL	16	0	
	00	19.0			31111	1ST-0EG/0F	1 16 16 15	0	
	MF= 20.	1 ME= 6			ACTI	1 ST-DEG	16	0	
	MEAN SEA TIME = 20.00	MEAN DOCK TIME= 6.67		YES	ANCE	2ND-DEG	16	0	
	E W	₩.		TIVITY?-	NIEN	3RD-DEG	-	0	
				FLYING ACTIVITY?- YES	-   M A I	IMAINT LEVEL:	BASE #:	ITRAVEL TIME:	-
			SE #16	0EG4EE= 3		# ACFT		12.00	4.00
	4SE #: 1	CARPIER #: 1	CARRIER'S PORT: BASE #16	HIGHEST REPAIR DEGREE= 3	DETAILS	TYPE CC UPA FH/MD/ACFT # ACFT   MAINT LEVEL: 3RD-DEG 1ST-DEG 1ST-DEG/OH CVERHAUL		40.00	60.05
	6	3	3		AFT	UPA		7	2
1-L ANT-1					I R C R	ນ		104	104
BASE NAME: CV-LANT-1					A	TYPE		A 5 E	K460

MEAN SEATIME = 20.00 MEAN DOCK TIME = 6.57	FLYING ACTIVITY? - YES	T A I L S
ASE #16	CHEST REPAIR DEGREE= 3	# ACFT 12.00
BASE #: 2 CARRIER #: 2 CARRIER'S PORT: BASE #16	HIGHEST REPAI	11
8000		A F T UPA
-LANT-2		1 ° C ° C C C 104
BASE NAME: CV-LANT-2		

MEAN SEA TINE= 20.30 MEAN DOCK TIME= 6.67 FLYING ACTIVITY? - YES FLYING ACTIVITY? - YES FLYING ACTIVITY? - YES + ۱ 1 . HIGHEST REPAIR DEGREE= 4 HIGHEST WEPAIR DEGREE= 3 HIGHEST REPAIR DEGREE= 3 # ACFT # ACFT 12.00 DETAILS------6.00 12.00 1 1 1 84SE #: 3 CARRICA #: 3 CARRIER'S PORT: 84SE #16 0 0 DETAILS-FH/MO/ACFT UPA FH DET A 1 L S-BASE #: 4
CARRIER #: 0
ACTING PORT #: SASE #: 5 CARRIER #: 0 ACTING PORT #: 40.00 28.25 24.70 -A I R C R A F T UPA PAFT NN 22 BASE NAME: SOUTH WEYMOUTH BASE NAME: CHERRY POINT α BASE NAME: CV-LANT-3 00 104 104 v 5 102 A 1 A-A 1 A- - -• X 46D £ 65 F £ 6 A 3 ch L 3dx1 465 • •

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SASE NAME: OCEANA	EANA	848				
		ACT	CARRIER #: 0			
			HIGHEST REPAIR	DEGREE= 1	FLYING ACTIVITY?- YES	
TYPE	IRCRAFT CC UPA		D E T A I L S FH/40/ACFT	# ACFT	N A N C E A C	V 1 T 1 E S-
Ath	102	-	30.00	1.00	TRAVEL TIME: 0 0 0	11 11
46E K460	104	~ ~	24.04	13.00		
BASE MAME: KEY WEST	Y We ST	84 A A A C A A C A A C A A C A A C A A C A A C A A C A A C A A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A	BASE #: 7 CARRIER #: 0 ACTING PORT #: 0			
			HIGHEST REPAIR	DEGREE = 4	FLYING ACTIVITY?- YES	
A I	χ υ υ κ	A F T C	D E T A I L S FH/MO/ACFT	# ACFT	MAINTENANCE A EVEL: 3RD-OFG 2ND-OFG 1S	V I T I E S- 1ST-DEG/OH OV
<b>4</b> 46	102	-	30.00	4.00		01
BASE NAME: NORFOLK	af OL K	9 A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A	945E #: 9 CARPIER #: 0 ACTING PORT #: 0			
			HIGHEST REPAIR	DEGREE 4	FLYING ACTIVITY?- YES	
A I	1 2 C R A C C C A A	F T GO	0 E T A T L S FH/M0/ACFT	# ACFT	MAINTENAN EVEL: 3RD-DFG 2N	G IST-DEGYON OVERHAUL
					IBASE #: 13 13 13	

FLYING ACTIVITY? - YES FLYING ACTIVITY? - YES FLYING ACTIVITY? - YES 1 HIGHEST REPAIR DEGREE + 4 HIGHEST REPAIR DEGREE= 1 HIGHEST REPAIR DEGREE 3 # ACFT # ACFT # ACFT 2.00 1.00 12.00 0 GARIEP #: 0
ACTING PORT #: 0 BASE #: 11 CARRIER #: 0 ACTING PORT #: 0 -A I R C R A F T D E T A I L S-C UPA FH/M9/ACFT TYPE CC UPA FH.MO.ACFT ---AIRCRAFT DETAILS-CARRIER #: 0 24.63 16.67 BASE NAME: PAXTUXENT RIV SASE NAME: WILLCH GROVE 102 102 BASE NAME: MEMPHIS 1 TYPE NAGE 445 445

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FLYING ACTIVITY?- NO FLYING ACTIVITY? - NC FLYING ACTIVITY? - NC HIGHEST REPAIR DEGREE= 1 HIGHEST REPAIR DEGREE= 2 HIGHEST REPAIR DEGREE= 1 0 0 BASE #: 12 CARRIEP #: 0 ACTING POST #: BASE #: 13 CARRIER #: 0 ACTING PORT #: BASE #: 14 CARRIER #: 0 ACTING PORT #: BASE NAMF: NARF NOPFOLK BASE NAME: HAMRON-20 BASE NAME: CECIL

Press, 1944

FLYING ACTIVITY?- NO. FLYING ACTIVITY?- NO HIGHEST REPAIR DEGREE = 0 HIGHEST REPAIR DEGREE = 4 0 BASE #: 16 CARRIER #: 0 ACTING PORT #: 1 BASE #: 15 CARRIER #: 0 ACTING PORT #: BASE NAME: NARF JAX BASE NAME: NAPLES

- Constant

( Comments

BASE#: 9ASE 1 CV-1-1 2 CV-1-1 3 CV-1-1	BASENAME:			
		- FVFI :	DOD COMPUTATION IN	INDUI
2 CV-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1				c c
2 CV-L	CV-LANT-1	7		* ×
1-V2 6	CV-LANT-2	~		**
t CHER	CV-LANT-3	7		**
	CHERRY POINT			*
TUUS S	SOUTH MEYMOUTH	-		*
730U 9	DCEANA	30		·
¥3% 7	KEY WEST	7		**
B NORE	NORFOLK	-		*
9 PAX1	PAXTUXENT RIV	0		*
וס אורו	WILLOW GROVE	-		*
11 46%	MEXPHIS	0		*
12 CECIL	1.	1		*
13 NARE	NARE NOSFOLK	4		**
14 HANR	HAMRON-20	_		*
15 NARF	NARF JAX	21		*
16 NAPL	NAPLES	0		*
				41

(NOTE: AN "X" UNDER THE FIRST HEADING DENOTES THAT THE SPARE STOCKLEVEL HAS BEEN COMPUTED IN THE PROGRAM JSING DOD-REQUIREMENTS, WHILE AN "X" UNDER THE SECOND HEADING DENOTES THAT THE SPARE STOCKLEVEL IS A USER INPUT)

continuous pipeline configuration (excluding Naples-a non-flying/maintenance port) Note to the reader: The above levels are the DOD requirements under the "hat are used as data input in the twisted pipeline example. INDEPENDENCE TEST 1
81.82% OF REQUIRED BASES HAVE PASSED INDEPENDENCE TESTS WITH A 0.05 SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL.
THIS DOES NOT MEET THE USBRIS.
30 SAMPLES WERE CESERVED.
90 DAYS COMPRISED THE SAMPLE INTERVAL.

RESULTS OF INDEPENDENCE TESTS AT INDIVIDUAL BASES.

	SUTCOME OF	
BASE	INDEPENDENCE TESTS	TEST STATISTIC (CN)
MCV-LATT-1	FAIL	0.512
*CV-LANT-2	PASS	0.218
#CV-14NT-3	FAIL	0.359
*CHERRY POINT	24.55	-0.300
ASCUTH WEYMOUTH	PASS	-0.063
*CCT ANA	PASS	-0.145
TSGW YGX8	PASS	0.196
X TO JE TO	PASS	0.248
VIA TNEXUTAGE	PASS	-0.113
SAILLOW GROVE	PASS	-0.030
SINdauxa	PASS	0.058
CEC 14	NO FLYING ACTIVITY	
NAPF NOFFOLK	NO FLYING ACTIVITY	
H2MR01-23		
NAP CAX		
Salday	NO FLYING ACTIVITY	

* 95.00% OF BASES INDICATED MUST PASS INDEPENDENCE TESTS. INDEPENDENCE TEST PASS: CN<= 0.290

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1

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INDEPENDENCE TEST ?
81.82% OF REQUIRED BASSES HAVE PASSED INDEPENDENCE TESTS WITH A 0.05 SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL.
THIS DOES NOT MEET THE USER'S 95.00% REQUIRED.
30 SAMPLES WERE OBSERVED.
180 DAYS COMPRISED THE SAMPLE INTERVAL.

RESULTS OF INDEPENDENCE TESTS AT INDIVIDUAL BASES.

EASE *CV-LANT-1	OUTCOME OF INDEPENDENCE TESTS FAIL	TEST STATISTIC (CN) 0.378
	PASS	0.130
	FAIL	0.402
*CHESEY POINT	2455	-0.367
*SOUTH WEYMOUTH	PASS	-0.211
	PASS	0.169
	PASS	0.073
	PASS	0.019
*PAXTUXENT RIV	P 2 S S	-0.124
# ILLOW GROVE	PASS	-0.093
	PASS	-0.010
	NO FLYING ACTIVITY	
NARF NORFOLK	NO FLYING ACTIVITY	
	NO FLYING ACTIVITY	
	NO FLYING ACTIVITY	
	NO FLYING ACTIVITY	

* 95.00% OF BASES INDICATED MUST PASS INDEPENDENCE TESTS. INDEPENDENCE TEST PASS: CN<= 0.290

INDEPENDENCE TEST 3
81.82% OF REQUIRED BASES HAVE PASSED INDEPENDENCE TESTS WITH A 0.05 SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL.
THIS DOES NOT MEET THE USER'S 95.00 % REQUIRED.
30 SAMPLES WERE OPSERVED.
360 DAYS COMPRISED THE SAMPLE INTERVAL.

RESULTS OF INDEPENDENCE TESTS AT INDIVIDUAL BASES.

	TEST STATISTIC (CN)	0.299	0.136	0.644	-0.235	-0.141	0.073	-0.379	0.138	-0.402	0.052	-0.203		111711			
OUTCOME OF	INDEPENDENCE TESTS	FAIL	PASS	- FAIL	PASS	PASS	0455	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	P455	NO FLYING ACTIVITY		NO FLYING ACTIVITY	NO FLYING ACTIVITY	VATINITY ACTIVITY
	8455	*CV-LANT-1	"CV-LANT-2	⇒CV-LANT-3	THENSY POINT	#SOUTH WEYMOUTH	<b>\$</b> 0€644	AKEY KEST	ARCAFOLK	*PAXTUXENT RIV	WAILLOW GROVE	SIHANEWE	CECIL	NAKE NORFOLK	HAMRON-20	NARF JAX	20101

* 95.00% OF BASES INDICATED MUST PASS INDEPENDENCE TESTS. INDEPENDENCE TEST PASS: CN<= 0.290

THE LIMIT FOR INDEPENDENCE TESTS HAS BEEN SEACHED. NO INDEPENDENT DESERVATIONS WERE MADE WITHIN PRESCRIBED PAPAMETERS. SIMULATION STATISTICS WHICH FOLLOW WILL BE BIASED.

(SEE SPAFRS SEPORT FOR IMPLICATIONS). POSSIBLE REMEDIES INCLUDE:
1) INCREASE LIMITS FOR NUMBER OF TESTS.
2) RELAX SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL ON INDEPENDENCE TEST.

## ***** [THERE WAS A RUN IN PERIOD OF 359 DAYS) ****

FINAL STATISTICS SIMULATION TIME= 10800.00

### CV-LANT-1 :: BASE#

I.READY RATE 0.352
II.FILL RATE 0.803
III.IMMEDIATE SATISFACTION RATE 0.820
IV.AVERAGE BACKGGOEFS 3.44
V.AVERAGE BACKGGOEFS 0.35
VI.AVERAGE BACKGGOEF INE 10.65
VII.AVERAGE DOWN ACFT 0.35
VII.AVERAGE DOWN ACFT 11ME 10.65
IX.CRITERION:

A.MEAN= 0.02207

B.STANDARD DEVIATION OF MEAN= 0.00534

C.95% CONFIDENCE INTFRVAL A3GUT THE MEAN=

0.01115 < AVERAGE CRITERION < 0.03299

### V A L U F S存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存 RIBUTION DIST 0 œ w 7 -N C N中华中华中华中华中华中华中华中华中华中华中华中华中华中华中华中华中

CN HAND STOCK-BACKORDERS:

DOWN ACFT:

LEVEL	PROPORTION OF TIME		LEVEL	PROPORTION OF TIM
8	0.001	_	0	0.852
- 7	0.001	_	-	0.042
9 -	0.002		2	0.037
- 5	0.013		6	0.024
4 1	0.017	_	.†	0.017
٠ 3	0.024		5	0.013
- 2	0.037		9	0.002
	0.042	_	7	0.001
0	0.059		00	0.001
	0.077			
+ 2	0.097			
+ 3	0.100	_		
4 4	0.120			
+ 5.	0.150	_		
9 +	0.141			
1 +	0.109			

BASE# 2: CV-LANT-2

I.READY FATE = 0.816
III.IPMEDIATE SATISFACTION RATE = 0.774
IV.AVERAGE ON MAND STOCK = 3.09
V.AVERAGE BACKCADER TIME = 11.05
VII.AVERAGE DOWN ACFT = 0.47
VII.AVERAGE DOWN ACFT TIME = 11.06
VIII.AVERAGE DOWN ACFT TIME = 11.06
IX.CRITERION:
A.MEAN = 0.02912
B.SIANDARD DEVIATION OF MEAN = 0.00661
C.95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL ABOUT THE MEAN =

0.01561 < AVERAGE CRITERION < 0.04263

## 0 uJ 2 - N O N公安安存在存在存在存在存在存在存在存在存在存在存在存在存在存在存在。

ON HAND STOCK-BACKORDERS:

DOWN ACFT:

PROPORTION OF TIME	0.816	0.065	2,0,0	0.033	0.017	3.010	3,302	0.002	0.031	0.002	0.001	0.000							
LEVEL	0	1	2	3	4	S	9	7	Ø	C	10	11							
-	_	-			_	-	_			-	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
PROPORTION OF TIME	00000	0.001	0.002	0.001	0.032	0.003	0.010	6.017	0.030	0.047	0.005	0.064	0.040	0.093	0.115	0.122	0.143	0.125	0.073
LEVEL	-11	-10	6 -	8 1	1 -	9 -	5 -	5 -	٠ ،	- 2	- 1	0	+ 1	2 +	£ +	+ 4	4 5	9 +	1 +

CV-LANT-3 3 BASE# I.READY PATE 0.855
II.FILL RATE 0.783
III.IWNEDIATE SATISFACTION RATE 0.813
IV.AVERAGE ON HAND STOCK 3.28
V.AVERAGE BACKUPDERS 0.38
VILAVERAGE BACKORDEP TIME 10.34
VII.AVER OCHN ACFT 0.38
VIII.AVER OCHN ACFT 0.38
IX.CRITEMION:

A.MEAN= 0.02394 R.STANDARD DEVIATION OF MEAN= 0.00625 C.95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL ASOUT THE MEAN=

0.01116 < AVERAGE CRITERION < 0.03671

ON HAND STOCK-BACKORDERS:

PACPCRTION OF TIME
0.000
0.004
0.004
0.019
0.019
0.019
0.072
0.072
0.095
0.108
0.128
0.147
0.091

DOWN ACFT:

PROPORTICN OF TIME 0.049 0.037 0.019 0.010 0.004 0.004 0.004 0.004 0.004 0.004

LEVEL

00-00-00

CHERRY POINT .. BASE#

III.INMCOLATE 0.734

III.INMCOLATE SATISFACTION RATE = 0.738

IV.AVERAGE BACKORDERS = 0.21

VI.AVERAGE BACKORDERS = 0.21

VII.AVERAGE BACKORDER TIME = 1.79

VII.AVERAGE DOWN ACFT = 0.21

VIII.AVERAGE DOWN ACFT = 1.79

IX.CRITERION: I.READY PATE= 0.881

A.MEAN= 0.00382 B.STANDARD DEVIATION OF MEAN= 0.00048 C.95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL ABOUT THE MEAN=

0.00284 < AVERAGE CRITERION < 0.00479

A > C) S 1 1 0 co ~ œ. ١--S -0 0 CY. w 7 1 

ON HAND STOCK-BACKORDERS:

PROPORTION OF TIME LEVEL - 7

11 ME

DOWN ACET:

0.000 0.001 0.001 0.005 0.032 0.032 0.054 111111 +++

PROPORTION OF T 0.054 0.054 0.052 0.014 0.001 0.001 

Kristina A

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SOUTH WEYMOUTH 3 BASE#

I.READY RATE = 0.915
II.FILL RATE = 0.639
III.IWMEDIATE SATISFACTION RATE = 0.635
IV.AVFRAGE ON HAND STOCK = 0.64
V.AVCRAGE BACKORDEFS = 0.10
VI.AVERAGE BACKORDER TIME = 5.31
VII.AVERAGE DOWN ACFT = 0.10

IX.CRITERION:

A.MEAN= 0.00798
B.STANDARD DEVIATION OF MEAN= 0.00081
C.95% CCNFIDENCE INTERVAL ABOUT THE MEAN=

0.00632 < AVERAGE CRITERION < 0.00965

DISTRIBUTION

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DOWN ACFT:

ON HAND STOCK-BACKORDERS:

PRCPORTION OF TIME 0.001 0.009 0.075 0.276 0.639 LEVEL - 3 - 1 - 2 - 1 - 1 - 1 + 1

PROPORTION OF TIME 0.915 0.075 0.009 0.001

格籍特特格特格特特特特特特特特特特特特特特特特特特特特特特特特特特特特特的 II PROPORTION OF IIVE DOWN ACFT: II.FILL PATE C. PRI III.IWEGIATE SATISFACTION PATE 0.882 IV.AVERAGE ON HAND STOCK 0.30 V.AVCRASE BACKORDERS 0.24 VI.AVERAGE DOWN ACFT 0.13 VII.AVERAGE DOWN ACFT 1ME 2.56 IX.CRITEGION: A.MEAN 0.00238 R.STANDARO DEVIATION OF MEAN 0.00047 C.95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL AUDIT THE MEAN 0.00141 < AVERAGE CRITERION < 0.00334 0 <1 0-1004000 Z 0 -٠--OCEANA  $\supset$ I.READY RATE= 0.913 m α -.0 S 0 0 œ PRCPCRTION OF TIME 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 w 7 ON HAND STOCK-BACKGROERS: ŧ 0.081 0.081 0.087 0.081 0.081 0.081 0.081 0.081 0.081 G.005 

V A L U E S在存分计存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存存 DOWN ACFT: II.FILL RATE = 0.845
III.IWMEDIATE SATISFACTION WATE = 0.827
IV.AVERAGE ON HAND STOCK = 0.85
VAVERAGE BACKGROERS = 0.03
VI.AVERAGE BACKGROER TIME = 7.99
VII.AVERAGE DOWN ACFT = 0.03
VIII.AVERAGE DOWN ACFT TIME = 7.99
IX.CRITERICN:
A.MEAN = 0.00666
B.STANDARD DEVIATION OF MEAN = 0.00211
C.95% COMPIDENCE INTERVAL ABOUT THE MEAN = 0.00235 < AVFRAGE CRITERION < 0.01097 NOI LO KEY WEST I.READY RATE = 0.975 OISTRIB 7: BASE# PROPORTION OF TIME 0.002 0.023 0.130 0.846 ON HAND STOCK-BACKORDERS:

PROPORTION OF TIME 0.975 0.023 0.002

LEVEL - 2 - 1

0 -

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NORFOLK α RASEA 1.ºEADY RAIE= 0.755
11.FILL PATE= 0.770
111.IMMEDIATE SATISFACTION RATE= 0.774
1V.AVERAGE BACKGADERS= 0.04
VI.AVERAGE BACKGADERS= 0.04
VII.AVERAGE DUNN ACFT= 0.04
VII.AVERAGE DOWN ACFT= 0.04
IX.CRITERION:

0.00310 < AVERAGE CRITERION < 0.00688

A. MEAN = 0.00499
B.STANDAPD DEVIATION OF MEAN = 0.00092
C.95% CCNFIDENCE INTERVAL ABOUT THE MEAN =

ON HAND STOCK-BACKORDERS:

PROPORTION OF TIME 0.000 0.005 0.005 0.195 0.195 LEVFL - 1 3 + 1 0

LEVEL 0

DOWN ACFT:

92090RTION OF TIME 0.965

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A.MEAN= 0.05813 B.STANDARD DEVIATION DF MEAN= 0.00339 C.95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL ABOUT THE MEAN= 0.04097 < AVERAGE CRITERION < 0.07529 I.READY RATE = 0.942
II.FILL RATE = 0.000
III.IWMEDIATE SATISFACTION RATE = 0.000
IV.AVERAGE ON HAND STOCK = 0.00
V.AVERAGE BACKORDERS = 0.06
VI.AVERAGE BACKORDERS TIME = 19.02
VII.AVERAGE DUWN ACFT = 0.05
VIII.AVERAGE DOWN ACFT = 19.02 PAXTUXENT RIV IX.CRITERION: ·· BASE#

DISTRIBUTION 0 w 7 -N C N存货存货价格存货存货存货存货存货存货存货存货存货存货存货

ON HAND STOCK-BACKORDERS:

PROPORTION OF TIME 0.058 0.942 LEVEL - 1 0

LEVEL 0 -

DOWN ACFT:

PROPURITON OF TIME 0.942 0.058

A.MEAN= 0.00978 B.STANDARD DEVIATION OF MEAN= 0.00101 C.95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL ABOUT THE MEAN= 0.00773 < AVERAGE CRITERION < 0.01184 I.READY SATE 0.902
III.THUL SATE 0.604
III.IMMEDIATE SATISFACTION RATE 0.611
IV.AVERAGE CM HAMD STOCK 0.50
V.AVERAGE BACKORDERS 0.12
VI.AVERAGE BACKORDER TIME 5.44
VII.AVERAGE DUWN ACFT TIME 5.44
IX.CRITERION:

WILLOW GROVE

34 SE# 10:

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PROPORTION OF

DOWN ACFT:

0.030

MEMPHIS BASE# 11: I.READY RATE = 0.931
II.FILL RATE = 0.000
III.IMMEDIATE SATISFACTION RATE = 0.000
IV.AVERAGE ON HAND STOCK = 0.00
V.AVCRAGE BACKORDERS = 0.07
VI.AVERAGE DOWN ACFT = 0.07
VII.AVERAGE DOWN ACFT = 0.07 IX.CRITERION: 0.02708 < AVERAGE CRITERION < 0.04382

A.MEAN= 0.03545
3.STANDARD BEVIATION OF MEAN= 0.00409
C.95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL AGOUT THE MEAN=

V A L U E S中华华华华华华华华华华华华华华华华华华华华华华华华

DOWN ACFT:

ON HAND STOCK-BACKORDERS:

PRCPORTION OF TIME 0.002 0.006 0.031 LEVEL - 2 - 1 0

PROPORTION OF TIME 010

0.931

1.2EADY RATE= 0.956
11.FILL RATE= 0.682
1111.INMEDIATE SATISFACTION RATE= 0.722
IV.AVERAGE ON HAND STOCK= 0.68
V.AVERAGE BACKGROERS= 0.05
VI.AVERAGE BACKGROER TIME= 14.15

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BASE# 12:

ON HAND STOCK-BACKORDERS:

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PROPORTION OF TIME 0.001 0.001 0.004 0.034 0.682 

I.SCADY RATE = 0.961
II.FILL RATE = 0.386
III.IMMEDIATE SATISFACTION RATE = 0.883
IV.AVERAGE ON HAND STOCK = 2.20
V.AVERAGE BACKGROEFS = 0.06
VIAVERAGE BACKGROEF IME = 6.68 NARF NORFOLK BASE# 13:

ON HAND STOCK-BACKCRDERS:

DISTRIBUTION

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V A L U E S单位分类中部存储存储存储存储存储存储存储存储存储存储存储存储

LEVEL PROPORTION OF TIME

- 4 0.000

- 3 0.003

- 2 0.010

- 1 0.026

+ 1 0.261

+ 2 0.261

+ 3 0.237

+ 4 0.160

345E# 14: HAMRON-20

I.PEAUY PATE= 0.937
II.FILL BATE= 0.874
IIII.!WMEDIATE SATISFACTION RATE= 0.872
IV.AVERAGE ON HAND STOCK= 2.87
V.AVERAGE BACKORDERS= 0.11
VI.AVERAGE BACKORDER IIME= 3.74

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ON HAND STOCK-BACKORDERS:

LEVEL PRCPCRTION DF TIME
- 6 0.001
- 4 0.003
- 3 0.005
- 2 0.005
- 1 0.0037
- 1 0.0037
+ 1 0.015
+ 2 0.164
+ 3 0.164
+ 4 0.164
+ 5 0.164
+ 6 0.164
+ 7 0.007

I.READY RATE= 0.679
II.FILL RATE= 0.591
III.IMMFDIATE SATISFACTION RATE= 0.600
IV.AVERAGE CN HAND STOCK= 2.42
V.AVERAGE BACKORDERS= 1.10
VI.AVERAGE BACKORDER TIME= 6.40 NARF JAX BASE# 15:

## ON HAND STOCK-BACKORDERS:

DISTRIBUTION

TIME																												
01	00.	00.	000	.00	.00	00.	. OC	.01	.02	.03	·0.	.05	.06	.07	.08	60.	.09	.09	.08	.06	.05	.03	.02	.01	10.	.00	000.	0.001
LEVEL	-	-13	_	-11	-10	61	80									+ 1	+ 2	+ 3	+ 4	+ 5	9+	+ 1	<b>*</b>	0+	+10	+11	+12	+13

0.000

BASE# 16: NAPLES

I.READY RATE= ###### II.FILL RATE= ###### III.IMMEDIATE SATISFACTION RATE= 0.562 IV.AVERAGE ON HAND STOCK= 3.46 V.AVERAGE BACKOPOGRS= 6.32 VI.AVERAGE BACKORDER IME= 53.18

## DISTRIBUTION 0 w 7

ON HAND STOCK:

BACKONDERS:

PROPORTION OF TIME	0.000	5.007	0.038	2.057	0.11.2	0.176	0.157	0.154	0.117	0.071	0.041	0.043	0.015	0.302	0.002	
LEVEL	0	-1	2	m	4	in	9	7	ന	σ	10	1.1	1.2	13	14	
	_	_					-	_			_			_	_	_
PROPORTION OF TIME	0.135	0.137	0.145	0.133	0.121	0.113	0.084	0.053	0.033	0.022	0.011	0.008	0.002	0.001	00000	000.0
LEVEL	0	-	2	3	4	5	9	7	ω	6	10	111	12	13	14	15

*** POST . S CARRIERS ***

CV-LANT-1 CV-LANT-2 CV-LANT-3 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

AASE	-	WEIGHT	ACTUAL CRITERION	I DESIRED CRITERION	I DEVISTION
1100-1407-1	_	2.0	1 9.022	0.010	1 +3.012
2)CV-L 2VT-2	-	2.0	1 0.029	0.010	410.C+
31CV-LANT-3	-	2.0	0.024	0.010	+10.014
GUCHERRY POINT	_	2.0	400.00	0.010	1-0.306
SISCUTH WEYMOUTH	-	1.0	0.003	0.020	-0.012
SICCEANA	_	2.0	0.002	0.010	1 -2.038
TIKEY WEST	-	2.0	100.00	0.010	-2,003
BINGSFOLK	-	2.0	0.005	0.010	1 -3.005
VIS TUXENT RIV	_	2.0	0.058	0.010	+0.043
DINTLL CA GROVE	-	1.0	0.010	0.020	-2.010
SIHGHENIS	_	1.0	1 0.035	0.020	\$10.0+

SYSTEM PERFORMANCE= 0.010
WEIGHTED AVERAGE PERFORMANCE= 0.011

Appendix D: The Test for Independence

The technique employed by SPAERS for deriving interval estimates of sample means from the output of a simulation run was presented by George S. Fishman in a technical report in August 1975.* The development of the method is based upon the concept of 'batch means.' A sample sequence is divided into batches of equal size from which a sample mean in each batch is computed along with an estimate of the variance of the grand sample mean over all batches. The underlying assumption is that the batch means are independent. The technique uses the von Neumann ration** to test for independence among batches.

Let  $x_1$ ,  $x_2$ , • • • ,  $x_n$  be a sequence of identically distributed random variables. We want to test the hypothesis that the  $x_i$  are independent. Consider the statistic:**

$$c_n = 1 - \frac{\begin{bmatrix} n-1 \\ \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - x_{i+1})^2 \end{bmatrix}}{2 \begin{bmatrix} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \bar{x}_n)^2 \end{bmatrix}}$$

where 
$$\overline{x}_n = n^{-1} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i$$

^{*} Reference [3].

^{**} Reference [7].

If the  $x_i$  are independent, then

$$E(C_n) = 0.$$

Furthermore, if the data are also from a normal population, then

$$Var(C_n) = \frac{(n-2)}{(n^2-1)}$$
.

Certain properties show that  $C_n$  asymptotically has the same "principal distributional characteristics"* as in the normal case (i.e., even if the  $x_i$  are not from a normal population).  $C_n$  can, thus, be treated as though the  $x_i$  were normal, for large  $\underline{n}$ . Furthermore, because of this good approximation of the normal distribution to the distribution of  $C_n$  in the normal case,  $C_n/\sqrt{(n-2)/(n^2-1)}$  may be treated as a standard normal (that is, normal with mean = 0, standard deviation = 1) when  $\underline{n}$  is large. For the 0.05 significance level and  $n \ge 8$ , this approximation introduces an error of less than 0.2%.**

Thus,  $C_{\rm n}$  may be regarded as being symmetrically distributed about 0 (in samples from a normal population). Significant departure of  $C_{\rm n}$  from 0 may be taken as indicating non-randomness in the time series. In general, positive values of  $C_{\rm n}$  indicate the presence of positive correlation while negative values indicate negative correlation.***

^{*} Reference [3].

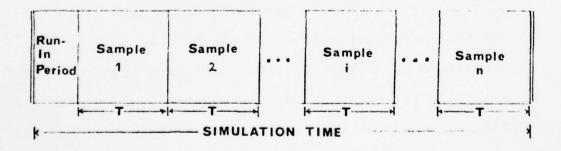
^{**} Reference [8].

^{***} Reference [9].

The test of hypothesis then is: Accept  $H_0$ , where  $H_0$ :  $x_1$ ,  $x_2$ ,  $\cdots$ ,  $x_n$  are independent, if  $C_n/\sqrt{(n-2)/(n^2-1)} \le Z_\alpha$ , where  $Z_\alpha$  is the  $1-\alpha$  significance point of the standard normal distribution. Here  $\alpha$  denotes the Type I error:  $\alpha=$  Probability of rejecting  $H_0$  when  $H_0$  is true. The reason why the test is one-sided is that only positive correlation is typically present in simulation time series of the kind found in SPAERS. That is, if many 'down' aircraft are observed at time t, one would not expect to see few or no 'down' aircraft at time  $t+\epsilon$  and again at time  $t+2\epsilon$  (where  $\epsilon$  is some small time interval). Rather, if many 'down' aircraft are observed at time t, then many 'down' aircraft will probably be observed at time t +  $\epsilon$  and time t +  $2\epsilon$ . Thus, negative values of  $C_n$  will not be significant to reject the null hypothesis.

The original study of  $\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{n}}$  involved a single test. George S. Fishman outlined in his technical report [3] an iterative procedure. It is this procedure which SPAERS employs.

The set up is as follows:



$$x_i = \frac{1}{T} \int_{(i-1)T}^{iT} Y(t)dt$$
  $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$ 

where Y(t) = number of down aircraft at time to n = total number of samples

x_i = time weighted average down aircraft of sample i

The estimate of average down aircraft over the total simulation time:

$$\overline{x} = n^{-1} \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i = \frac{1}{nT} \int_{0}^{nT} Y(t) dt$$

If  $x_1$ 's are independent, then the variance estimate

= 
$$[n(n-1)]^{-1} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - x)^2$$
.

To test if the x_i are independent, compute C_n and accept the hypothesis of independence if  $C_n/\sqrt{(n-2)/(n^2-1)} \le Z_\alpha$ .

sequence  $x'_1$ ,  $x'_2$ ,  $\cdots$   $x'_{n/2}$  by averaging pairs of non-overlapping successive samples. That is: Let  $x'_1 = (x_1 + x_2)/2$ ,  $x'_2 = (x_3 + x_4)/2$ ,  $\cdots$ ,  $x'_{n/2} = (x_{n-1} + x_n)/2$ . We now have n/2 samples of length 2T and thus n/2 observations. Test the new  $C'_n$ . If the hypothesis is again rejected, then create a new sequence  $x''_1$ ,  $x''_2$ ,  $\cdots$ ,  $x''_{n/4}$  by average pairs of non-overlapping successive samples. We now have n/n observations. As the procedure continues, the data are effectively batched in

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END DATE FILMED 3-26-77 NTIS groups of 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, . . . non-overlapping observations. As the batches increase in size, one would expect the correlation between the observations to decrease. Eventually the null hypothesis is accepted. When it is accepted, the sample variance is computed and a confidence interval for X may be determined using the t-distribution. (It should be noted that  $\underline{n}$  in this case must be a power of 2.)

One problem with this iterative approach is that the number of observations decreases rapidly as the number of tests that have to be performed increases. The fewer the observations, the less confident we are in our observed values. To alleviate this potential problem, the number of samples, n (observations), remains constant in SPAERS no matter how many tests are performed. What is dependent on the number of tests performed is simulation time. That is, if the first test of independence fails (reject null hypothesis), then create a new sequence  $x_1, x_2, \dots,$  $x'_{n/2}$ , as before. The time interval of  $x'_1$  is 2T and we have n/2 observations. At this point, the simulation is continued and n/2 more observations, 2T time units apart, are collected. Thus, at the time the next test of independence is performed, we will have n observations. This procedure continues until the test of independence passes or the limit of tests performed is reached (user input -- see Appendix B). (It should be noted that the only restriction on n, total number of samples, is that it be divisible by 2.)

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